CUTTING EDGE

THIRD EDITION

ELEMENTARY

WORKBOOK

WITH KEY



CUTING EDGE

THIRD EDITION

ELEMENTARY



WORKBOOK

WITH KEY

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be: positive forms

1a Complete the text with the words in the box. You may need to use them more than once.

am is are

My name ¹_is_ John. I ²____ married. My wife ³___ from Vietnam and I ⁴___ from Australia. Our children ⁵___ six and eight years old. They ⁶___ Australian and Vietnamese!

My wife and I ⁷___ teachers. I ⁸__ an English teacher and my wife ⁹__ a French teacher. Our jobs ¹⁰__ great – and the children in the school ¹¹__ very nice.

- b 1.1 Listen and check.
- **2** Complete the questions and answers.



A Mariana Ferreira, Brazil

1 A: What is her name ?
2 B: Her name is Mariana Ferreira .
3 A: Where is she from ?
4 B: She is from Brazil .



B David and Sarah Jones, Great Britain

- 1 A: What ____ ?
 2 B: Their ___ .
 3 A: Where ___ ?
- **4 B**: They ___



C Nicole Anderson, Australia

1 A: What _____ ?
2 B: Her _____ .
3 A: Where ____ ?
4 B: She ____ .



D Kenzo Yamamoto, Japan

 1 A: What ______ ?

 2 B: His ______ .

 3 A: Where _____ ?

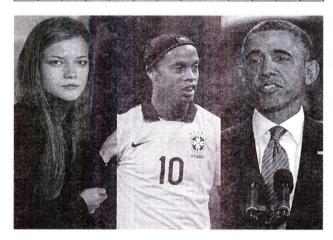
4 B: He

Vocabulary

Countries and nationalities

3 Find 11 more nationalities in the word square.

C	A	U	S	Т	R	Α	L	ı	Α	N	D	0
Н	Α	М	E	S	Р	F	ı	R	S	S	В	R
ı	Т	Α	L	1	Α	Ν	K	J	L	М	Р	S
N	J	Α	М	E	R	ı	С	Α	Ν	F	0	D
Ε	Α	Z	W	М	Ν	S	Α	М	S	R	L	Α
S	Р	Α	Ν	1	S	Н	С	Н	ı	U	1	В
Ε	Α	Т	X	Α	S	С	Ν	В	R	S	S	K
Н	N	V	Т	D	U	Р	1	R	1	S	Н	Т
С	Ε	В	Α	В	R	Α	Z	ı	L	ı	Α	N
S	S	D	R	Т	Α	М	Ε	Т	С	Α	N	W
P	E	Т	Α	ı	Т	S	L	ı	Υ	N	L	1
V	1	E	Т	7	Α	М	Е	S	Е	0	F	G
I	S	Α	R	Т	S	Т	Α	Н	М	Ε	E	S



4 Add letters to complete the nationalities.

7 This pop star is Viet _ _ _ _ .

Katarzyna Strusińska.

8 This model is Pol _ _ _ and her full name is

1	With a Ken $y \underline{a} \underline{n}$ father and an Amer $\underline{i} \underline{c} \underline{a} \underline{n}$ mother, this man is a US politician.
2	This tennis player is Ru Her friend
	is a Spa singer.
3	This baseball player is Japa $_\ _\ _\ _$ and he plays in the USA.
4	This Austr film star is in lots of
	Amer films.
5	This actor is from Canada and his family is
	Ir , Chi and Brit
6	This footballer is Braz and Spa

5	Match the descriptions in exercise 4 with the famous
	people in the box.

Barack Obama Ronaldinho	Mỹ Tâm Ichiro Suzuki	Anna Kournikova Kasia Struss
Nicole Kidman	Keanu Reeves	
1 Parack Oham	ıa	
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		

Pronunciation

Word stress

- 6 1.2 Listen and repeat the sentences.
 - 1 She's from Russia. She's Russian.
 - 2 He's from Ireland. He's Irish.
 - 3 They're from Japan. They're Japanese.
 - 4 You're from Italy. You're Italian.
 - 5 I'm from Poland. I'm Polish.
 - 6 We're from Spain. We're Spanish.

7 ① 1.3 Listen to the nationalities. Write them in the correct place in the table to show their stress.

οО	оОо	Oo	000	0000
		Polish		Australian

Listen and read

8a 1.4 Read and listen to the texts about four people from different places.

People from different places

Béatrice Santini

Béatrice Santini is from France. She's 28 years old and she's an actress. She's married: her husband is film director Karol Bolewski. Karol is 56 years old. Their home is in Paris.



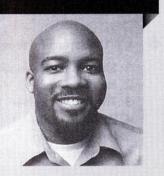
Donna Fiorelli

Donna Fiorelli is from New York. She's a taxi driver. She's 45 years old. Is she married? Yes, I am . . . I'm married to my job!



David Mills

'Hello. My name is David Mills. I'm 37 years old and I'm single. I'm a bus driver in London, I'm also a writer: my first book is Bus Driver on Holiday!



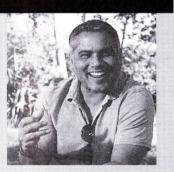
Plankton

Allan, Doug, Richard and Kirsty are Plankton . . . four musicians from Aberdeen, in Scotland. Their manager is Betty Booth. Betty is from Edinburgh and she's 25 years old.



Lucas Dos Santos

Hi, I'm Lucas Dos Santos. I'm an English teacher from Salvador in Brazil. I'm 57 years old and I'm married.



b Read the text again and answer the questions.

1	Who is an actress?	Béatrice Santini
2	Who is a taxi driver?	
3	Who is from France?	
4	Who are musicians?	
5	Who is an English teacher?	
6	Who is from London?	

8 Who is from Brazil? 9 Who is a bus driver?

7 Who is from Edinburgh?

- 10 Who is 45 years old?
- 11 Who is 56 years old?

be: positive and negative short forms

- Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 | 's /(m) married.
 - 2 They aren't / isn't Brazilian.
 - 3 You's / 're at work.
 - 4 They 're / 's from Japan.
 - 5 My brother 're / 's a student.
 - 6 We 'm not / aren't Polish. We're Russian.
 - 7 My parents aren't / isn't on holiday.
 - 8 They 'm / 're at work.
 - 9 Sydney isn't / aren't the capital of Australia. It's Canberra.
 - 10 | 'm not / isn't a tourist.
 - 11 You aren't / isn't a businessman.
 - 12 We 're / 's fine, thanks.
- 10 Make the sentences negative.

- isn't

 1 Edinburgh is in England.
- 2 I'm from Ireland.
- 3 My mother and father are English.
- 4 Brazil is a small country.
- 5 My name is Lana.
- 6 My sister is married.

10 usis<u>b</u>nesman

- 7 I'm 15 years old.
- 8 Philip and Elizabeth are on holiday.

Vocabulary

Jobs

11 Put the letters in the correct order to make jobs. The first letter is underlined.

	I <u>a</u> Clo _	actor
2	ern <u>e</u> ngie _	
3	eclipo coiffer _	
4	greni <u>s</u>	
5	posh stitanssa _	
6	anu <u>m</u> isic _	
7	rawye <u>l</u>	
8	allob <u>f</u> oter _	
9	a i <u>w</u> t r e	

Pronunciation

Word stress

12a 1.5 Listen to the words and count the syllables.

1	footballer	_3_
2	police officer	_5_
3	engineer	
4	musician	

- **5** businesswoman
- **6** doctor
- b Listen again and look at the stress. Which one is correct?

		footballer	<u> </u>		footballer	
		police officer			police officer	
3	a	engineer		Ь	engineer	
		musician	***************************************	Ь	musician	
5	а	businesswoman		Ь	businesswoman	
6	а	doctor		Ь	doctor	

Grammar focus 3

Articles with jobs

13a Complete the sentences with a/an and the words in the box.

police offi	cer	footballer	actor	businesswoman
doctor	singer	busines	sman	waiter
shop assis	tant	musician		

- 1 She's a police officer. She works in the police station.

2	He plays for Manchester Ur	nited – he's
3	Javier Bardem ishe's in the film Skyfall.	from Spain –
4	Adele is	Her album 21 is great
5	Lang Lang isplays the piano.	from China. He
6	My cousin is	in a supermarket.
7	My brother is	in Franco's Pizza
	Restaurant.	
8	He works in the hospital. He	e's

- and my dad's ___ . They're in Tokyo this week, on
- b 1.6 Listen and check.

business.

be: personal questions

14a Complete the questions with the words in the box.

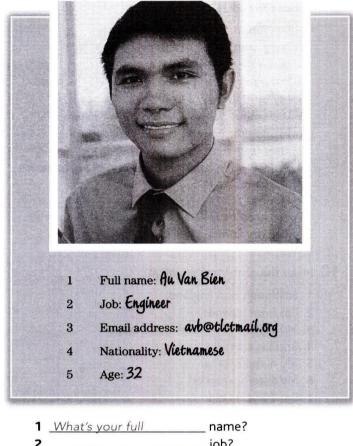
name address	business number		job from	
1 What'	s your <u>na</u>	<u>me_</u> ?		
2 Where	are you	?		
3 Are yo	u here on _	?		
_	old are			
5 What'	s your telepl	none	?	
	u			
_	s your email		?	
	s your			

b 1.7 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions.

15 Write short answers to the questions.

• • •		onort unomers to the q	acstroris.
1	A:	Are you Portuguese?	
	B:	No, <u>I'm not</u>	. I'm Brazilian.
2	A:	Is James English?	
	B:	Yes,	. He's from Manchester.
3	A:	Is your address 16 New	w Street?
	B:	No,	. It's 26 New Road.
4	A:	Are you and your frier	nd here on holiday?
	B:	No,	. We're here on business.
5	A:	Is Barbara married?	
	B:	Yes,	. Her husband's a
		doctor.	
6		Are you married?	
	B:	Yes,	. This is my husband,
		James.	
7		Is Thomas an actor?	
		No,	
8		Are Anne and Michael	
		No,	
9		Is Howard your surnar	
	B:	Yes,	. My first name's Tony.
10		Is Jacqueline a teacher	
	B:	No,	. She's a student.

16a Look at the information about Au Van Bien and complete the questions.



1 What's your full	name?
2	job?
3	email address?
4	from?
5	you?

b Write Au Van Bien's answers to the questions in exercise a.

0			
***************************************	Notes additional region to the contract of the		

c 1.8Listen and check.

Vocabulary

Everyday objects

1a Look at the pictures and add letters to complete the objects.



b 12.1 Listen to Alf talking about the things in his bag. Tick (1) the things in exercise a he has.

Pronunciation

Word stress

2 2.2 Listen and look at the stress. Which one is correct?

		•			_	
1	a	camera	<u></u>		camera	
2	а	bottle of water			bottle of water	
3	a	glasses			glasses	
4	a	ID card			ID card	
		chewing gum			chewing gum	
6	а	credit card		b	credit card	
7	а	dictionary		b	dictionary	
8	а	memory stick		b	memory stick	
9	a	tissues		b	tissues	
0	а	packet of chewi	ng gur	n	-	

Grammar focus 1

this/that, these/those; Possessive 's

b packet of chewing gum ____

3 Look at the pictures and write *this*, *that*, *these* or *those*.





1 __this__ car

2 _____ shoes





3 _____ boy

4 _____ coat





5 _____chairs

6 _____ men

- 4a Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 How much is(that)/ those watch, please?
 - 2 This / These is my wife, Anna.
 - 3 Are this / these your keys?
 - 4 Who are those / that children?
 - 5 Is that / those your book? What is it?
 - 6 Those / That 's a nice camera. Is it new?
 - b Match questions 1-6 in exercise a with answers a-f.

3	It's 75 euros.	1
)	No, it's six years old!	
	Yes, it's my dictionary.	
t	They're my brother's sons.	
9	Hello, Anna, nice to meet you.	
-	Yes, they are. Thank you very much!	

- c 12.3 Listen and check.
- **5** Write 's in the correct place in the sentences.
 - 1 Patrick is Jane's brother.
 - 2 Is that Michael car?
 - 3 It's Tessa birthday on Saturday.
 - 4 What's your mother name?
 - 5 Where's Philip desk?
 - 6 My husband name is Peter.
 - 7 Jo is my sister friend.
 - 8 Carla house is in the centre of Rome.

1 This is a photo of my brother's

6 Look at 's in these sentences. Is it is or possessive 's?

	family.	possessive 's
2	My brother's an engineer.	is
3	Is this John's watch?	
4	John's Australian.	
5	Our teacher's here.	
6	This is the teacher's bag.	
7	My father's brother is a lawyer.	
8	He's 55 years old.	

Pronunciation

this/that, these/those

7 ① 2.4 Listen to the sentences. Do you hear this, that, these or those?

1	<u>that</u>	4	7
2	these	5	8
3		6	

have got

8a Look at the table and complete the sentences with 've got, haven't got, 's got or hasn't got.

	Pet?	Car?	Computer?
Silvia	yes – dog (Rex)	yes – an Audi	no
Martin and Inge	no	yes – two	yes

- 1 Silvia <u>'s got</u> a dog. His name's Rex.
- 2 She _____ a car. It's an Audi.
- **3** She _____ a computer.
- 4 Martin and Inge _____ a pet.
- **5** They ______ two cars.
- 6 They _____ a computer.
- b 12.5 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

9a Look at the table in exercise 9a again and complete the questions and short answers.

- b 02.6 Listen and check. Practise saying the

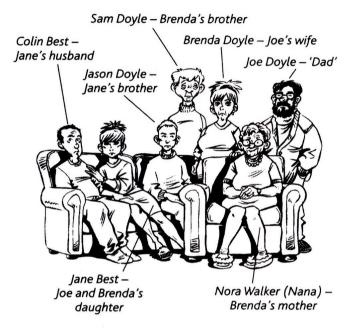
questions and short answers.

6 A: ______ they _____ a computer?

Vocabulary

Family

10a Look at the picture and information about the Doyle family and complete the sentences.



- Joe is Brenda's <u>husband</u>.
 Jason is Joe's _____.
 Brenda is Jason's _____.
 Joe is Jane's _____.
 Joe and Brenda are Jane's _____.
 Colin is Jane's _____.
- 7 Jason is Sam's ______.
 8 Jane is Sam's ______.
- b Answer the questions about the Doyle family. Write two sentences for each question.
 - 1 Who is Nora Walker?
 She's Brenda and Sam's mother.
 She's Jane and Jason's grandmother.

 2 Who is Jason?
 Who is Sam?
 Who is Brenda?
 - 5 Who is Jane?
 - **6** Who are Jane and Jason?

Listen and read

11a n 2.7 Read and listen to the text about the Iglesias family.

A famous family



Julio Iglesias is from Spain. He was the world's number 1 Spanish singer in the 1970s and 1980s, with songs like Begin the Beguine. He is now the father of a famous family, with eight children. His wife is a Dutch model called Miranda Rijnsburger. They have five children together.

Julio Iglesias also has three children - two sons and a daughter - from his marriage in the 1970s to actress Isabel Preysler, and they are now famous, too.

Julio Iglesias and Isabel Preysler's daughter, Chabeli, is a journalist in Washington. Chabeli's son, Alejandro, and her daughter, Sofia, are young children.

Julio Iglesias's sons are Julio Junior and Enrique. Julio Junior is a model, actor and singer. His songs are in English and Spanish. And his wife is Belgian model Charisse Verhaert.

Enrique Iglesias is also a famous singer. His home is in Miami, Florida, USA. And his friend is Russian tennis star Anna Kournikova. He has a daughter called Leia Rosie.

	1 Julio Iglesias's wife is called Miranda Rijnsburger.
	2 Miranda Rijnsburger is a singer. 3 Julio Iglesias is Chabeli's father. 4 Isabel is Sofia's cousin. 5 Chabeli lives in the USA. 6 Chabeli is Enrique's mother. 7 Julio Junior is Isabel's brother. 8 Sofia is Enrique's niece. 9 Charisse is Julio Junior's wife. 10 Julio Junior is Sofia's nephew. 11 Chabeli's brothers are Julio Junior and Enrique. 12 Enrique is Russian.
c	Put the words in the correct order to make questions.
	1 Iglesias / Where / is / Julio / from ?
	Where is Julio Iglesias from?
	2 many / he / How / children / got / has ?
	3 is / Alejandro / Who ?
	4 children's / are / What / Isabel's / names ?
	job / Chabeli's / is / What ?
	6 wife / Julio / Junior / Has / a / got ?
	7 Is / a / Enrique / singer ?
	8 Where / home / is / Enrique's ?
d	Read the text again and answer the questions in exercise c. 1 He's from Spain. 2 3 4 5 6 7

b Read the text again. Are the statements true (T) or

false (F)?

Writing

Completing a form

1	2 a Complete th	ne application	form	with	the	informati	on
	in the box.						

British	Miss	30/01/2014
c_andon	@tlctmail	.org

Personal details	complete this form.
Title:	1
Surname:	Andon
First name:	Catherine
Nationality:	2
Date of birth: (dd/mm/yyyy)	18/04/1992
Contact details	
Address:	3 Green Lane, London, SE1 3HH
Email address:	3
Phone (mobile):	07877 67784
Phone (home):	020 7 345 1222
Signature:	Comandon
Date: (dd/mm/yyyy)	4

b Complete the application form with information about you.

HARLOW SPORTS CLUB To join HSC, please complete this form. Personal details Title: Surname: First name: Nationality: Date of birth: (dd/mm/yyyy) **Contact details** Address: Email address: Phone (mobile): Phone (home): Signature: Date: (dd/mm/yyyy)

Language live

Answering questions

13a Complete the questions with the words in the box.

	's	your	what	are	that	got	spell
Ь	2 3 4 5 6 7 M a b c d e f	What Can you so How do you What's Have you How old _ atch questi I'm 22. BS9 1EB. 07937 883 It's Luis Co L-U-I-S Co Yes, of cou 23 Bonsal	ou Pour ad pour	aga that dress? ostcode _ a cont. you? in exerc O-B-A. Cordoba	n, please ?? ? act phon ise a wit	e numbo	
c	60	2.8 Listen	and chec	ck.			
d	yo	2.9 Listen ou.	to the qu	uestions	s. Say the	e answei	rs for
14	ex	rite a simila ercise 13 a	ar conver	sation. own ide	Use the as.	phrases	in

Vocabulary

6 get up

Common verbs

1 Match verbs 1–6 with the words and phrases in the box. Write three words/phrases for each verb.

₩	ry hard	at home	in a big cit	y	
wi	th my pa	rents to	work by bus	to bed late	
ea	rly on we	ekdays	breakfast at ho	ome out a lot	
in	a flat	lunch in a	café a bath	in the evening	
lat	e at the v	weekend	economics	at university	
in	an office	for a sn	nall company	at 6:30 a.m.	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1	live	in a big o	city		
2	study	very hard	1		_
3	work	at home			_
4	have				_
5	go				



2 Complete the questions with one word.

1	I <u>have</u> a sho	wer in the evening.
2	My sister gets	early at the weekend.
3	Ben and James go	c school by bus.
4	Lisa and her frien	ds out a lot in the
	evenings.	
5	We work	_ a big company.
6	I live m	y parents.
7	They don't study	the evening.
8	I go be	d late at the weekend.
9	I don't	English at university.
10	We don't	breakfast at home.

Grammar focus 1

Present simple: positive and negative (I, you, we, they)

3a Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1	early / I get / up
	I get up early.
2	You / nearby / live
3	have / a / They / new / number / phone
4	very / hard / We / work
_	
5	a / memory / I / stick / have
•	live / We / in / of / flats / block/ a
0	tive / vve / iii / oi / itats / block/ a
7	university / They / at / study / French
	amversity / mey / at / stady / menen
8	bus / We / school / go / to / by
9	lunch / a / in / café / They / have
10	You / the / go / in / out / evening

b 🕡 3.1 Listen and check.

4 a	Match	the	sentence	halves
Ta	Match	tne	sentence	naive

- Most people don't work
 Maoris don't come from
 People in Brazil don't speak
 Babies don't go
 Most children don't study
 Vegetarians don't eat
- a economics.
- **b** at the weekend.
- c Australia.
- d meat.
- e to school.
- f Spanish.

b 13.2 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

5a Complete the sentences with the negative form of the verb in the second sentence.

1	don't work	in an office. I work at home.
2	Bob and Jackie	in a city. They
	live in a small town.	
3	We	economics. We study
	computer science.	
4	My friends and I	to university
	by car. We go by bus.	
5		on weekdays. I go out at the
	weekend.	
6	You	a small flat! You have a
	beautiful big flat!	
7		a shower in the morning. I
	have a bath in the eve	ening.
8		in an office. They
	work in a shopping ce	entre.

- b 13.3 Listen and check.
- **6**a Look at the tables and complete the sentences about Erik and Anna from Sweden and Julia and Ken from Singapore.

Erik and Anna

a five-bedroom house in a small town in Sweden		
Swedish, English, German		
lawyers		
the cinema		
mineral water and coffee		
Swedish and Italian food		



- 1 Erik and Anna don't live in a big city.
- 2 They _____ in a big house.
- 3 They _____ English.
- 4 They _____ Chinese.
- **5** They _____ in a school.
- **6** They _____ to the cinema a lot.

Julia and Ken

Home	a small flat in the centre of Singapore city		
Languages	English, Chinese, Malay		
Jobs	teachers		
Hobbies	eating in restaurants		
Drinks	tea		
Food	Chinese food		



7	Julia and Ken _	<u>live</u> in a big city.
8	They	_ in a big house.
9	They	_ Chinese and English.
10	They	_ in an office.
11	They	_ in a school.
12	They	to the cinema a lot.

b Write more sentences about Erik and Anna and Julia and Ken.

and Ken.	
Erik and Anna 1 They	
2 They	
3 They	
Julia and Ken	
4 They	
5 They	
6 They	

Present simple: questions and short answers (*I*, *you*, *we*, *they*)

we	e, they)	2 food / you / and / your friends / like / Chinese / Do ?
7 a	Look at the tables in exercise 6 again and write short answers to	3 Do / economics / you / study ?
	the questions.	4 hard / I / work / Do ?
	1 A: Do Erik and Anna live in a small town?	5 in a nice town / Do / live / we ?
	B: Yes, they do.	6 email / got / Have / you / address / an ?
	2 A: Do they work in an office? B:	
	3 A: Do they speak Chinese?	7 up / you / early / in the morning / Do / get ?
	B:	8 Do / English / your / speak / cousins ?
	4 A: Do they drink tea?	bo / English / your / speak / cousins !
	B: 5 A: Do Julia and Ken live in a big	
	city?	b Match questions 1–10 in exercise a with answers a–j.
	B:	a No, I don't. I'm not a student.
	6 A: Do they go to the cinema a lot?	b Yes, I do. There are nine million people in Bangkok.
	B:	c Yes, we do. I think it's beautiful.
	7 A: Do they eat Italian food?	d No, I don't. I work in the evening and
	B:8 A: Do they drink tea?	I get up late. e Yes, I have. It's jhf@biggmail.com.
	В:	f Yes, you do. You're a very good student!
Ь	 Answer the questions about you. 1 A: Do you live in a small town? B: No, I don't. 2 A: Do you work in an office? 	h Yes, they do. They speak English and Italian.c 3.4 Listen and check.
	B:	
	3 A: Do you speak Chinese?	Pronunciation
	B:	Sentence stress in questions
	4 A: Do you drink tea?	
	B: 5 A: Do you live in a big city?	9 🕠 3.5 Listen and look at the stress. Which one is correct?
	B:	1 a Do you study at university?
	6 A: Do you go to the cinema	b Do you study at university?
	a lot?	2 a Do you have a watch?
	B:	b Do you have a watch?3 a Do you get up early?
	7 A : Do you eat Italian food? B :	b Do you get up early?
	8 A: Do you drink tea?	4 a Do we have a lesson today?
	В:	b Do we have a lesson today?
		5 a Do you go by car?
		b Do you go by car?
		6 a Do you have a big family?
		b Do you have a big family?7 a Do they live with you?
		b Do they live with you?
		8 a Do they go to restaurants?
101Na		b Do they go to restaurants?

8a Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

1 Do / in a big city / you / live?

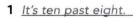
Do you live in a big city?

Vocabulary

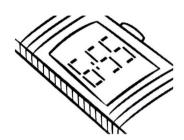
Telling the time

10 Look at the pictures and write the times.





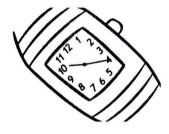




9 6 3

3







5







7

8 _____



9 _____

11a Match the times 1–8 with a–h.

- 1 6:20
- **2** 6:35
- **3** 8:10
- 4 9:00
- **5** 5:15
- 6 6:15
- **7** 8:30
- 8 10:45
- a ten past eight
- **b** quarter past six
- c half past eight
- d twenty past six
- e twenty-five to seven
- f quarter to eleven
- g nine o'clock
- h quarter past five

b Write sentences about Hiroki's day. Use the times in exercise a.



- 1 6:20 : get up

 Hiroki gets up at twenty past six.
- 2 6:35: breakfast
- 3 8:10: go to work
- 4 9:00: start work
- **5** 5:15: finish work
- 6 6:15: leave swimming pool and go home
- 7 8:30: dinner
- 8 10:45: bed

Listen and read 12 Complete the sentences with in, at 1 It's seven o'clock in the 14a 🔞 3.6 Read and listen to the text about young people in South Korea. morning. 2 Do you have a big lunch __ Sunday? 3 I get up _____ six o'clock. **Studying in South Korea** 4 We work from eight to eleven ___ the morning. 5 Shops don't stay open night. What time do you have 6 I finish work at eight o'clock breakfast? ___ the evening. 7 Do you go out a lot Where do you have lunch? the weekend? 8 The children don't sleep Do you go out with your the afternoon. friends for a coffee after school or after work? Do you work in the Places in a town evenings or do you have dinner with family or 13 Complete the sentences with the friends? words in the box. Life is very different for many young people in South Korea. It's very beach block of flats important for people to go to a good university and find a good job, so swimming pool restaurant study is very, very important! Young people get up at about six o'clock, supermarket cinema have breakfast with their family and then go to school. Schools in South park shopping centre Korea start at seven o'clock. After five hours of lessons in the morning, it's time for lunch. Most people 1 In summer I go to the have lunch at school. Then there are more lessons until four o'clock, but beach and swim in the that's not the end! Many young Koreans go to the library and study after sea. But in the winter it's cold, so school or go to extra classes until ten o'clock. I go to the _____ in my town. At that time, they go home in a special minibus. Most students don't go to 2 My home is in a _ bed before one or two o'clock and then, the next day, after just four or five I live on the fourth floor. hours of sleep, it's time to get up again. 3 My street has got a lovely Italian _____. The pizzas are great. b Read the text again and answer the questions. 4 I buy all my fruit, vegetables, 1 What time do most young people in South Korea get up? meat and fish in the They get up at six o'clock. _ near my flat. **5** Zara loves films. She goes to the 2 What time do schools in South Korea start? _ every week. 6 Hamton City has got a new 3 Where do most young people have lunch? _ . It's got fifty shops and a big car park. 4 What time do schools in South Korea finish? 7 My town has got a big __ in the centre. 5 Where do many young people go in the evening? The trees are beautiful and I play football there. 6 What time do the libraries close? 7 How do students go home?

8 What time do they go to bed?

04 LIKES AND DISLIKES

Grammar focus 1

Present simple: positive and negative (he/she/it)

- Add letters to complete the he/she/it form of the verbs.
 - 1 My mother reads Hi! magazine.
 - 2 James watch _ _ TV in the morning.
 - 3 Winnie come _ from South Korea.
 - 4 Richard live _ in the United States.
 - **5** She go _ _ to bed at eleven o'clock.
 - 6 He enjoy _ watching football on TV.
 - 7 My brother say _ he's fine.
 - 8 She fl _ _ _ to London every summer she never goes by train.
 - 9 Tom always play _ football on Saturday.
- 2a Look at the table and complete the sentences about Akiko with the Present simple form of the verb in brackets.

	Akiko Murata	David Jones	Lauren Andersen	Tomasz Nowak
Nationality	Japanese	British	Australian	Polish
Job	fashion designer	English teacher	bank employee	music teacher
Address	Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco	The English School, Seoul, South Korea	Carrer Bonavista, Barcelona, Spain	Rue d'Alleray, Paris, France
Languages	Japanese, English	English, Italian, Korean	Spanish, Catalan, English	Polish, French, Russian
Hobbies	cooking, playing	watching football, playing the guitar	reading, going to the gym	playing computer games, swimming, going for walks

She <u>comes from</u> (come from) from Japan.
 She ______ (work) as a fashion designer.
 She _____ (live) in San Francisco.
 She _____ (speak) Japanese and English.

5 She _____ (like) cooking and playing.

b 1 4.1 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

3 Look at the table in exercise 2a. Write sentences about David, Lauren and Tomasz using the Present simple.

1	David <u>teaches English</u> . (tea	ach)
2	He	
	(come from)	
3		
	(live)	
4		
	(speak)	
5		
	(play)	
6	Lauren <u>lives in Spain</u> . (ive)
7	She	
	(come from)	
8	¥	
	(speak)	
9		
	(work)	
10		
	(go to the gym)	
11	Tomasz <u>speaks Polish, French and Russian</u> . (sp	eak)
12		
	(come from)	
13		
	(live)	
14		
	(teach)	
15		
	(play)	

- 4a Make the sentences negative.
 - Maria likes studying grammar.
 Maria doesn't like studying grammar.
 - 2 It rains in summer.
 - **3** My brother likes getting up at seven o'clock.
 - 4 The restaurant closes on Sunday evening.
 - **5** Martin comes to class every week.
 - 6 Tony buys all his food at the supermarket.
 - 7 Carla drives to work.
 - **8** My cousin visits me every month.
 - b 1 4.2 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

5 Complete the text with the Present simple form of the verbs in brackets.



Malcolm Tracey 'doesn't go (not go)
to work; he only ² (leave)
his hometown to go on holiday in the
Caribbean. But Malcolm is a millionaire.
He ³ (write) books about
money and how to make a lot of it. His new
book is called Easy Money: How to make
money without getting out of bed. Malcolm
4 (live) in a large house near
London. He ⁵ (get up) at about
eight o'clock in the morning and
6 (have) breakfast with his family.
After breakfast, he 7 (drive) his
children to school and 8 (read)
the newspaper in the garden until lunchtime.
After lunch, he 9 (buy) and
10 (sell) on the internet. He
11(finish) work at four o'clock
when his children come home. 'I've got a
simple system for making money,' Malcolm
¹² (say). 'It ¹³ (not
work) for everybody, but it 14
(work) for me!'

6 Read about Irene and Agnes. Write sentences about the things they like and dislike.



Irene and Agnes are both au pairs. They live with a family, do housework (clean the house) and help with the children. In the afternoon, they take an English course. In the evenings, they often babysit.

= It's horrible! I hate it!
= I don't like it.
= I like it.
= It's fantastic! I love it!

	Irene	Agnes
taking the children to school	(2)	©
housework	@@	© ©
talking to the family	$\odot \odot$	®
the English course	(9)	@@
babysitting	(1)	\odot

L		O)
1	(taking the childre		
	Irene doesn't like	taking the childrer	to school.
	Agnes likes taking	the children to so	hool.
2	(housework)		
	Irene		
	Agnes		
3	(talking to the fam		
	Irene		
	Agnes		
4	(the English course	e)	
	Irene		
	Agnes		
5	(babysitting)		
	Irene		
	Agnes		
	-		

Vocabulary

Activities

Add letters to complete the activities in the text.

love of a	n. g for 2w s.
	time with friends.
	and I have got bikes and we like
	_ g. We also go to nightclubs -
l love sdan_	I don't like
۴	_g books, but magazines are OK
	a new computer - I don't like
	computer g{-} s, but I love
	on the internet. And I love
	sport on TV. Football is my
number one	

Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.

		swimming				
W	atch	cycle	goes	readin	g	
1	My br	other Hed	tor	plays	a lot of	
	comp	uter game	S.			
2	'Do yo	ou like		the	newspaper?' 'No,	
	I don'	t. I watch	the nev	vs on TV.	,	
3	'Do yo	ou like		in t	he sea?' 'No,	
		o cold.'				
4	My m	other and	father	always _	spor	t
4		other and at the we		always _	spor	t
	on TV	at the we	ekend.		spor me on the	t
	on TV 'Do yo	at the we	ekend.	ti		t
5	on TV 'Do yo intern	at the we ou enjoy _ et?' 'Yes, l	ekend. love it.	ti	me on the	t
5	on TV 'Do yo intern	at the we ou enjoy _ et?' 'Yes, l	ekend. love it.	ti		t
5 6	on TV 'Do yo intern Derek day.	at the we ou enjoy _ et?' 'Yes, I 	love it.	ti or walks	me on the	t
5 6	on TV 'Do yo intern Derek day. I've go	at the we ou enjoy _ et?' 'Yes, l	love itf	ti or walks	me on the	t



Vocabulary

Phrases for time and frequency

Complete the sentences with in, on or at.

1	I often go for a run <u>in</u> the morning.
2	I'm sometimes bored the afternoon.
3	I usually work weekdays.
4	But I sometimes work weekends, too
5	I'm always tired when I get home from work
	the evening.
6	I never drink coffee night.
7	I usually go to the supermarket
	Saturdays.

10 Choose the correct answers.

- 1 In the morning, the sun (always) / never / sometimes comes up in the east.
- 2 Sharks never / sometimes / often kill people.
- 3 Children never / don't often / usually like sweets.
- 4 In the game of chess, black always / never / usually starts.
- 5 People with brown hair don't often / never / often have brown eyes.
- 6 Monday always / often / usually comes before Tuesday.
- 7 A week always / never / usually has eight days.
- 8 Spiders always / often / sometimes have eight legs.

11 Write the word in brackets in the correct place in the sentences.

sometimes

- 1 I_{Λ} have dinner at my friend's house. (sometimes)
- 2 Caroline eats fish. (never)
- 3 I often eat in a restaurant. (don't)
- 4 I get up late on a Sunday morning. (usually)
- 5 It's very hot in August in my city. (always)
- 6 The Brown family usually to Italy on holiday. (go)
- 7 The weather always cold in January. (is)
- 8 The bus is late. (often)

12 Choose the correct answers.

- 1 She's always / Always she's here on Mondays.
- 2 My friends and I go often out / often go out at the weekends.
- 3 The food in this restaurant is always good / good always is.
- 4 We are never / never are late for work.
- 5 I work in the hospital in the evenings, so I never / usually come home late from work.
- 6 My brother is a vegetarian, so he often / never eats meat.
- 7 I love films, so I sometimes / never go to the cinema.
- 8 The sun often / always sets in the west.

Listen and read

13 (a) 4.3 Read and listen to the text about English people's homes abroad.



An Englishman's home ..

'An Englishman's home,' they say, 'is his castle.' Perhaps that's true, but nowadays the home often isn't in England - it's abroad!

More than half a million British people have a second home in another country. Many buy old houses in the south of France or in Tuscany, in the north of Italy. The Eurostar train, which goes from London to Paris in two and a half hours, makes it easy to go from one home to the other quickly.

The Noteman family, who live in London, have got a small house in Gascony. They sometimes go there for weekends and they always spend the summer in France with their four children. Jerry Noteman says, 'We really like living in France: the weather is usually good, we like the food and the people are very friendly. We don't usually speak French when we go out - most of our neighbours in the village are English, too!'

14	Read	the	text	again	and	answer	the	questions.
----	------	-----	------	-------	-----	--------	-----	------------

Re	ead the text again and answer the questions.
1	How many British people have a home abroad?
	More than half a million.
2	Where do they often buy houses?
3	Where does the Eurostar train go?
4	Where do the Noteman family live in England?
5	Where do they live in France?
6	Where do they spend the summer?
7	How many children do they have?
8	What do they like about living in France?
9	Where do most of their neighbours come from?
es	mmar focus 2 ent simple: questions and short vers (he/she/it)
a D	ut the words in the correct order to make

Pr an

G

15 a	Put	the	words	in	the	correct	order	to	make
	que	stio	ns.						

1 Does / sister / cycle / your ? Does your sister cycle? 2 sports / Does / play / she? 3 Does / cooking / your / boyfriend / like ? 4 you / often / Does / he / cook / for ? 5 got / car / a / big / your / father / Has?

b

,	got / car / a / big / your / lather / rias :	
6	it / go / Does / fast ?	Advantage and a design
М	atch questions 1–6 in exercise a with answers a	ı–f.
а	Yes, he has. It's very big.	5
Ь	No, it doesn't. It's old and slow.	
C	Yes, he does. He's a very good cook.	
d	No, he doesn't. I usually cook for him!	
e	No, she doesn't. She doesn't have a bike.	
f	Yes, she does. She plays tennis and basketbal	

1 4.4 Listen and check.

16a Complete the questions about Olaf. 1 A: Where does he live? B: He lives in Oslo. 2 A: What _____ he do? B: He's an engineer. 3 A: Where does _____ work? B: He works in the city centre. 4 A: How does he _____ to work? B: He goes to work by bike. 5 A: _____ does Olaf's wife do? B: She's a doctor. 6 A: How _____ he spend his weekends? B: He spends his weekends with his family. b 1 4.5 Listen and check.

17	Find and correct the mistakes in the questions. Four
	questions are correct.

ı	Does Fred likes his job?	
	Does Fred like his job?	
2	How often does she go swimming?	1
3	What does your wife do?	Ш
1	Where do your brother live?	
4	Where do your brother live?	
5	Does she gets up late at the weekend?	
6	Does she like reading in her free time?	

Pronunciation

Strong and weak forms of does

18a 🕦 4.6 Listen to the pronunciation of *does* in the questions and short answers. Practise saying them.

1 Does she get up early at the weekend?

 $a / d\Lambda z /$

(b)/dəz/

2 Yes, she does. But she hasn't got much free time.

a /dnz/

b /dəz/

3 Where does Julie work?

a /dnz/

b /dəz/

4 How often does she go to the cinema?

 $a / d\Lambda z /$

b /dəz/

5 Does she like reading in her free time?

a /dnz/

b /dəz/

6 Yes, she does. But she doesn't have much free time.

a /dnz/

b /dəz/

b Listen again. How is *does* pronounced: /dʌz/or /dəz/? Choose the correct answer, a or b.

Language live

Meeting people

19a	Complete the conversations v	with t	the p	ohrases	in	the
	box.					

I'm fine They're lo	these are for you Nice to meet you Yes, please Would you like vely
1 A: Hi, E	Bea. <u>This is</u> ra. She's my friend from university.
B : Hell	o, Clara. I'm Bea.
	e to meet you, too.
2 A : Hap	ppy birthday! I know you like flowers, so
B : Oh,	what nice flowers! Thank you so much!
3 A:	something to
drin	k?
	An orange
-	e, please.
A: And	a drink for you, Henri?
C: No,	thanks,
⋒ 4.7 Li	isten and check.

Writing

Introducing a friend

20a Read the email from your friend Francis. Where is his new job?

Hello,
How are you?
I have some news! I've got a new job as a lawyer in Chicago! I start next month. I love spending time with my friends and playing and going to museums, but I don't know anyone in Chicago. I want to make friends in the city. Do you know anyone there?
Love, Francis

b Your friend Sam lives in Chicago. Francis wants to make friends in Chicago. Write an email to Sam and introduce Francis.

Tell Sam:

- what Francis does.
- what Francis likes doing.

05 FROM A TO B

Vocabulary

Transport

1 Add letters to complete the types of transport.



1 b <u>u</u> s



2 m_t_rb_k_



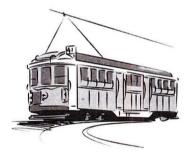
3 sc__t_r



4 b_c_cl_



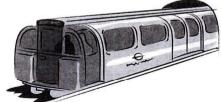
5 pl_n_



6 tr_m



7 tr__n



8 _nd_rgr__nd tr__n



9 t_x_

Listen and read

Transport statistics

6

is the number of hours it takes to travel from London to New York by plane.

44

is the number of platforms at New York's Grand Central Terminal station. About 700,000 people use the station every day.

300

kilometres an hour is the speed of the Spanish AVE train, which goes from the capital city Madrid to Seville, in the south of Spain, a distance of 470 kilometres. The journey takes about two and a half hours.

524

is the number of passengers who can travel in a Boeing 747-400 plane. It can fly for more than 13,000 kilometres without stopping. That's from London to Tokyo and back again.

9,288

kilometres is the distance of the Trans-Siberian railway, which goes from Moscow to the town of Vladivostok in eastern Russia. The journey takes about seven days.

60,000

is the number of taxis in Mexico City.

6,300,000

is the total kilometres of roads in the United States.

70,000,000

is the number of people who travel through London Heathrow Airport every year. 3 Read the text again and answer the questions.

1 How long does it take to travel from Madrid to Seville by the AVE train?

Two and a half hours.

2 Where does the Trans-Siberian railway begin?

3 How many people can travel on a Boeing 747-400?

4 Which country has 6,300,000 kilometres of road?

5 How many people pass through Heathrow Airport every year?

6 Which city has 60,000 taxis?

7 Which railway station has forty-four platforms?

8 How long does it take to fly from London to New York?



Vocabulary

Travelling

- 4 Match words and phrases 1–7 with their meanings a–g.
 - 1 destination
 - 2 delayed
 - 3 book a ticket online
 - 4 board the plane
 - 5 your luggage
 - 6 Departures
 - 7 boarding pass
 - a late
 - **b** buy your journey on the internet
 - c bags with you on your journey
 - d the place that you are going to
 - e get onto the plane before your flight
 - f the place in the airport where you wait for your flight
 - g plane ticket with your seat number; you get it when you check in

......

5a Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

	epartures	gate destination	go through on	flight	luggage	board
1	Thank you,	sir. Here's	your boarding	g pass . Yo	u have seat	17C.
2	Show your	passport a	again when you	J	securi	ity.
3	Please wait	in	Your f	light is in	one hour.	
			nere's our fligh			lam, from
5	The plane is		ly. People with ne now.	small chi	ldren, please	е
6	Good morr	0	one, this is you terdam.	ır pilot. W	elcome on o	our
7	Hello again	-	. This is your pome to Amster		re now at o	ur
8	Excuse me, bag.	I can't fin	d my	– or	ne suitcase a	ind a blue



b 6 5.2 Listen and check.

Grammar focus 1

can/can't: possibility and
ability

6 Look at the motorway signs and complete the sentences with can or can't.













- 1 You <u>can't</u> stop on the motorway.
- 2 You _____ drive at 100 kilometres an hour.
- **3** You _____ drive at 180 kilometres an hour.
- **4** You _____ ride a bicycle on the motorway.
- **5** You _____ walk on the motorway.
- **6** You _____ find something to eat and drink at the service station.
- **7** You _____ buy petrol at the service station.
- 8 You _____ turn round.
- **9** Learner drivers _____ use the motorway.

7a Look at the signs and write short answers to the questions.

NO PARKING MONDAY - SATURDAY 9.30 - 5.30

- 1 A: It's 8:30 in the morning. Can I park here? B: Yes, you can.
- A. Can I nark here on a Sunday?

Α.	Call	ı	park	Here	OH	d .	Sunda	y
-								

NO SMOKING

3 A: Can I smoke here?

R.		

SORRY No children under 18

4 A: Tom and Barbara are sixteen years old. Can they go in?

_				
_				
B:				
D.				

5 A: I'm nineteen years old. Can I go in?

	,	 8-	
D.			
D.			



6 A: Can I cross the road now?

ч		
L	٠.	



7 A: I've got a dog. Can it come in?



8 A: Excuse me, can we buy a phonecard here?

•	. Excuse The	can we bay a p	monecula nere:
D	_		
D	•		

b 6 5.3 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions and answers.

8a Look at the table and complete the sentences about Caroline and Fabrizio.

	speak French	play chess	drive a car	play a musical instrument
Caroline	1	X	X	1
Fabrizio	1	1	X	X
Kristina	X	×	1	1
Max	X	1	1	×

- 1 Caroline <u>can</u> speak French.
- 2 She <u>can't</u> play chess.
- 3 She _____ drive a car.
- 4 She _____ play a musical instrument.
- **5** Fabrizio ______ .
- **6** He ______.
- 7 He
- **8** He _____
- b 15.4 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.
- **9**a Look at the table in exercise 8a again and write questions and short answers about Kristina and Max.

q	destions and short answers about Kristina and	мах.
1	A: Can Kristina speak French?	

- B: No, she can't.

 2 A: ______
- 3 A:
- В: _____
- 4 A:_____
- Β: ______
- В:_____
- 6 A:_____
- B: _____
- B: _____
- 8 A:_____
- b 6 5.5 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions and answers.

Pronunciation

can/can't

10 15.6 Listen to the pronunciation of *can* and *can't* in the sentences. Write the sentence numbers in the table.

/kən/	/kæn/	/ka:nt/
1	2	3

- 1 Can you speak Japanese?
- 2 Yes, I can.
- 3 I can't read Chinese.
- 4 We can get the bus.
- 5 They can play tennis.
- 6 You can't play golf.
- 7 Can she read music?
- 8 Yes, she can.
- 9 Can you play the piano?
- 10 No, I can't.
- 11 I can't swim.
- 12 My brother can drive a car.
- 13 Can you eat and drink here?
- 14 No, you can't.

Grammar focus 2

Articles: a/an, the and no article

11 Complete the sentences with a or the.

1	Can you ridea bicycle?
2	Does it take a long time to get to city centre?
3	I always drive to work, but lot of people
	come by underground.
4	She's teacher in school in New York.
5	The traffic is very bad in evening.
6	My uncle is train driver.
7	'Have you got car?' 'No, I haven't.'
8	We live in small town in United
	States.

12 Cross out the extra the in each sentence.

- 1 Parking is very difficult in the city centre, so I always go there by the bus.
- 2 Eight o'clock is a good time to phone Thomas: he's always at the home in the evening.
- **3** It's so cold in the city centre today that a lot of people can't go to the work.
- 4 The train times are different on the Sundays.
- **5** What do you think of the public transport in the London?
- **6** You can use a railcard in most of the countries in the Europe.
- 7 I live in the Dubai in the United Arab Emirates.
- **8** Our plane arrives in Los Angeles at the two o'clock in the afternoon.

13a Complete the quiz questions with *a/an*, the or – (no article).

	QUIZ
1	What is <u>the</u> capital of Colombia?
2	In India, do people drive on left or on right?
3	Which languages do they speak in Canada?
4	How many grams are there in kilogram?
5	Where is Haneda Airport?
6	Who is Daniel Craig?
1	How far is it from Earth to Moon?
8	How long does it take to boilegg?
9	What are the four countries in UK?
10	What's the name of big river in Budapest?

- b Can you answer the questions in exercise a?
- c 6 5.7 Listen and check. You will hear the questions and the answers.

14a Write a or the in the correct place in the sentences.

- Zara is A doctor in a hospital in the centre of Baghdad.
- 2 My cousin Alfred lives in United States.
- 3 I've got two brothers and sister.
- 4 What do you like doing at weekend?
- 5 My family and I usually watch TV in evening.
- **6** I've got scooter, but I go to my office in the morning by bus.
- 7 You can take taxi or go by bus to the airport.
- 8 I love spending my time on internet.
- **9** Jake is a professional musician and he lives in flat in Milan.
- 10 I spend four hours a week on London Underground. I hate it!
- b 6 5.8 Listen and check.

5 FOOD AND DRINK

Vocabulary

Food: countable and uncountable nouns

1a Find 11 more words for food and drink in the word square.

W	Α	G	R	D	R	С	L	S	В	R	E
S	Α	N	D	W	ı	С	H	Μ	0	Т	U
R	Р	0	G	R	C	Н	ı	C	K	E	2
В	Р	В	В	Z	W	Е	Α	F	Т	W	E
R	L	Т	0	Н	Z	Ε	Т	R	G	Α	E
Е	Ε	G	G	В	1	S	С	U	ı	Т	Р
Α	F	W	-	Α	С	Ε	Ε	I	Н	Ε	U
D	Н	Α	L	Z	Ε	В	Α	Т	G	R	Z
U	Т	0	Μ	Α	Т	0	Н	В	Α	7	Η
X	Р	K	L	Z	E	U	Т	1	G	Z	U
0	S	G	R	Α	Р	Ε	F	С	Н	Ε	Р
V	Р	Т	ı	D	K	Ε	Μ	Р	М	Α	L

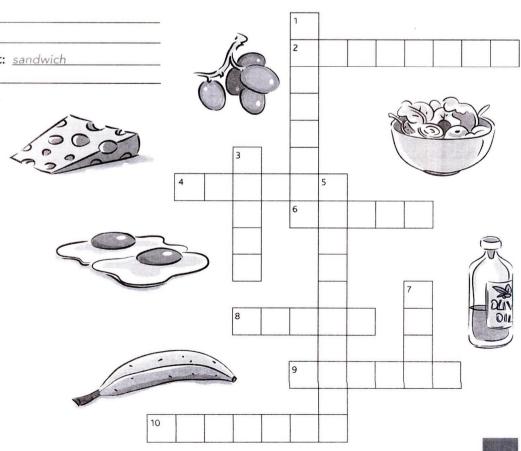
b Write the words from the word square in exercise a in the correct group.

Types of fruit:	
Other things you can eat:	sandwich

2a Circle the uncountable nouns in the box.

bread	egg	sandwi	ch	biscu	it oliv	e oil
chicken	apple	frui	t	grape	chees	e
orange ju	ice s	alad	bana	na	water	tomato

- b Complete the crossword. Use ten words from exercise a. Add -s/-es to the countable nouns.
 - 1 These are red. People think they're vegetables, but they are not!
 - 2 People in Mediterranean countries cook with this healthy oil. (2 words)
 - 3 This is the world's number one drink.
 - 4 These can be red or light green.
 - 5 These have two pieces of bread and something in the middle.
 - 6 This is healthy and green. You don't cook it.
 - 7 These come from birds and people eat them.
 - 8 This is a healthy kind of food, for example apples, grapes and bananas.
 - 9 People make this from milk.
 - 10 These are yellow and about 15 cm long.



there is and there are; some and any

3	Complete the sentences with the correct form of
	there is or there are.

1	<u>Is there</u> any	milk in the	fridge?
2	How many studer	nts	in your class?
3	a ve	ery good bea	ach near our hotel.
4	any	cheap resta	aurants near here?
5		a univers	sity in Brighton?
6	I'm sorry, but time.	aı	ny shops open at this
7	50 :	states in the	e USA.
8	any your tea?	milk, sorry.	How about lemon in

4a Read about the campsite. Complete the questions and write short answers.

1	A : _	Is	_ there a swimming pool
	B: _	Ye	es, there is.



Las Molinas

- swimming pool
- tennis courts
- ÷ restaurant, drinks bar
- ÷ children's playground
- ÷ 10 km from the historic town of Los Pozos

2	A:	there any places to eat and drink?
	B:	
3	A:	there a beach?
	B:	
4	A:	there a children's playground?
	B:	
5	A:	there any supermarkets?
	B:	

b 6.1 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions and short answers.

5a Choose the correct answers.

- 1 A: Mum, I'm hungry. Are there 'some /any biscuits?
 - B: No, there 2isn't / aren't. Have 3some / any fruit.
- 2 A: Good morning. 4/s / Are there any Swiss cheese?
 - **B:** No, there ⁵*isn't / aren't* any Swiss cheese. But we've got ⁶*some / any* English cheese.
 - **A:** Oh, good. Can I have ⁷some / any English cheese, please? About 200 grams, please.
- 3 A: That pizza looks lovely. ⁸Is / Are there any meat on it?
 - B: No, there 9isn't / aren't.
 - A: Oh, good. I don't eat meat, you see. Can I have ¹⁰some / any pizza, please?
- b 6.2 Listen and check.

6 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.

1	Have you got <u>any</u> orange juice?
2	There are letters here for you.
3	There's salt, but there isn't pepper.
4	We haven't got eggs.
5	Would you like milk in your coffee?
6	Are there knives on the table?
7	We haven't got more bread. Would you like
	biscuits with your cheese?
8	I'm sorry, we haven't got hot food, but
	we've got sandwiches if you're hungry.

Pronunciation

there is and there are

7a 6.3 Listen to the sentences. Do you hear there's or there are? Choose the correct answers.

1	there's/ there are
	there's / there are
3	there's / there are

- 4 there's / there are
- 5 there's / there are
- 6 there's / there are
- 7 there's / there are
- 8 there's / there are
- **b** Listen again. Practise saying the sentences.

Listen and read

8a 🕠 6.4 Listen and read the article about Annaprashan.



Who celebrates Annaprashan?

Annaprashan is a special day for Hindu families with a young baby. Annaprashan happens in many different countries all over the world, including India, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Indonesia and Mauritius.

What is Annaprashan?

In English, the Annaprashan ceremony is called 'First rice'. The family meets and it is the first time the baby has food. The baby eats rice with milk and sugar.

What do babies eat?

When babies are very young, they can only drink their mother's milk. But when they are about six months old, they need different kinds of food. They need vitamins and protein. There are a lot of vitamins and protein in fish. But it isn't a good baby food because fish bones are dangerous. When babies are six months old, they don't have teeth, so they need very soft food. Rice is soft and healthy and babies usually like rice.

What happens at an Annaprashan ceremony?

The baby sits with his or her mother. First, a man from the baby's family (an uncle or grandfather) gives the baby some food on a spoon. Then the rest of the family give the baby more food. And then they play a game: the baby chooses a toy and plays with it, and the adults decide the baby's future job!

b Read the text again. Are the statements true (T) or false (F)?

1	Annaprashan is a family celebration.	7
2	Annaprashan ceremonies happen in lots	
	of different countries.	
3	Babies eat at Annaprashan ceremonies.	
4	Fish is a good baby food.	
5	Babies have teeth when they are six	-

- months old.

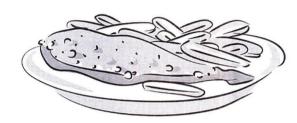
 6 The English name for 'Annaprashan' is 'baby food'.
- 7 At an Annaprashan ceremony, the baby gets food from his or her family.

Vocabulary

Food pairs

9a Tick () the correct food pairs. Correct the incorrect ones.

1 chips and fish	fish and chips
2 fruit and vegetables	+
3 herbs and spices	
4 sour and sweet	
5 knife and fork	
6 tea and coffee	
7 drink and food	
8 salt and pepper	
9 butter and bread	



b 6.5 Listen and check.

10a	Complete	the	sentences	with	food	pairs	from
	exercise 9						

1	A: My son is three. He eats with a plastic
	knife and fork .
	B: Really? My daughter just eats with her hands!
2	A: I want a sandwich. We've got some cheese, but
	is there any?
	B : No, there isn't. Have an apple!
3	A: Hi, it's me. I'm in the supermarket. Do we need
	any ?
	B: Yes, we do. Grapes and carrots, please.
4	A: I love cooking with Garlic,
	pepper and turmeric are my favourites.
	B: Really? Well, you can cook dinner tonight, then!
5	A: When you go to the mountains, take lots of
	with you. There aren't any
	shops in the mountains.
	B: Yes, Mum!
6	A: What would you like to drink with your
	breakfast, sir? We've got fruit juice and
	, of course.
	B: A black coffee, please.
6	6.6 Listen and check.

how much and how many

11a Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

1	How / sugar / is / much / there ?
2	do / you / How / much / meat / eat ?
3	potatoes and carrots / How / there / many / are ?
4	in / How / is / much / fat / there / cheese ?
5	How / can / eat / much / we / salt ?
6	How / eggs / do / I / many / need ?
7	would / you / How / like / much / coffee ?
8	restaurants / How / many / there / in / Indian / are / the / UK ?
м	atch questions 1–8 in exercise a with answers a–h.
a a	Only about six grams a day.
b	Most cheese is about 40 percent fat.
c d	I have chicken, lamb or beef every day. About 10,000. There are 1,000 in London.
e	There isn't much – I think we need some more.
f	There are a lot of potatoes, but there aren't
	any carrots.
g	Three.
h	One small cup, please.

12a Complete the questions with *much* or *many*.



1	How many	stars are there on the Australian flag				
2	How	skin does the average person have?				
3	How	food does an adult elephant eat each				
	day?					
4	How	people use Atlanta Airport, USA,				
	every day?					
5	How	brothers has Prince William got?				
6	How	water is there in the Sea of Crisis?				
7	How	people live in Japan?				
8	How	cars are there in the world?				
9	How	cheese does the average French				
	person eat each year?					
10	How	stations are there on the Moscow				
	Metro?					

b Choose the correct answer, a or b, for questions 1–10 in exercise a.

1	a)6	ь	50
2	a	1.5–2 m ²	b	2-3 m ²
3	а	35 kilos	Ь	135 kilos
4	а	25,200	Ь	252,000
5	а	1	Ь	2
6	a	A lot!	Ь	There isn't any.
7	a	about 127 million	Ь	about 230 million
8	а	over 1 billion	Ь	over 2 billion
9	a	4 kilos	Ь	24 kilos
10	a	186	Ь	313

c 6.8 Listen and check.

b

c 6.7 Listen and check.

Writing

Describe a favourite place to eat

- **13**a Read the restaurant review on the website and answer the questions.
 - 1 Where is the restaurant?
 - 2 What kind of food can you eat?



New Garden Chinese restaurant



5 people found this review helpful. Was this review helpful? YES / NO

My favourite place to eat is New Garden Chinese restaurant. It's in the city centre, inside the shopping centre. The food is very good and it isn't very expensive. I like the sweet and sour chicken. The restaurant serves food to eat in or take away. It's very busy in the evening, so I go there at lunchtime on weekdays.

Ь	Write a review of a restaurant in your town for the
	website. Use some of the words and phrases in the
	box

famous	for	lively	atmosph	iere	special offe	er
busy	service	2	friendly	ef	ficient	
a good place to go			my favourite place to e			
at lunchtime in		in th	ne evenir	ng	flavour	
typical dish						

What do you w	ant to do?	
Read a review.	Write a review.	

Language live

Ordering food and drink

- **14**a Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 Can I eat /(have) one of those, please?
 - 2 Hello, I like / I'd like a coffee, please.
 - 3 Eat-in or takeaway / go away?
 - 4 OK. That's / This is £1.85, please.
 - 5 Nine euros twenty? Here's ten euros. Keep the *money / change*.
 - 6 OK. Would you like anything / anyone else?

	Look at sentences 1-6 in exercise a. Who says these
	things in a café: the customer or the assistant?

1	customer
2	***************************************
3	
4	
5	
6	

- Complete the conversations with sentences 1–6 in exercise a.
 - 1 A: Can I have one of those, please?
 - **B:** One of these chocolate cakes? Yes, here you are.
 - 2 A: I'd like one cheese sandwich, please.

B: ____

A: Eat-in please.

A: Espresso, please.

4 A: Can I have one banana muffin, please.

D: _____

5 A: Can we have two pizzas, please?

B: _____

6 A: Right, that's 9 euros 20 cents.

B:

A: Oh, thanks very much!

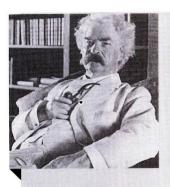
d 6.9 Listen and check.

Write a similar conversation. Use the phrases in exercise 14 and your own ideas.				

Past simple: was/were

1 Complete the sentences with was or were.			
	1	My grandparents <u>were</u> married for more the 50 years.	nan
	2	When I in Berlin last year, the weather very cold.	er
	3	How many people there at the party	?
		Where you on Saturday evening?	
		It a beautiful day in August. My famil and I on holiday at the seaside.	У
	6	George at school today?	
		How your first day at work?	
		It very nice to meet you, Mr Brown.	
2 a		ead the statements and decide if they are true (false (F). Correct the false statements.	(T)
	1	In 2012, the Olympic Games were in London.	T
	2	The Berlin Wall was in Russia.	F
	_	The Berlin Wall wasn't in Russia.	
		It was in Germany.	
	3	The winner of the 2012 US election was Mitt Romney.	
	4	The Beatles were famous in the 1940s.	
	5	The world football champions in 2010 were Spain.	
	6	Steve Jobs was the boss of Microsoft.	
	7	Nelson Mandela was the president of South Africa.	
	8	Daniel Radcliffe was in the James Bond films.	
Ь	6	7.1 Listen and check.	

3a Read about the famous people below. Complete the questions and write short answers.



Mark Twain

American writer

- born 1835
- died 1910

1	A:	Was	Mark Twain a	painter?
•		7 7 63 65		-

- B: No, he wasn't.
- 2 A: Was he American?
 - B: Yes, he was.



Charlie Chaplin

Film actor

- born London 1889
- died Switzerland 1977

3 A:	Charlie Chaplin born in the USA?
B:	
4 A:	he an actor?
B:	



The Marx Brothers

American comedians

- all born in
- Germany

5	A:	the Marx Brothers born in the USA?
	B:	
6	A:	they comedians?
	B:	



Anna Pavlova Russian performer – died 1931

7	A:	Anna Pavlova Russian?
	B:	
8	A:	she a singer?
	B:	



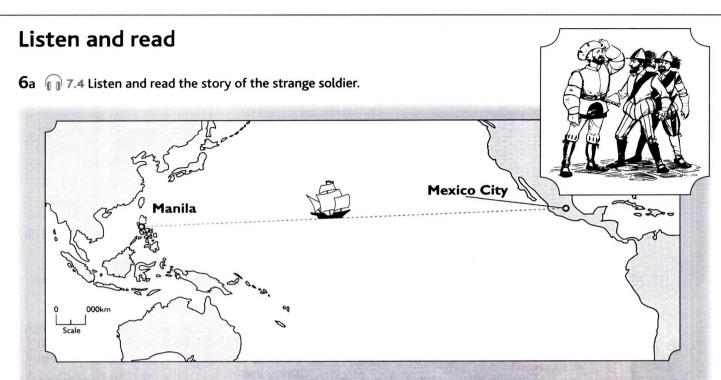
Pelé and JairzinhoBrazilian – the 1970 World Cup team

9	A:	Pelé and Jairzinho from Argentina?
	B:	
10	A:	they footballers?
	B:	

b 0.7.2 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions and answers.

4 a	Complete the conversation with was/wasn't (-) or were/weren't (+).		
		Hi. Where 1 <u>were</u> (+) you yesterday?	
		1 ² was (+) in the library.	
		What? No, you $\frac{3 \text{ weren't}}{2}$ (-) in the library!	
	B:		
		Well, I didn't see you. I 5 (+) there all day	
		from eight to five.	
	B:	No, that's not true. The library doesn't open at	
		eight o'clock. It opens at nine o'clock every day.	
	A:	(1) and a	
	_	nine to five.	
	B:	Really? Well, I 7 (+) there at one o'clock. And you 8 (-) there!	
		And you ° (–) there!	
	A:	Oh yes, that's right, too. 9 (-) in the	
	B:	library then. I ¹⁰ (+) in town. Who ¹¹ (+) you in town with?	
		(+) with Roberto We went for lunch	
	,	I^{12} (+) with Roberto. We went for lunch. Then I^{13} (+) in the library again from	
		two to five.	
	B:	Oh right. I ¹⁴ (–) there for long. I went	
		home at about half past one.	
	A:		
	B:	In the library. Where are you? In bed!	
	A:	in ded!	
5	Loc	7.3 Listen and check. ok again at the conversation in exercise 4a. Write a silar conversation and add different details.	

-			



The Strange Soldier

It was a beautiful sunny morning in Mexico City. The date was October 10th, the year was 1593.

In the main square of the city, soldiers stood in front of the Royal Palace. The people of the city came and went as usual. But there was something strange about one of the soldiers: he wore a different uniform from the others. When the other soldiers saw him, they began asking him questions. 'Who are you? Where are you from?' one of the other soldiers asked. 'I am a Spanish soldier,' he answered, 'and because the governor died last night, it is my job to stay in front of the palace here.' 'The governor?' one of the soldiers replied, 'Which governor?' 'The governor of Manila, of course.'

The other soldiers told him he was in Mexico City – thousands of kilometres from the city of Manila. The young soldier was amazed and had no idea how he came to be in a city so far from his home.

Nobody believed his strange story. In the end, they put the young man in prison, and left him there until they decided what to do.

Two months later, a Spanish ship arrived from Manila. It brought news that the governor of Manila was dead – and the time of his death was 10 p.m. on the evening of October 9th, 1593. Was the young man's story true?

Four hundred years later, no one knows how it was possible for a man to travel across the world in one night ... without knowing how or why.

Ь	Read the story again and put the events in	1 the
	correct order.	

- a The Mexican soldiers saw the strange soldier.
- **b** The governor of Manila died.
- c They put the strange soldier in prison.
- d A ship from Manila arrived in Mexico City.
- The strange soldier travelled from Manila to Mexico.

Vocabulary

Life events

7 Match 1–5 with a–e to make phrases. Then match 6–11 with f–k.

1	start	d	а	job
2	study		Ь	maths
3	move to		C	children
4	have		d	school
5	get a		e	a different town
6	go		f	married
	get		g	school
8	meet		h	business
9	leave		i	someone
10	start a		j	to university
11	graduate	П	k	from university

went	started	studied	met	got (x2)
moved	graduated	started	had	b

	Ruth Lawrence was born in Brighton, England. As a child, she didn't go to school. She had lessons with her father. She was very clever and very, very good at maths, and she "went to Oxford University. She "started university in 1983, when she
	was twelve years old. She
	maths. She
4 from Oxford Unit	versity after only two years
(students usually graduate a	fter three years). Then she
⁵ a job at Harvard	
But then she 6son	neone and they fell in love. His
name was Ari Naimark. Ruth	and Ari ⁷ married
and they 8 to Jerus	
children and their first child	
And what is her husband's in	h? He's a mathematician tool

Past simple: regular and irregular verbs

9 Write the Past simple form of the verbs.

1	like	liked
2	enjoy	
3	travel	
4	study	
5	look	
6	do	
7	play	***************************************
8	believe	
9	arrive	
10	try	
11	receive	
12	stay	

10 Complete the sentences with the Past simple form of the verbs in the box.

gradie	duate	study	change live	try	start	
				пеф	walk	
1		her <i>gradi</i> Universi	<u>uated</u> last ty.	t year. H	e was a	t
2			d War		1939	and
		_	rs later, in			
3	Elvis Pres 1977.	sley, the I	king of ro	ck'n'roll,		in
4	There we	ere no mo	ore buses	, so I		nome.
			hool, my			
		my hom				
6			n when I wery much		hool, bu	ut I
-			-			
1			ne you la	ast night,	, but the	ere was
	no answe					
8			oung mus		g Dwigl	nt
	-	_ his nam	ne to Elto	n John.		
9	I	in fina	nce for a	big com	puter co	ompany
	from 200			J		, ,
10	The com	poser Ch	opin was	born in F	Poland,	but he
			e for mai			

11 Complete the sentences with the Past simple form of the verb in brackets.

Three child stars of the past

Mozart ...

- 1 wrote (write) music when he was five years old.
- ²____ (leave) home when he was only 12 years old.
- 3_____ (go) to live in Vienna when he was 25 years old.

Shirley Temple ...

- 4______ (make) her first film when she was six.
- 5_____ (win) an Oscar in 1934.
- 6 (become) a politician in the 1970s.

Michael Jackson ...

- ⁷_____(begin) singing at the age of five.
- 8_____ (sing) with his four brothers in the Jackson Five.
- 9____ (sell) millions of records before he was 18.

Pronunciation Regular Past simple forms
Regular Past simple forms 14a Say the words and count the syllables. 1 started
15 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.
weekend this ago last years Tuesday when was
 1 What did you do last weekend? 2 My brother got married he was 20 years old. 3 I went shopping morning. 4 The film started ten minutes 5 Did you have a party on your birthday year? 6 My grandfather died four ago. 7 I saw a good film on 8 I graduated from university when I 21 years old. 16 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. in at from to on in (x3) ago 1 The economic situation in our country became much better in the 2000s. 2 The café is open 8:30 in the morning about eleven o'clock in the evening. 3 Vanessa started dancing lessons four years 4 We decided to have our holidays September, when it's not so hot. 5 the age of seven, Vanessa started meditation lessons. 6 I stayed at home Friday because I had so much work to do. 7 I was born 1993. 8 There was a war between the two countries

b 17.5 Listen and check.

S FACT OR FICTION?

Vocabulary

Adjectives to describe stories

Match the types of story in the box with pictures

romance science fiction action historical comedy



1 romance





3_





Find 10 more adjectives to describe stories in the word square.

F	U	F	D	В	R	0	Υ	E	Α	1	L
S	E	R	ı	0	U	S	Н	Α	N	Р	R
L	N	1	Ε	R	0	М	Α	Ν	Т	1	С
0	1	G	R	ı	R	G	Р	ı	Т	Е	Р
W	G	Н	Т	Ν	Т	D	Р	L	Υ	Е	٧
Ε	F	Т	0	G	Υ	В	Υ	М	K	X	Н
Х	В	Ε	ı	L	Ε	S	W	Т	U	С	J
Ε	Ε	Ν	J	0	Υ	Α	В	L	E	1	В
Ν	J	1	Υ	G	N	D	L	0	R	Т	С
F	J	Z	7	Υ	٧	Н	Q	Ν	М	1	W
Ν	Α	U	1	D	X	S	1	G	Υ	N	Α
0	F	Α	S	Т	М	0	٧	١	Ν	G	L

Past simple: negative form

3	Complete the sentences with the negative form the verb.								
	1	You ate the chicken, but you chips	didn't eat	_ the					

- chips.2 I enjoyed the acting in the film, but I ______the songs.
- **3** We visited the castle, but we _____ the museum.
- **4** I studied science at school, but I _____ history.
- 5 They had something to drink, but they _____ anything to eat.
- 6 She downloaded some music, but she _____ the film.
- 7 He talked about his job, but he _____ about his family.
- 8 | liked him, but | _____ his wife.

4 Make the sentences negative.

- 1 We had good weather when we were on holiday.

 We didn't have good weather when we were on holiday.
- 2 We went for a drive yesterday.
- 3 Ben remembered to buy a birthday card.
- 4 I heard the phone.
- **5** I checked my email yesterday.
- 6 | ate in a restaurant last night.
- 7 Amanda knew what to do.
- 8 The letter arrived this morning.



Fine	d and correct the mistakes in six of the sentenc	es.
1	We didn't went to the theatre at the weekend.	
2	We didn't go to the theatre at the weekend. I didn't speak English when I was a child.	1
3	I went to their house, but they wasn't at home.	
4	We didn't see the concert because they didn't have any tickets.	
5	I didn't finish my homework because I didn't had time.	
6	The wallet wasn't very expensive, but I didn't like it, so I didn't buy it.	
7	It wasn't a good story and we weren't interested in it.	
8	We weren't go out last night.	
9	The film didn't be very good, so I didn't watch it all.	
10	I didn't met my grandmother in the city yesterday.	

Vocabulary

Entertainment

6 There is one mistake in every line in the text. Add *to*, *for* or *a* in the correct places.

I had a great weekend. On Friday, I cooked dinner of some friends.

After dinner, we went of a musical. It was really funny.

I came back at about 11 p.m. and watched DVD at home.

On Saturday, I got up late. It was a nice day, so I went a walk.

Then my friend phoned and said, 'Do you want to go a party tonight?'

I said, 'Great! Let's go out dinner first.' We had a great evening.

On Sunday, I wanted to do something – maybe go the theatre

or perhaps go the cinema. But I was very tired, so I didn't go out.

I just stayed at home and read book. Sometimes you need to rest!

Past simple: question form

- 7a Use the prompts to write questions about famous people from the past.
 - 1 Shakespeare / write / Romeo and Juliet?
 Did Shakespeare write 'Romeo and Juliet'?
 - 2 Alexander Graham Bell / invent / email?
 - **3** Marilyn Monroe / sing / Candle in the Wind?
 - 4 Captain Cook / discover / America?
 - 5 Leonardo da Vinci / paint / the Mona Lisa?
 - 6 Madonna / play / Evita?
 - 7 Beethoven / write / pop songs?
 - 8 Laurel and Hardy / make / comedy films?
 - 9 Yuri Gagarin / travel / to the moon?
- b Write short answers for the questions in exercise a.

-	Yes, he did.		
_			
-		 	
-			
-			
-			
-			

c 8.1 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions and answers.



8a Look at the papers from Simon's business trip and write questions about his trip.

Ticket Reservation EUROSTAR STANDARD London St Pancras - Paris Nord (single) Departure: Time: 2:30 p.m. Date: 23/08 Journey time: 2 hours 16 minutes Price: £125.00

THE STATION BUFFET RESTAURANT PHONE: 020 734534554 1 set menu £14.50 + Service (10%) Total: £15.95

The Station Bookshop

London

23/08 13:58

Blue Guide to France English—French Dictionary 9.99

Total 14.98

1 A: <u>Where did he</u> go?
B: He went to Paris.
2 A: ______ travel?
B: By train.
3 A: _____ have lunch?
B: At The Station Buffet Restaurant.

4 A: _____ cost? **B:** £15.95.

A.

A: _____ at the station?

B: Some books.

6 A:_____buy?

B: Two.

7 A:_____leave?

B: At 2:30.

8 A: take?

B: Two hours and sixteen minutes.

b **8.2** Listen and check. Practise saying the questions and answers.

9 Find and correct the mistakes in the sentences.

- 1 Did you had a nice weekend?

 Did you have a nice weekend?
- 2 'Did you see Alistair at the party?' 'Yes, I saw.'
- **3** Did you bought a newspaper yesterday?
- 4 You listen to the news last night?
- 5 'Did you like the concert?' 'No, I didn't like.'
- **6** Did you lived in Poland when you were 13?
- **7** You use my computer this afternoon?
- **8** Do you listen to your parents when you were young?

Pronunciation

Linking

10a 8.3 Listen to the questions. Notice the linking in some of the questions between *did* and you/your.

- 1 Did it rain yesterday?
- 2 Did you get wet?
- 3 What did you see at the cinema?
- 4 How much did your ticket cost?
- 5 What time did the film start?
- 6 When did it finish?
- 7 Did your friends like it?
- **8** What did you all do after the film?
- b Listen again. Practise saying the questions.

Listen and read

11a 🔞 8.4 Read and listen to the text about a hero and heroine.

National heroes

Mustafa Kemal Atatürk

Mustafa Kemal Atatürk is the father of modern Turkey. He was born in 1881. He chose the army as a career and in 1915, during the First World War, he led the Turkish army at Gelibolu and Istanbul. By the end of the war, he was a hero



and from that time on, all of the Turkish people supported him. He led the Turkish army in the War of Independence (1919–1922) and in 1923, he became the first president of the new Republic of Turkey. During the last 15 years of his life, Atatürk introduced many reforms and did many things to improve life in Turkey. He died in November 1938, but today the people of Turkey still think of him with great respect.

and heroines

Florence Nightingale

A hundred and fifty years ago, most nurses did not study nursing.

But a British woman called Florence Nightingale tried to change all that. In the 1850s, she worked in a hospital for wounded soldiers in the Crimea (now Ukraine). People say she never slept, but spent all her time helping the men. The soldiers called her 'The Lady of the Lamp' because of the lamp she always carried as she walked around at night. When she returned to England, she began a school of nursing in London. She died in 1910.

Glossary: Gelibolu = Gallipoli; wounded = hurt in a battle or war

Ь	Read the text again and write questions	for the
	answers.	

1	A: When was Mustafa Kemal Atatürk born?
	B: In 1881.
2	A:
	B: He led the Turkish army at Gelibolu and Istanbul
	A:
	B: In 1923.
4	A:
	B : In 1938.
5	A:
	B : In the 1850s.
ŝ	A:
	B: 'The Lady of the Lamp'.
7	A:
	B: When she returned to England.

Language live

13

Arranging an evening out



12 Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

_	• • • •	prote tire co	······································	ins with the words in	I LITE DOX
fr	ee	want	Sounds	like	
bu	ısy	time	idea	How	
1	A:	Are you _f	ree_on F	riday?	
	B:	Sorry, I'm	th	en, but I'm not doir	ng
		anything o			0
2	A:	Do you	to go	out for a pizza?	
	B:	Good	I'm re	ally hungry!	
3	A:	abo	ut an eve	ning out tomorrow	/?
				od – let's go to a n	
4				o go to the cinema	
		Saturday at			
	B:	No, thanks.	Maybe a	nother?	
		e a similar o		ion. Use the phrase ideas.	s in

Writing

Arranging an evening out

14a Complete the message with the words in the box.

everyone	next	lt's	meeting
celebrate	See	let's	evening

Profile 🧘	Info # ***********************************	Messages 💆
Hi, ¹every	one!	
2 .	my birthday	on Thursday
3	week, so let	s have an 4 out
to 5	I want to	go to Pasta Express, so
6	meet there.	
The 7	time is ?	7:30. ⁸
you there!		
Helen xxx		
neien xxx		

- b 🔞 8.5 Listen and check.
- c Write a message to your friends to arrange an evening out in your town.

Profile 👤	Info ii mana	Messages 🗏	
-			
-			

Vocabulary Describing objects

1		omplete the sentences with a suitable word. The rst letter of each word is given.
	1	My brother stayed in a very expensive hotel. It was 6,000 euros a night!
	2	But my sister stayed in a very c hostel. It was only 15 euros a night.
	3	My mum gave me an o leather jacket. She bought it in 1970!
		She was wearing u shoes, so she took them off on the way home.
	5	Claire's got a very p dress. It's got red and blue flowers on it and it looks lovely.
	6	The plane's really f – it does the journey in just 25 minutes.
	7	My washing machine's very e It doesn't use much electricity, so it's cheap to use.
	8	Everyone wore glasses like that 15 years ago, but they are not very f now.
2	bo 	omplete the conversations with the words in the ox. comfortable easy to use powerful conomical unusual stylish
2	ur ec	DX.
2	ur ec	A: Does that chair feel nice when you're sitting on it?
2	ec	A: Does that chair feel nice when you're sitting on it? B: No, it's very uncomfortable.
2	ec	A: Does that chair feel nice when you're sitting on it? B: No, it's very <u>uncomfortable</u> . A: Small cars don't use very much petrol.
2	ec	A: Does that chair feel nice when you're sitting on it? B: No, it's very uncomfortable.
2	bo ur ec 1	A: Does that chair feel nice when you're sitting on it? B: No, it's very <u>uncomfortable</u> . A: Small cars don't use very much petrol. B: Yes, they're very They can save
2	1 2	A: Does that chair feel nice when you're sitting on it? B: No, it's very uncomfortable. A: Small cars don't use very much petrol. B: Yes, they're very They can save you money. A: People in Milan have really fashionable clothes. And all the shops look beautiful. B: Yes, it's a very city.
2	1 2	A: Does that chair feel nice when you're sitting on it? B: No, it's very uncomfortable. A: Small cars don't use very much petrol. B: Yes, they're very They can save you money. A: People in Milan have really fashionable clothes. And all the shops look beautiful. B: Yes, it's a very city. A: I only bought a new mobile this morning and I
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2	1 2 3 4 5	A: Does that chair feel nice when you're sitting on it? B: No, it's very uncomfortable. A: Small cars don't use very much petrol. B: Yes, they're very They can save you money. A: People in Milan have really fashionable clothes. And all the shops look beautiful. B: Yes, it's a very city. A: I only bought a new mobile this morning and I can already use it with no problems. B: Yes, it's very A: Is it true that racing cars can go from 0 to 200 km per hour in four seconds?

Grammar focus 1

CO	ııı	diative adjectives
3		d letters to make the comparative form of the ectives.
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	young <u>e r</u> eas big cheap health new happ
		slim
		quiet hot
4		e the prompts to make sentences. Use the mparative form of the adjectives.
	1	My mum / old / my dad
		My mum is older than my dad.
	2	Tea / cheap / coffee
	3	My new car / economical / my old car
	4	Janina / fashionable / Sara
	5	Her jewellery / pretty / her dress
	6	Castle Hotel / expensive / Beach View Hotel
	7	The shower in the hotel / powerful / the shower a home
	8	The new software / easy to use / the old software
	9	Tokyo in Japan / busy / Pisa in Italy
	10	My sister / tall / me

5a Read the two facts, then write a sentence using the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets.

- 1 The area of Brazil is 8.5 million km². The area of Australia is 7.6 million km². Brazil is bigger than Australia. 2 The Volga River in Russia is 3,600 km long. The Mississippi River in the USA is 6,000 km long. 3 Blue whales usually weigh about 130 tonnes. Elephants usually weigh about 7 tonnes. 4 The Pyramids in Egypt are about 4,000 years old. The Parthenon in Greece is about 2,500 years old. 5 The Eiffel Tower in Paris is 324 m tall. The Burj Khalifa in Dubai is 828 m tall. (tall) 6 The Akashi-Kaikyo Bridge in Japan is 1,991 m long. The Sydney Harbour Bridge in Australia is 503 m long. (long) 7 The price of gold is about \$50,000 per kilo. The price of silver is about \$1,000 per kilo. (expensive) 8 English has more than a hundred irregular verbs. Esperanto has no irregular verbs!
- b 9.1 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.



6 Find and correct the mistakes in five of the sentences.

1	Delhi is bigger than Bangalore.	1
2	Maths is easier that science.	
3	Maths is easier than science. A sports car is powerful than a scooter.	
4	The film was more interesting than the book.	
5	Ben's clothes are more stylish Harry's clothes.	
6	Pasta Express is expensive more than The Thai Place.	
7	The weather in January is worse than the weather in June.	
8	My new bed is uncomfortable than my old bed.	

Pronunciation

Stressed syllables

7a 9.2 Listen to the sentences. Notice the stressed syllables.

- 1 My phone was expensive.
- 2 But my watch was more expensive.
- 3 I'm nice.

(easy)

- 4 But you're nicer!
- 5 The film was good.
- 6 But the book was better.
- 7 I'm not very fashionable.
- 8 But my sister is more fashionable than me.
- 9 Flying there isn't economical.
- 10 It's more economical to go by train.
- b Listen again. Practise saying the sentences.

Superlative adjectives

8 Read the information about the Olympic athletes and complete the sentences. Use the superlative form of the adjective in brackets.



Roy Seagrove -

Rower

Age: 38

Height: 1 m 90 Weight: 95 kg

These are his fifth Olympic

Games

Three Olympic medals up to

now



Jim Bowen -Basketball player

Age: 19

Height: 1 m 95 Weight: 89 kg

First Olympic Games

Started playing basketball

three months ago



Jake Kay -Marathon runner

Age: 25

Height: 1 m 60 Weight: 51 kg

Silver medal in the last

Olympics



Karina Green -

Swimmer

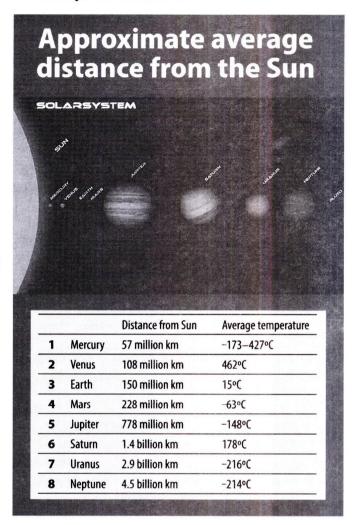
Age: 16

Height: 1 m 72 Weight: 57 kg

First Olympic Games

7 Roy Seagro	ve is the oldest	(old)
2	is	(young)
3	has got	hair. (long)
4	has got	hair. (short)
5	is	(tall)
6	is	(heavy)
7	is	(small)
8	is	(successful)

9a Complete the questions with the superlative form of the adjective in brackets.



1	Which is the neares	t (near) planet to the Sun?
2	What's the	(small) planet?
3	This planet has got o	ver 30 moons and it's
	(big) p	lanet in the solar system.
4	Which is	(hot) planet?
5	This is the	(far) planet from the Sun.
6	Which planet is	(near) to Uranus?
7	Which planet is	(close) to Earth?
8	Which is	(cold) planet?

b Look at the questions and picture in exercise a again. Can you answer the questions?

1	Mercury
2	
3	
4	
5	***************************************
6	
7	
Q	

10a Complete the joke with the comparative or superlative form of the adjective in brackets.

	tcher's in town and asked for			
	(big) chicken in the shop. The			
	lowed her a chicken and said 'This is			
3	(good) chicken in the shop,			
madam.' 'It's v	very small,' she said. 'Have you got a			
4	(large) one?' 'Just a moment,'			
said the shopkeeper. He took the chicken into				
another room.	In fact, it was the only chicken he			
had. So he put some sausages inside to make it look				
5	(big).			
'Here you are,'	he said. 'This is our			
6	(delicious) chicken. And you			
	's 7 (big) than the			
other. But I'm afraid it's also 8				
(expensive).'				
'Hmm but I'm not sure if it's 9				
	e other OK. Can I have both of them			
	E OUIEL ON CALL HAVE DOULOF MEM			

b 0 9.3 Listen and check.

Vocabulary

Shops and services

11a Put the letters in brackets in the correct order to make the names of shops.

1	You can buy steak at a <u>butcher's</u> . (brushtec'))
2	You can buy shirts, trousers and skirts at	
	a (loshcet posh)	
3	You can buy bread at a (akbers')	
4	You can buy stamps and send parcels at	
	a (stop coffei)	
5	You can buy medicine at a	
	(harmycap)	
6	You can have a haircut at a	
	(sderrahisser')	
7	You can buy a present at a	
	(figt ohps)	
8	You can take your clothes for cleaning at	
	a (ryd sercanel')	

b 0 9.4 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.



12 Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

Listen and read

13a 🕡 9.5 Listen and read the text about three machines you can buy to make your life easier.

THE THREE MOST INTELLIGENT MACHINES FOR YOUR HOME

Thanks to computer chips, you can now buy machines that can think!! Here are some of the best machines which can really make your life easier.



THE SMOOTHLINE D838 ROBOT VACUUM CLEANER

Do you like housework? No? Then this new robot vacuum cleaner is the machine for you. It can clean your living room automatically. It has a computer which tells it to go around objects such as chairs and table legs as it cleans

your floor. And if a person – or your pet dog or cat – comes too close, it stops automatically.

The Smoothline D838 Robot Vacuum Cleaner costs £1,800.



THE FZ SMART FRIDGE

A fridge which tells you what it's got inside and gives you ideas about what to cook for dinner!

A visual display shows you what's inside the fridge – you don't even have to open the door; and the fridge can also tell when food is too old to use. And if you haven't got any ideas about what to cook for your family this evening, just

touch the computer screen on the door of the fridge and you can look at over a thousand of your favourite recipes. You can also use it to send emails and to surf the internet!

The FZ Smart Fridge is more than just a fridge and costs only £999!



THE ULTIMATE POWER CONTROL SYSTEM

How many remote control units do you have in your house – for the TV, the DVD player, home audio? Now you can control everything in your house – from a light in the bedroom to your front door – using just one special remote control unit. It works with radio signals, so you can do everything in your

house without getting out of bed. You can even surf the internet, send emails, watch videos or listen to music with the Ultimate Power Control System's video screen.

The Ultimate Power Control System costs £45.

- b Read the text again and answer the questions.
 - 1 Which machine is the most useful?

 The Smoothline D838 Robot Vacuum Cleaner.
 - 2 Which machine is the cheapest?
 - **3** Which machine is the most useful for cooking ideas?
 - 4 Which machine is the most expensive?
 - 5 Which machine is the smallest?
 - **6** Which machine is the best one for people who hate housework?

Vocabulary

Clothes

1a Add letters to complete the types of clothes.

1	s <u>u i</u> t	b, c
2	t	b
3	sk _ rt	
4	b_s_b_llc_p	
5	trs_rs	
6	trn_rs	
7	sh _ r t	-
8	s _ ngl _ ss _ s	
9	j _ ck _ t	
10	j _ mp _ r	-

b Where do you wear the clothes in exercise a? Write a-d next to 1-11.

a on your head

11 dr_ss

- **b** on your upper body
- c on your legs
- d on your feet

2 Look at Bob, Paul and Marie. Who is wearing the clothes below?

1	trainers	Bob
2	a skirt	***************************************
3	a tie	
4	a shirt	
5	jeans	
6	a suit	
7	trousers	
8	a white jacket	
9	a jumper	







Pronunciation

Clothes

3a 10.1 Listen to the words in the box. Practise saying them.

1	tie	
2	baseball cap	
3	shirt	
4	sunglasses	
5	jacket	
6	jumper	
7	skirt	1
8	dress	
9	jeans	
10	shorts	
11	trousers	
12	trainers	

b 0 10.2 Listen to Ellie talking about what she is wearing. Tick (✓) the clothes from exercise a you hear.

Grammar focus 1

Present continuous

4 Write the -ing form of the verbs.

1	read	reading
2	study	
3	wash	
4	leave	
5	come	
6	stop	
7	look	
8	do	
9	stay	-
10	give	
11	plan	
12	write	



5 a	Look at the picture and	complete the sentences. Use
	the present continuous	form of the verb in brackets.

1	The robot _	is cleaning (clean) the living room.
2	Veronica _	(look) out of the window.
3	She	(talk) to someone on her mobil
	phone.	
4	The baby _	(sit) on the floor.
5	The baby_	(eat) the flowers.
6	Ronald	(have) a cup of tea.
7	He	(watch) television.
8	The two ol	der children (do) their
	homowork	

b 10.3 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

6a Complete the questions with question words.

1 <u>W</u>	<u>hat</u> are you doing?
2	are you going?
3	are you smiling?
4	are you talking to
5	are you reading?
6	are you watching?

b Match questions 1-6 in exercise a with answers a-f.

a	Because you look so funny!	[3
b	My brother.	
C	Oh, nothing, just a magazine.	
d	To my English class.	
e	Sh! It's my favourite programme.	
f	My homework.	

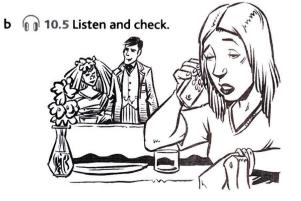
c 10.4 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions and answers.

7	Write	short	answers	to	the	questions	
---	-------	-------	---------	----	-----	-----------	--

1	A: Are you enjoying the party, Jo?
	B: Yes,
2	A: Is it raining outside?
	B: No,
3	A: Are your friends staying in this hotel?
	B : Yes,
4	A: Are you two coming with us?
	B : Yes,
5	A: Are you waiting to see the doctor?
	B : No,
6	A: Is Thomas driving?
	B : Yes,
7	A: Is she talking to us?
	R: No

8a Complete the conversation with the Present continuous form of the verb in brackets.

S =	= Sophie J = Jenny
S:	It's me, Sophie.
J:	Hi, Sophie. Where are you? What ¹ are you doing (you / do)?
S:	I'm at my sister's wedding.
	Fantastic! ² (you / enjoy) yourself?
S:	No, 3! 4(not
	have) a good time. It's awful!
J:	Why? What 5 (happen)?
	Well, there's the music, for a start. They
	6(play) this awful 80s music and
	oh no, I don't believe it! My dad
	⁷ (dance) with my mum's sister!
J:	How about your mum? 8 (she /
	dance), too?
S:	No, 9 She 10
	(not do) anything. She 11 (look) at
	my dad.
J:	Oh dear!
S:	Just a minute There's a very good-looking young
	man over there. There's a girl talking to him but he
	12 (not listen) and oh!
-	Sophie, what ¹³ (he / do)?
S:	He ¹⁴ (come over)! Talk to you



later. Bye!

Listen and read

9a 10.6 Listen and read the text about street style.

Style

Latest Fashion

Style Blog | News | Celeb Gossip | Contact

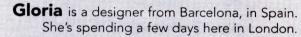
This week we went to South Molton Street to find out what young people are wearing when they go shopping.



Mina is from London:

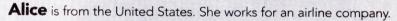
She's a student at the London College of Fashion.

'I'm wearing a pair of jeans from Michiko – it's a Japanese shop here in London.'
'I love Japanese clothes! The jumper is from Space, and I bought the jacket at Camden Market a couple of weeks ago. My bag and shoes were presents from my family. I like wearing clothes that are different, so I don't usually go shopping in big shops.'



'Because I'm a designer, I love making clothes for myself. I made this dress and the jacket, too! My sunglasses are from Spain, too. They're my favourite sunglasses, but I can't remember where I bought them! I'm looking for a bag which looks good with these clothes. I love shopping in London, but it's very expensive!'





'I travel a lot because of my job. I love my work because I can go shopping in lots of wonderful places. I bought this shirt in Milan and my trousers and shoes are from New York. As well as Italy and the United States, I love shopping here in London, too. I'm going to a shop called Puzzle – it's near here – to buy myself a new jacket.'

h		1	
		2	
-			
	4		
		#\ <u>`</u>	

D	Read	the	text	again	and	answer	the	questions.
---	------	-----	------	-------	-----	--------	-----	------------

1	Where is Mina from?
	She's from London.
2	What clothes does Mina talk about?
3	Where is Gloria from?
4	What is Gloria's job?
5	What clothes does Gloria talk about?
_	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
6	Where is Alice from?
7	What clothes does Alice talk about?
,	What clothes does Alice talk about?
8	Where did Alice buy her clothes?
_	There did race buy her clothes:

Grammar focus 2

Present simple or continuous?

10 Choose the correct answers.

- 1 Ms Parsons is not in the office today. **She works** / **She's working** at home today.
- 2 'Where do you come / are you coming from?' 'I'm Italian – from Milan.'
- 3 'Do you speak / Are you speaking Japanese?' 'Just a little.'
- 4 Don't forget your umbrella. *It's raining / It rains* again.
- 5 'Can you help me with the dinner?' 'Not now. I watch / I'm watching TV.'
- 6 In Great Britain, people drive / are driving on the left.
- 7 'Hi! What do you do / are you doing here?'
 'I'm waiting / I wait for a friend.'
- 8 Can I look at the newspaper now? Are you reading / Do you read it?
- 9 Can I phone you back later? We're having / We have dinner.



11a Look at the picture and choose the correct answers.

- 1 In this picture, four women **shop** / **are shopping** in a supermarket.
- 2 One of the women, Sally, carries / is carrying a shopping basket.
- 3 Sally works / is working in a hairdresser's.
- **4** In the picture, Sally *does / is doing* some shopping.
- 5 Jo and her friend Maggie *choose / are choosing* fruit.
- 6 Jo has / is having a baby.
- 7 The baby holds / is holding an apple.
- 8 Maggie and Jo look / are looking at the baby.
- **9** Ahmed is the shop manager. He *puts / is putting* things on the shelves in the picture.
- 10 Ahmed works / is working very long hours.
- **11** The woman at the front of the picture is Carrie. She **comes** / **is coming** from China.
- 12 Carrie studies / is studying business at university.
- 13 In the picture, she buys / is buying her lunch.

b 10.7 Listen and check.

12 Complete the questions with is, are, do or does.

1	s the si	un shining today?
2	Where <u>does</u>	_ she come from?
3	What book	you reading?
4	Why	they laughing?
5	you k	now Bob?
6	Where	_ you live?
7	Why	she doing that?
8	Who	he live with?

Vocabulary

Describing personality

13 Find the adjectives in the box in the word square.

confid	ent	boss	y	cheerful	det	ermined
easy-g	oing	frie	ndly	hard-	working	
kind	mo	ody	org	ganised	shy	sociable

C	С	F	Т	S	Q	Ε	F	K	S	F
0	D	Н	Т	Η	D	0	R	ı	0	Т
Ν	E	Α	S	Υ	G	0	1	Ν	G	Ε
F	Т	R	0	D	Α	R	Ε	D	0	0
1	E	D	С	М	D	G	7	F	С	D
D	R	W	1	F	G	Α	D	Т	S	W
Е	М	0	Α	S	Μ	Z	L	Ε	S	Ν
Ν	ſ	R	В	F	0	١	Υ	Н	L	S
T	N	K	L	В	0	S	S	Υ	Υ	G
F	Ε	1	E	E	D	Ε	0	L	Р	L
Т	D	Ν	G	R	Υ	D	S	Υ	Ν	Υ
Ε	G	G	С	Н	Ε	Ε	R	F	U	L

14a Choose the correct answer.

- 1 A: Dorota's got lots of friends. She goes out a lot and really loves parties.
 - **B**: Yes, I know. She's very **sociable**/ **moody**.
- 2 A: You're always smiling and you're always happy!
 - B: Yes, I'm a very reliable / cheerful person!
- 3 A: I arrived at work one hour late today.
 - B: Oh dear! What did your boss say?
 - A: She just said, 'No problem, you're here now, it's OK.'
 - **B:** You're lucky your boss is really *easy-going* / *hard-working*.
- 4 A: Sandra writes a list of all the things she has to do.
 - **B**: Yes, she's really *organised* / *shy*. And she never forgets anything!
- **5 A:** Little children are so *sociable / bossy*. My nephew's only three, but he tells me what to do all the time.
 - **B:** My son's the same. He says, 'Dad, come here! Dad, sit down!'
- **6 A:** My new neighbours are very *friendly* / *determined*. When I met them for the first time, they invited me for a cup of tea with them.
 - B: That's nice.
- 7 A: Are you worried about the exam tomorrow, Igor?
 - **B:** No, I think exams are easy. I'm very **confident** / **sociable**.
- b 10.8 Listen and check.

Language live

Asking for goods and services

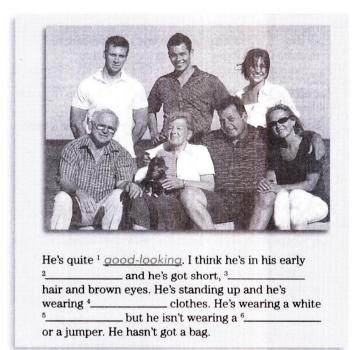
How size have please this too suits That's At the hairdresser's 1 A: I'd like a haircut, please. B: OK. Do you an appointment? A: Yes, I do. 2 A: How would you your hair cut? B: Not too long and not too short, 3 A: How much do I you? B: a hundred euros, please. How would you like to pay? A: By credit card, please. At a clothes shop 4 A: I tried this on, but it's small. Have you got this in a larger? B: Yes, here you are. 5 A: Look at this! do you think? B: It's great. It you. 6 A: I'll take one, please. B: OK would you like to pay? A: By credit card, please. 10 10.9 Listen and check. Write a similar conversation. Use the phrases in exercise 15 and your own ideas.	At the hairdresser's 1 A: I'd like a haircut, please. B: OK. Do you an appointment? A: Yes, I do. 2 A: How would you your hair cut? B: Not too long and not too short, 3 A: How much do I you? B: a hundred euros, please. How would you like to pay? A: By credit card, please. At a clothes shop 4 A: I tried this on, but it's small. Have you got this in a larger? B: Yes, here you are. 5 A: Look at this! do you think? B: It's great. It you. 6 A: I'll take one, please. B: OK would you like to pay? A: By credit card, please. 1 0.9 Listen and check. Write a similar conversation. Use the phrases in	haire	ut owe What like
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Writing

Describing people

17a Look at the photo and	complete the description with
the words in the box.	

		jacket		
casual	thirt	ies		



- b Which person does the text in exercise a describe?
- c Write a description of one of the people in the photo. Use some of the phrases in the box.

She's in her twenties/forties. He's in his teens/mid thirties. short/straight/medium length/blonde hair He/She's standing up/sitting down/holding a He/She's good-looking/slim. He/She's got curly hair/a ponytail.

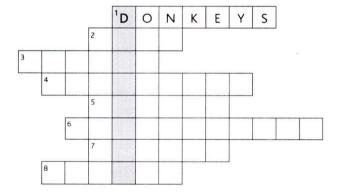
Vocabulary

Animals and natural features

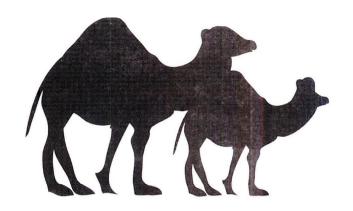
1a Use the clues to complete the grid with the animals in the box.

whales	camels	donkeys	chimpanzees
elephants	horses	dogs	snakes

- 1 These animals can carry things and people. They are smaller than horses.
- **2** Some people think these animals are 'a man's best friend'; they can smell very well.
- **3** These animals live in the desert and can carry things and people.
- **4** There are two kinds of these very large animals: Indian and African.
- 5 These are the largest animals in the world.
- 6 These animals eat bananas with their hands.
- 7 These animals don't have legs. Some live on land; some live in the sea.
- 8 People enjoy riding and racing these animals.



b Look at the grid. What's the mystery animal?



2a Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

¥e	lcano	sea	forest	beach	ocean
la		desert			
1		1,000 m			Hawaii. It is out it isn't very
2	Α	in	Siberia ha	s 31,500 k	m ³ of water and
		20 m dee			
3	Brazili	ans swin	n, have pa	rties and p	lay football on
			in Rio de		,
4					ot and has over
			n ² of sand		
5	This _		is the larg	est area o	f water in the
					tralia and Asia.
6					s in
	Ugano		O		
7	_		in	the world	goes through
		and Peru			0
8	This _		is less tha	n one per	ent of the size
					n Europe and
	Africa				

b Match places a-h with descriptions 1-8.

а	The Pacific Ocean	_5_
Ь	The Sahara Desert	
C	Lake Baikal	
d	Bwindi Forest	
9	The River Amazon	
F	The Mauna Loa Volcano	
g	Copacabana Beach	
h	The Mediterranean Sea	

Listen and read

11.1 Listen and read the text about the animal world.



The animal world

We do not know how many species of animal there are, as people are discovering new ones all the time. But most scientists think that there are about ten million different animal species in the world.

Giraffes are the tallest animals on Earth. A large adult male giraffe can be up to six metres tall. Thanks to its long legs and neck, it can eat the leaves from the tops of trees.

The smallest animals are called protozoa, which have only one cell and are so small that we cannot see them without a powerful microscope.

The smallest mammal is Savi's pygmy shrew - it is only six centimetres long, including its tail.

The goliath frog (Rana Goliath) of West Africa can be up to 75 centimetres long and weighs about 3 kilograms. The goliath beetle is probably the world's largest beetle; it weighs more than 100 grams - about the same as two eggs.

The ostrich is the world's largest bird. An adult ostrich is more than 2.5 metres tall, but it cannot fly.

The bee hummingbird is probably the world's smallest bird. It is just five centimetres long and weighs less than two grams. It can stay still in the air by moving its wings 20 to 50 times a second. One of the largest birds which can fly is the South American condor; its wings are three metres from end to end.

There are more than 50 different types of kangaroo in Australia. When it is born, a baby kangaroo is less than 2.5 centimetres long; but an adult kangaroo can grow to more than two metres in height.

In the mid-1860s, there were about 13 million bison living in North America. By the mid-1880s, there were only a few hundred. Today, there are about 500,000 bison in America, living in special parks.

4 Read the text again and answer the question	uestions
-----------------------------------------------	----------

- 1 About how many animal species are there in the world? Ten million.
- 2 How tall can an adult giraffe grow?
- 3 How long is the smallest mammal, Savi's pygmy
- 4 How much does a goliath frog weigh?
- 5 How tall is an adult ostrich?
- 6 How fast can a bee hummingbird move its wings?
- 7 How many types of kangaroo are there?
- 8 How many bison were there in America in the 1860s?
- 9 How many bison were there in America the
- 10 How many bison are there in America now?

Vocabulary

Big numbers

5a Write the words in numbers.

- 1 sixty thousand 60,000 2 five thousand six hundred 3 three thousand 4 three hundred and five 5 nine point six 6 two hundred and fifty-three thousand 7 sixty-two million
- 8 two hundred and forty-seven
- 9 two billion

10 80,000,000

10 nine hundred and sixty-three

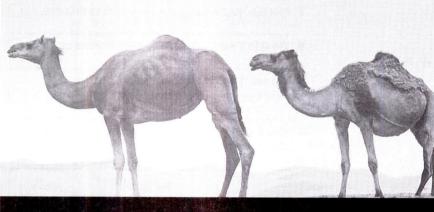
b Write the numbers in words.

1 53,000 fifty-three thousand 2 675 3,000,000 4 8.5 5 348 6 2,000,000,000 7 5,600 8 105 9 350,000

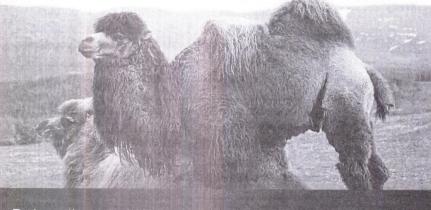
6 a	1 40 /50 2 505 / 105 3 700 / 7,000 4 230 / 2,300 5 300,000 / 400,000	cle the numbers you hear.	Grammar focus 1 Question words 9 Complete the questions with the question words in the box.
.	6 7,000,000 / 11,000,0		Where How long How How much What kind How many What When How old Which
Ь		e the numbers you hear.	
	1 704		1 A: <u>Where</u> is Brisbane?
	2		B: It's in Australia.
	3		2 A: of tree is that?
	4		B : It's a palm tree.
	5		3 A: did you go to South America?
	6		B: Four years ago.
	7 8		4 A: coat is yours?
	8		B: The long black one.A: was the film?
			B: Two and a half hours.
Pr	onunciation		
Ric	numbers		6 A: eggs do we need? B: About six.
שום	ilulibers		7 A: is your grandmother?
7-	(A) 41:-44-4b	anda in the hora Danation	B: She's 93.
/ a	saying them.	ords in the box. Practise	8 A:''s your sister's name?
	-		B: Maria.
	nine nineteen a h		9 A: do I switch this off?
	a million a billion		B: Press the red button.
			10 A: did your jacket cost?
ь	11 Eliston to the n	umbers. Practise saying them.	B: I can't remember. But it was expensive!
U			
	1 sixty	4 six thousand	10 Put the words in the correct order to make questions.
	2 six hundred		
	3 six hundred and five		1 are there / in / How / many / the USA / states ?
			How many states are there in the USA?
C		the numbers. Then listen and	2 did / films / How many / make / he ?
	check.		a football match / door / How / last / lang 2
	1 80	4 8,000,000	3 a football match / does / How / last / long ?
	2 8,000	5 8,000,000,000	the boxer / Mohammed Ali / born / was / Where ?
	3 80,000		4 the boxer / Monammed Att / both / was / where ?
			from / How far / here / your home / is ?
8	11.7 Practise saying	g the numbers. Then listen	2 Home How har hierer your home his :
	and check.		6 do / of / What kind / like / you / music ?
	1 1.5	5 1,000	3 do / or / fried killo / like / you / lilusic ;
	2 7.4	6 23,000	7 can / a / cheetah / fast / run /How ?
	3 80	7 300,000	
	4 103	8 10,000,000	8 the world / is / in / the biggest / ocean / What ?

11 Complete the questions with the words in the box.

ar	e did (x2) were can is do was
1	Where <u>are</u> my glasses?
	How you get to school this morning?
3	How often you go to the cinema?
4	How fast the motorbike?
5	How many people there at the party last night?
6	How many languages you speak?
7	When you start learning English?
8	Who president in 1978?



Ships of the desert



Perhaps they aren't the most beautiful animals in the world, but in the hot lands of North Africa and the Middle East they are certainly one of the most useful. But how much do you know about camels? Camels normally live for about 40 years, but they usually stop working when they are about 25.

Camels don't normally like running – it's too hot – but when they need to, they can run at 20 kilometres an hour.

The dromedary, or Arabian

camel, has got one hump. The Bactrian, or Asian camel, has longer hair and has got two humps. There are about 14 million camels in the world and most of them are dromedaries. An adult camel is about 2.1 metres tall and weighs about 500 kilograms. Camels can walk for more than 600 kilometres without drinking. They only need to drink water every six or eight days. But when there is water, they can drink up to 90 litres!

12 Read the text and write questions for the answers.

1	A:	How long do camels live ?
	B:	For about 40 years.
2	A:	When
	B:	When they are about 25.
3	A:	How
	B:	About 20 kilometres an hour
4		How
	B:	One.
5	A:	How
	B:	14 million.
6	A:	How
	B:	2.1 metres.
7	A:	How
	B:	About 500 kilograms.
8		How
	B:	More than 600 kilometres.
9		How
	B:	Every six or eight days.
10		How
	D:	Up to 90 litres.

13 Complete the sentences with How much, How many, Which or What.

1	<u>What</u> are you studying at university?
2	•
3	There's chocolate or vanilla ice cream for dessert do you prefer?
4	milk do you want in your coffee?
5	There's a bus at nine o'clock and another one at eleven o'clock is better for you?
6	time did you spend in Africa?
7	people were there at the meeting?
8	does a kilo of cheese cost?
9	is the capital of Vietnam?
10	kind of camel has got two humps?
11	languages do you speak?

__ did the tickets cost?

12



Quantifiers: a lot of, a little, a few, not any, not much, not many

14a Read the phone conversation between Pierre and his father and choose the correct answers.

- **D** = Dad **P** = Pierre
- D: So, what did you do at the weekend, Pierre?
- P: I had a party in my flat.
- D: Really? How many people did you invite?
- P: Well, I asked 'a few any friends.
- D: What, about five? Ten?
- P: No, I asked about 25 people.
- D: Twenty-five! That's ²a little / a lot of people! And your flat's very small you haven't got ³many / much space for 25 people.
- P: There weren't 25 people.
- **D:** Oh, that's good. So 4**a few / not many** people didn't come. Is that right?
- P: No, everyone came. But some people brought 5a few / a little friends, too.
- D: What?
- **P**: So, there were about forty people.
- **D:** What? Forty people in your very small flat? Oh no, poor you! That's terrible!
- P: No, it was brilliant!
- **D:** So, was it expensive? Did the party cost ⁶not much / a lot of money?
- P: No, it didn't cost me ⁷a few / any money!
- D: What? But 40 people eat *a lot of / not many food!
- **P:** No, they ate ⁹**a few / a little** bread and cheese, but that's all.
- D: But weren't they hungry?
- **P:** I don't know. I didn't have ¹⁰*much / a little* food in the fridge. So, they didn't eat much.
- D: So, what did you all do?
- P: We listened to ''a lot of / many really good music.
 And we enjoyed! It was brilliant!
- b 11.8 Listen and check.

15	Fin	d and correct the mistakes in five of the senten	ces.			
	1	I didn't take many photographs.	\checkmark			
	There isn't a much water in the river.					
	There isn't much water in the river.					
	3 There are a lot of big lakes in Canada.					
	4	I only have a little of time at the weekend.				
	5	Look! There was a lot of snow in the night.				
	6	You can see a lot of animals in your garden.				
	7	Maria's house has got a lot of the bedrooms.				
	8	We don't watch not many programmes on TV.				
	9 We went on an elephant safari, but we didn't see any elephants!					
	10	There weren't many of people at the station this morning.				
16	and anii	We didn't see many interesting plants on our wildlife holiday, but we saw <u>a lot of animals</u> I'm sorry, I'm very busy and can't meet you this week. I haven't got	girls			
	3	Ismail is very sociable – he's got 				
		I need to go shopping. I looked in the fridge, but it empty. There wasn't	was 			
		In John's class, there are only a few boys, but the are	ere			
	6	She drinks a lot of tea but she doesn't drink				



12 GOOD TIMES

Vocabulary

Celebrations and parties

Match descriptions 1–6 with the celebrations in the box.

national holiday birthday party wedding party religious holiday graduation party leaving party

1 All the schools were closed on Republic Day and hundreds of people dressed up in costumes and took part in a big parade through the town.

national holiday

- **2** Every year, people go to the temple. They buy pictures of Ganesh, the elephant god.
- **3** Anji wore a beautiful white dress and Tom wore a suit. They were a lovely couple. The band played and all the guests danced.
- **4** We had a little party to say goodbye to Alan after ten years in the office. Everyone said goodbye and wished him luck with the new job.
- 5 We had lots of parties at university, but this last one was bigger and better. All the new graduates dressed up and their parents came, too.
- **6** On the day I was ten, my school friends came to my house. My mother made me a cake and everyone sang *Happy Birthday*.



Grammar focus 1

going to for future intentions

2a Look at the pictures and write sentences about the people. Use *going* to and the phrases in the box.

have a baby have lunch take a bus go back inside read a newspaper paint the ceiling go to bed play tennis



1 She 's going to have a baby





P He



6 He



3 They



7 They



4 They ___



8 They

b 12.1 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

3a Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1 going / to / She's / new / buy / a / bicycle She's going to buy a new bicycle.
- 2 What / to / tomorrow / are / you / going / do?
- 3 isn't / have / to / a / going / She / party / leaving
- 4 Are / you / to / shower / a / have / going?
- 5 We're / to / go / for / not / going / a / walk
- 6 Bob / are / going / and / I / business / to / start / a
- 7 to / come / going / to / aren't / They / the / party
- 8 Why / you / going / aren't / house / to / move ?
- b 12.2 Listen and check.

Complete the sentences with going to and the word in brackets.

- 1 Mathias is 14 next month. He <u>'s going to have</u> (have) a birthday party.
- 2 I've got a plane ticket. I _ (fly) to Hawaii.
- 3 Good news: Chris and Jane are engaged! They _____ (get) married next August.
- 4 My dad's a teacher. But I ___ (not be) a teacher – I _____ (be) a businessman.
- 5 They went out for a meal at Fat Harry's Restaurant. But the food was expensive and not very good, so (not eat) there again.
- 6 We've got opera tickets for tonight. We
- (see) *Rigoletto* by Verdi.
- party. It's a long journey and the party starts very
- _____ (stay) at home tonight.

Pronunciation

Weak forms of to

12.3 Listen to the pronunciation of to with the weak form /tə/. Practise saying the sentences.

- 1 We're going to go to France next year.
- 2 I'm going to study maths at university.
- 3 My sister's going to be a dentist.
- 4 What time are you going to come home tonight?
- 5 We're not going to have any parties this year.
- **6** She's going to go to the hairdresser's tomorrow.
- 7 What are you going to see at the cinema?
- 8 There's going to be a big parade.

Vocabulary

Weather and seasons

Read the sentences and describe the weather.

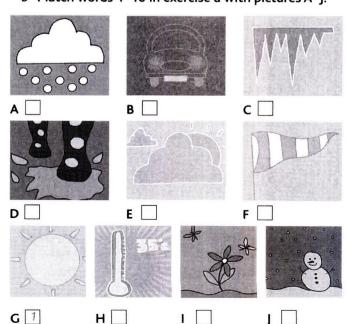
- 1 You're going to need your umbrellas if you go out. It's raining./It's wet.
- 2 Can you pass me my sunglasses? That's better. Now I can see!
- 3 Thirty-five degrees? Let's go for a swim!
- 4 Please drive carefully. In some places you can't see more than five metres.
- 5 What a beautiful spring day! Let's go for a walk.
- 6 The weather's not too bad today; there's no sun, but it isn't raining.
- 7 Look outside! The garden is completely white!
- 8 Put on your warm clothes if you go out.
- 9 All the leaves are falling off the trees!

7a Add letters to complete the types of weather and seasons.

- 1 h o t **6** spr__g 2 fog__ 7 r__ning
- 3 sno__ng 8 i_y **4** c___d 9 wind **10** cl__dy

5 w_nt_r

b Match words 1-10 in exercise a with pictures A-1.



J

H

Listen and read

8a 12.4 Listen and read the world weather report.



March 15th

There was heavy snow and windy weather in Chicago on Monday and there was also heavy rain on the west coast of the United States, particularly in and around the city of San Francisco.

Things were no better on the other side of the world, in Australia. There was extremely heavy rain in the state of Queensland, with 475 mm of rain falling in just five days.

In south-west Europe, there was more hot, sunny weather with the town of Jerez de la Frontera in the south of Spain the hottest place. The temperature was 30 degrees, the warmest so far this year. It wasn't all good news in Europe, however. There was heavy snow in the Balkans and parts of northeastern Italy on Monday and Tuesday. Things are getting a little better in the city of Irkutsk, in eastern Siberia, however: the temperature went above zero degrees for the first time since last November.

b Read the report again and complete the table.

	What was the weather like?	Extra information
Chicago	snow, windy	
San Francisco		
Queensland		475 mm of rain in five days
Jerez de la Frontera		
The Balkans		
North-east Italy		
Irkutsk		

Grammar focus 2

would like to and want to for future wishes

9		omplete the sentences with the correct form of ant to.		
	1	<u>Do you want to</u> (you) go to the cinema this evening? There's nothing good on TV.		
	2	I'm really not hungry. I		
		eat anything, thank you.		
	3	Valerie isn't going to look for a job when she leaves school. She go to		
		university.		
	4	of coffee when the lesson finishes?		
	5	walk before we have dinner? (your friends) go for a		
		walk before we have dinner?		
	6	Patricia is very tired. She		
		go home and go to bed.		
	7	He be a waiter, but it's		
		the only job he can find.		
	8	What (you) do tonight?		
		would like / a footballer / to be / when he's older / Stephen Stephen would like to be a footballer when he's older.		
	2	to / you / us / like / join / Would ?		
	3	We'd / book / like / to / please / a table,		
	4	want / doesn't / stay / at home / to / Marc		
	5	this evening / to see / like / film / Which / would you ?		
	6	a / taxi, / order / I'd / to / please / like		
	7	We / here / to / stay / want / don't		
	8	in the park / you / Would / like / for a walk / to go ?		
b		12.5 Listen and check. Practise saying the entences.		

11 Correct the sentences. Add one extra word.

would

- 1 Françoise A like to go to Japan one day.
- **2** Lisa's very shy. She doesn't to go to the party.
- 3 Where do you want go?
- 4 Would you to go out for lunch?
- 5 Chris isn't enjoying his holiday he to go home.
- 6 What does he want do after university?
- 7 What would you like do tomorrow?
- 8 I like to find another job.

12a It is 9 a.m. on Wednesday. Put the future time expressions in the box in the correct order.

	tonignt	next mont	n
tomorrow evenin next week th	-	ear tom	orrow morning
9 a.m. Wednesd	ay		
1	this a	fternoon	
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			

- b It is now 4 p.m. on Friday 7th November 2014. What's another way to say:
 - 1 10 a.m., Saturday 8th November?

tomorrow morning

- 2 9 p.m., Saturday 8th November?
- The week 10–16th November?
- 4 Saturday and Sunday 8th and 9th November?
- 5 December 2014?
- 6 2015?
- 7 10 p.m., Friday 7th November?

Writing

Information to promote a festival

13 Look at the poster and write sentences about the festival. Use going to and some of the words and phrases in the box. Add your own ideas.

... are going to play ... We've got a lot of ... Visit our ... There's/There are going to be ... Find out more take part in competition band entertainer parade



Suggestions and offers

14a Complete the sentences with	the
words in the box.	

٥,	nall 'll et's Wh	about ny	don't
2	g	cook somet o to a footb we pho kets?	oall match.
4		going t	o the music d?
5	1	ask Sarah te	o come.
6	d	on't you m	ake some

- b Match questions 1–6 in exercise a with answers a–f.
 - a Yes, OK then. We all love sport.
 - **b** That sounds like a good idea. I'm hungry.
 - **c** OK. My favourite band is playing on Saturday.
 - **d** No! I made it last time! Why don't you make it?
 - **e** No, let's get the tickets online. We can save money.
 - **f** Good idea. Have you got her phone number?
- c 112.6 Listen and check.



15a Complete the conversation with the words in the box.

shall	Let's	sounds	don't	about	we	Why	Shall
		Anna N =					
	_	ody, what 1			_	-	
		e – it depend				-	je?
-		te No, no	-			_	
		don't we sta					
		t we can do.			look at	the guide	ebook. I'm
		find some i					
		like a g		. Well, ther	e's the	Museum	of Country
		th					
N: Hm	ım is t	here anythi	ng more	exciting?			
D: We	ll, why ⁶ _	we	e go to A	qua World	?		
N: Yes	, that so	unds better.	7	we go t	here?		
A: All	right. It'l	l be fun.					
M: Sha	all ⁸	book ti	ckets on	line? It's pr	obably	cheaper.	
D: Go	od idea.	So, everyone	s happy	/!			

b 12.7 Listen and check.

16	Write a similar conversation. Use the phrases in exercise 15 and your
	own ideas.

13 LIVE AND LEARN

Vocabulary

School and university subjects

Match textbook extracts 1–16 with the subjects in the box.

design and technology engineering geography performing arts languages business studies science medicine law history information technology leisure and tourism literature media studies economics maths

It is easy to make a wooden table.

1 design and technology



To understand how buildings and bridges stand up, we need to remember that the great engineers ...

The Atlantic Ocean is between Europe and America.

3

any people would like to open a business. So why do only a few people do it? There are three reasons ...

4 .

Water is H₂O.

5



Doctors only give antibiotics and other medicine when it is necessary.

6

French, Danish, Dutch and English all have the same word for taxi, with the same spelling. 7

After about three minutes, the dancers move faster, the musicians play faster and the lights become brighter.

8

In 1492, Columbus sailed west and landed in America.

9

A computer's memory is in microchips. One kind is ROM (Read Only Memory), and this ...

10

Lawyers often remember the case of Smith versus Hankton in 2012. The judge sent Hankton to prison because ...

11

n 2011, 29 million foreign visitors went on holiday to Britain. This was 30 percent more than in 2001. But these visitors stayed for a shorter time. This was because the ...

12

In his play Romeo and Juliet, Shakespeare wrote some beautiful poetry.

13

If a country has oil or gas, this is, of course, good for the economy.

14 _

 $875 \div 43 = 20.3488$

15

20 years ago, people advertised in newspapers, in magazines and on TV. Today, we advertise online. But is online advertising really cheaper and better?

16

have to and don't have to

2	Complete the sentences about the airline staff with	have/has to or
	don't/doesn't have to.	

1 He <u>has to</u> 2 He	of the cabin crew look after passengers use a computer.	
3 He	_ look smart.	
George is a pilot.		
4 He	_ fly the plane.	
5 He	_ serve food.	
5 He	_ wear a uniform.	

		18.	•
	(Ve	T	
_2		A	

- Alizia and Meera work at the airline's call centre near London.
 7 They ______ wear a uniform.
- 8 They _____ travel a lot.
- **3**a Use the prompts to make questions with *have to*. Then write short answers for the questions.

1	Bruce / look after the passengers?
	A: Does Bruce have to look after the passengers?
	B: Yes, he does.
2	he / use a computer?
	A:
	B:
3	he / look smart?
	A:
	B:
4	George / fly the plane?
	A:
	B:
5	he / serve food?
	A:
	B:
6	he / wear a uniform?
	A:
	B:
7	Alizia and Meera / wear a uniform?
	A:
	B:
8	they / travel a lot?

b 13.1 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions and short answers.

4a Look at the table and complete the sentences about Denmark and Danish people. Use have/has to and don't/doesn't have to.

	In Denmark	In my country
1 Do men have to join the army?	/	
2 Do women have to join the army?	X	
3 Does a new driver have to take a driving test?	1	
4 Do people have to go to school when they are 17?	×	
5 Do schoolchildren have to study English?	1	
6 Do you have to have a passport to leave the country?	X	
7 Does there have to be an election every year?	×	

Men <u>have to</u> join the arm	n
Women join the	
army.	
A new driver tak	e
a driving test.	
People go to	
school when they are 17.	
Schoolchildren	
study English.	
You have a	
passport to leave the country.	
There be an	
election every year.	
	Women join the army. A new driver tak a driving test. People go to school when they are 17. Schoolchildren study English. You have a passport to leave the country. There be an

b Complete the table in exercise a about your country. Then write sentences about your country using have/has to and don't/doesn't have to.

1	Men
	Women
3	A new driver
	People
5	Schoolchildren
	You
	There

Pronunciation

have to

- 5 13.2 Listen to the pronunciation of *have to* in the sentences. Practise saying the sentences.
 - 1 Sorry, but I have to go now.
 - 2 How long do you have to wait?
 - 3 We have to get some petrol.
 - 4 She doesn't have to make an appointment.
 - 5 They have to get up at 5 o'clock tomorrow.
 - 6 You have to see this film it's brilliant!
 - 7 I'm lucky I don't have to work long hours.
 - 8 You don't have to earn lots of money.

Vocabulary

Education and training

- 6 Match 1–10 with a–j to make phrases.
 - 1 fail
 - 2 get into
 - 3 get
 - 4 do
 - 5 choose
 - 6 apply
 - 7 have an
 - 8 train
 - **9** be
 - 10 earn
 - a a course (in media studies)
 - **b** money
 - c university
 - **d** a career (in engineering)
 - e an exam
 - f for a job or course
 - g to be (a chef)
 - h interview
 - i a university degree
 - j unemployed
- 7 Choose the correct answers.

More and more people in the UK are getting 'into' / at university. In the past, men often applied 'for / to courses in engineering or science and women trained to 'do / be nurses and teachers. But this has changed and women are now 'ordering / choosing different careers. More women are now doing courses 'in / to engineering, maths and information technology.

At university, women do better than men. More men than women fail their 'universities / exams. And more women 'get / give a degree (50 percent of women, but only 40 percent of men). So one thing is difficult to understand: why do men 'earn / do more money than women?

8		e th			site for you and answ		people. vith the wo	ords
	failed interview	do	deg earn	gree a	into applied	in	'm	
0	00							
	Carc		r o	dv	icα			

	failed my exams at school. So now I university and I'm worried.
can't get 2	
	,
A	
everyone. Yo colleges, so)	good for some people. But it's not for ou can ³ lots of courses at you don't have to go to university. The ning is to choose ⁴ career first. In decide.
Q	
unemployed it's for a job	in the summer and now I ⁵
A	
Sharon, lots worry! Just	of people don't like interviews. Don't tell them why you ⁷ for the jobou're good at. And good luck!
Sharon, lots worry! Just	tell them why you ⁷ for the job
Sharon, lots worry! Just and what you O Hi! But I do or do a cou	n't know what to do: start a job in a bank rse 8 economics at university? lots of money in my career.

hard!

Listen and read

9a 13.3 Read and listen to the text about the five ages of English.

The five ages of English

1 Old English

From about the 9th century, the Vikings, who lived in what is now Sweden, Norway and Denmark, began to arrive in the north of England. The language people spoke began to change. In the south of England, people began to translate books from Latin into English.

2 Middle English

In 1066, the Normans invaded England and French became the official language. Most educated people had to speak three languages: French, Latin and English. At this time, English literature began to develop. One of the most famous writers was the poet Geoffrey Chaucer, in the 14th century. His language is a little like the English of today.

3 Early Modern English (1450-1750)

This period includes the time of William Shakespeare, England's greatest writer. By the end of the 17th century, great scientists like Isaac Newton wrote in English, not in Latin. The British Empire began and the English language travelled across the Atlantic to North America and across Asia to India.

4 Modern English (1750-1950)

English was now a national language. The first dictionary, *Johnson's Dictionary*, appeared in 1755 and the first grammar books appeared soon after. As the British Empire grew in the 19th century, English became a more international language. People began to learn English around the world. The first English language textbooks appeared in the 1930s.

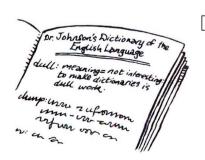
5 Late Modern English (from 1950)

Now, English language teaching is an important international industry. After World War II, the United States became the most important economic and cultural power in the world and a world market in audio-visual communication began. CNN International began in 1989 and the internet developed in the 1990s. English became a global language, with about two billion speakers.

b Read the text again and match pictures A-E with paragraphs 1-5.



A Isaac Newton



D Dr Johnson's dictionary



B newsreader on CNN



E knight reading Chaucer



C Vikings talking to each other

might and will

1	Oa	Rewrite	the	sentences	using	miaht	or might	not.
-								

1	Pernaps we'll go swimming this afternoon.
	We might go swimming this afternoon
2	It's possible that the plane will arrive late.
	The plane
3	Maybe you'll be rich one day if you work hard.
	You
4	It's possible that I won't be able to come to class
	next week.
5	I possibly won't see Frank this weekend.
	l
6	Perhaps Philip won't stay until the end of the
	course.
	Philip
7	The government will possibly change soon.
	The government
8	Maybe the exam won't be as difficult as you think.
	The exam

- b 13.4 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.
- **11** Put the words in brackets in the correct order to complete the sentences.

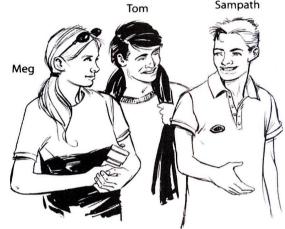
	those dark clouds.	
2	Whatuniversity?	(do / will / you) after
3	Oh no!time.	(won't / We / be) on
4	What timework tonight?	(will / finish / he)
5	the party?	_ (be / Will / there) any food at

1 I think _____ it will rain____ (rain / it / will) — look at

- 6 Sorry, but ______ (I / get / 'll) home late tonight.
- 7 _____ (Will / need / I) an umbrella?
- 8 She doesn't work very hard ______(won't / she / pass) her exams.
- **12** Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
 - 1 a / be / It / tomorrow / will / nice day

 It will be a nice day tomorrow.
 - 2 time / won't / There / to stop for lunch / be
 - We'll / you / again / week / see / next
 - 4 need / your / You / umbrella / won't

- 5 be / tomorrow / I / work / at / won't / Sorry, but
- 6 soon / There / be / an election / will
- 7 I / do / a / might / IT / course / in
- 8 be / here / might / not / the / at / They / weekend
- 13 Look at the information about three school friends who have just finished their exams. Write sentences with *might*, *might* not, will probably or won't.



	Holiday?	University?	Job?
Meg	Spain with my parents	next year	all my family are doctors, but it's not for me!
Tom	no plans – Italy maybe?	maybe not!	for my father's company
Sampath	no time	not sure – perhaps get a job abroad instead?	who knows – an actor?

- 1 Meg <u>will probably go to Spain with her parents</u> . (go to Spain)
- 2 Tom _____ (go to Italy)
- 3 Sampath

(have time for a holiday)

4 Meg

- (go to university)
- 5 Tom _____ (go to university)
- 6 Sampath _____ (get a job abroad instead)
- 7 Meg _____ (become a doctor)
- (work for his father's company)
- (work for his father's company)

 9 Sampath ______
 - (become an actor)

14 KEEP IN TOUCH

Vocabulary

Ways of communicating

- 1 Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 She has to make / do a phone call.
 - 2 I've updated my *landline / status* on my social networking site.
 - **3** You made a mistake you didn't send the **attachment** / **internet**.
 - 4 I always keep my smartphone / laptop in my pocket.
 - 5 We got our first internet *pick up / connection* in 1999.
 - 6 Where can I buy a tablet computer / an email?
 - 7 My brother and I use video chat / talk a lot.
 - 8 I phoned her, but she didn't answer, so I left her a voice message / an attachment.

Grammar focus 1

Present perfect (unfinished time)

2a Complete the grid with the past participles of the verbs. What is the mystery phrase?

1	sleep	6	take	11	give
2	make	7	drive	12	keep
3	lose	8	write	13	tell
4	stand	9	say	14	become
5	speak	10	come	15	992

15	L	E	P	Т		
		2				
	3					
		4]
		5				
		6				
		7				
8						
	9					J
	L		10			
		11				
	12]
	13					
		14			T	
			15			

3 Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect form of the verb in brackets.

1	Martin _	has sent	_ (send) hundreds	of emails	to				
	his favourite singer, Kyla.								

- 2 Mark and Yumiko _____ (see) all of Kurosawa's films.
- 3 Oh no! I _____ (leave) the tickets at home!
- 4 Terry Guy _____ (write) more than 20 books.
- **5** Wei Tzu _____ (lose) her keys six times this year!
- 6 | (not read) any of Shakespeare's plays, but I'd like to.
- 7 I'm sorry, but I ______ (forget) your name.
- **8** We _____ (check) our computers, but we cannot find your name.
- 4 Look at the table. Complete the sentences about the Women's Soccer World Cup with the Present perfect form of the verb in brackets.

Wom	en's Socce	er World Cup			
Year	Venue	Winners	Goals	Losers	Goals
1991	China	USA	2	Norway	1
1995	Sweden	Norway	2	Germany	0
1999	USA	USA (won on penalties)	0	China	0
2003	USA	Germany	2	Sweden	1
2007	China	Germany	2	Brazil	0
2011	Germany	Japan (won on penalties)	2	USA	2

- 1 There <u>have been</u> (be) six World Cups up to now.
- 2 The USA _____ (win) the competition twice.
- **3** They _____ (not have) the competition in South America.
- **4** Germany _____ (play) in three World Cup Finals.
- **5** The World Cup _____ (be) in China twice.
- **6** There _____ (be) two World Cups in Europe.
- **7** Germany and the USA _____ (play) in three finals.
- **8** China, Brazil and Sweden _____ (not win) the World Cup.
- **9** Norway _____ (score) three goals in the World Cup Finals.
- 10 There _____ (be) two finals which finished in a penalty competition.

5a Read the text and complete the questions. Then write short answers.



Richard Marshall and his wife Elaine are retired. Recently, they moved to a new house in Hexham, a town near Newcastle in the north of England. Richard was born in Hexham, but Elaine is originally from Aberdeen, a town in the north of Scotland.

Gordon Marshall, Richard and Elaine's son, was born in Newcastle, but he now lives with his wife and daughter in Leeds, a town about 150 km away, where he is a teacher. He's also worked abroad - he worked in a restaurant in France when he was younger.





Sarah Marshall, Gordon's wife, has always wanted her own business. Her daughter Rebecca left school last year and now they're in business together. She and her mother have opened a new sandwich shop called Crusts in Leeds city centre. It's the first time they've worked together!

1	A :	Has Richard always lived in Hexham?
	B: .	Yes, he has.
2	A:	Elaine ever lived in another town?
	B:	
3		they always lived in the same house?
	B:	
4	A:	Gordon always been a teacher?
	B:	
5		he ever worked abroad?
	B:	
6	A:	Gordon and Sarah always lived in Leeds?
	B:	
7		Sarah had her own business before?
	B:	
8		Rebecca left school?
	B:	

b 14.2 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions and short answers.

Vocabulary

Technology

6 Add letters to complete the technology words.

1	u_ld
	inn_t ass
3	user
4	Wi hsp_t
5	avi s w _ re
6	d nl ed
7	pwd
8	hk_r
9	V S

7

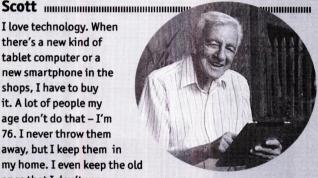
9 vs	
Complete the sentences witechnology words from exe	
1 I took some photos at the yesterday – I'm going to <u>upload</u> the	
website now.	
2 Does the hotel have a	
?11	have to
check my email.	
3 Ah	ad my
username and password	
accessed my bank accou	nt.
4 I lost all my files because	
my computer had a	
·	
5 I need to buy some	
Then my computer will b	e safe.
6 I'm a typical	e sare.
I send emails, use video o	hat and
surf the web, like most p	
7 Yesterday we	
3	ne great
songs from the internet.	6.000
8 If you forget your	
·you .o.govyou.	
we can email it to you; ju	ust
give us your email addre	ss or
username.	
9 Sometimes I can't	
	internet
at home. I have to shut o	
computer and then start	it again.

Listen and read

114.3 Read and listen to the text about how three people keep in touch with friends and family.

Keeping in touch

I love technology. When there's a new kind of tablet computer or a new smartphone in the shops, I have to buy it. A lot of people my age don't do that - I'm 76. I never throw them away, but I keep them in my home. I even keep the old ones that I don't use.



I only use one mobile, one tablet and one desktop computer. I use them a lot - I download films and music and I use social networking sites a lot. It's a good way to keep in touch with old friends. And it's helped me to make a lot of new friends, too.

Gerry

I live in Toronto, but my son and his kids live in New Zealand. I go there or they come to visit me every year. But we speak most days - video chat helps us to stay in touch. I think the kids

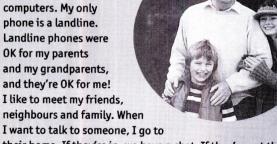
- my grandchildren - like speaking to me on the screen.

They're always very chatty and sociable.

But when we meet in Toronto or in New Zealand, they're shy. When I was young, my friends and I met and talked. Now young people go online. The world's changing!

Delvin

I love people and I hate computers. My only phone is a landline. Landline phones were OK for my parents and my grandparents, and they're OK for me! I like to meet my friends,



their home. If they're in, we have a chat. If they're not there, I come back home. I don't mind - I like walking! My sons and my grandchildren are always saying, 'Come on, you have to get a computer, you have to get a mobile - then you can do video chat!' Well, I don't want to use mobiles and computers and smartphones and the internet! I'm happy as I am.

Read the text again and answer the questions.

- 1 Who uses the internet to contact his family?
- 2 Who has a lot of electronic devices in his home?
- 3 Who thinks that technology is changing how people communicate?
- 4 Who doesn't have a mobile?
- 5 Who has more friends now because of the internet?
- 6 Who prefers to meet people than communicate with technology?

Grammar focus 2

Present perfect (with ever)

10aComplete the questions with the Present perfect form of the verbs in the box.

	d e	visit	be	have	buy	meet		
	2 3 4 5	 1 Mum, have I ever <u>done</u> anything really bad? 2 Have you ever a painting from an artist? 3 Has there ever a female Prime Minister in the United Kingdom? 4 Have you ever a famous person? 5 Has your computer ever a virus? 6 Have you ever Ireland? 						
Ь	M	atch quest	ions 1-	-6 in exer	cise a w	ith answers	a–f.	
		No, I haven't. I'm not really very interested in art. 2 Yes, you have! When you were about two years old, you were very naughty!						
	C	No, it hasn't. I've got anti-virus software on it.						
	d	Yes, there has. Margaret Thatcher in the 1980s.						
	e	Yes, I have a great tin		to Dubli	n last ye	ear and I had		
	f	No, I have but I didn'			William	s in concert,		

c 114.4 Listen and check.

11a Find and correct two mistakes in each conversation.

- 1 A: Have you ever be in love?
 - B: Yes, I've. It was when I was 16.

A: Have you ever been in love?

B: Yes, I have. It was when I was 16.

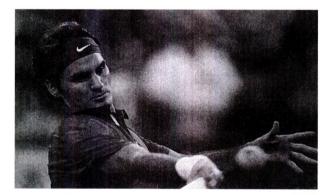
- 2 A: Have you ever lose your wallet?
 - B: No, I've never lost my wallet, but I has found some money on the street.

3 A: Has your mum and dad ever travelled by plane? B: Yes, they were. They've flown to the USA twice.

4 A: Has ever it snowed in Saudi Arabia?

B: No, hasn't.

- b 14.5 Listen and check.
- 12 Complete the questions with the Present perfect form of the verb in brackets. Then write short answers.



1 Roger Federer

1 A: Has he ever won (ever / win) an Olympic medal?

B: Yes, <u>he has</u>.

2 A: ______ (ever / act) in a film?

B: No, ______ .



2 Brad Pitt and Angelina Jolie

3	A:	(ever / visit)
	Namibia?	,
	B : Yes,	
4	A:	(ever / live) ir
	Russia?	
	R. No	



3 Rinat Shaham

5 A:_ (ever / sing) at the Royal Opera House in Covent Garden, London?

B: Yes, _____

(ever / made) an album of blues music?

B: No,



4 David Beckham

A:	(ever / be) in
an advert?	,

B: Yes, ______ . **A:** ______ . _____ (ever / play) in a World Cup final?

B: No, ______.

Pronunciation

Strong and weak forms of have

- 13 14.6 Read and listen to the conversation. Are the words in bold strong (/æ/) or weak (/ə/)?
 - A: 1Have you ever been on TV, Tom?
 - **B:** ²**Have** I been on TV? What a question! No, of course I ³**haven't**. Why? ⁴**Have** you ever been on TV?
 - A: Yes, I 5have.
 - B: No, you 6haven't!
 - A: Yes, 1 have!
 - B: Well, which TV show 8have you been on?
 - A: It wasn't a TV show. It was a football match last year Scotland against Ukraine. I was in the crowd. And the match was on TV!
 - **B:** You and fifty thousand people! Sorry, no you can't say you've been on TV.
 - A: I can!
 - 1 weak
 - 2 ____
 - 3 ____
 - 4 ____
 - 5 ____
 - 6 ____
 - , _____ 8

Language live

Telephoning

14a Choose the correct answers.

- A A: Hello?
 - B: Hello, this is / that's Francis here.
 - A: Oh hi, Francis. It's not a good moment to talk. ²Am / Can | call you back?
 - **B**: Yes, that's fine. Talk ³soon / in the future.
- B A: Hello?
 - **B:** Good morning. Is ⁴*that / here* City Taxis? I'm calling ⁵*about / of* a taxi.
 - **A:** A taxi? But this is Dario's Pizza Bar. You've got the ⁶bad / wrong number.
 - B: Oh, I'm sorry. Bye.
 - A: That's OK. Bye.
- C A: Hello? Mary *speaking / chatting.
 - B: Hi, Mary. How are you?
 - A: I'm fine. Sorry, 8who's / what's that?
 - B: This is Diana here.
 - A: Oh yes, Diana! How are you?
 - B: I'm fine, thanks.

b 14.7 Listen and check.

Writing

A text message

15 Read the text messages from your friends Sam and Francis. Write replies to them using some of the 'text speak' in the box.

n	2	c u	u	wd	@	abt	4	gr8
luv	bt	w	r u	r xx	tnx	. 2	2moro	





Audio script

UNIT 1 RECORDING 1

My name is John. I am married. My wife is from Vietnam and I am from Australia. Our children are six and eight years old. They are Australian and Vietnamese!

My wife and I are teachers. I am an English teacher and my wife is a French teacher. Our jobs are great – and the children in the school are very nice.

UNIT 1 RECORDING 3

Polish, Australian, American, Japanese, Chinese, British, Russian, Spanish, Irish, Brazilian, Vietnamese,

OUNIT 1 RECORDING 6

- 1 She's a police officer. She works in the police station.
- 2 He plays for Manchester United he's a footballer.
- 3 Javier Bardem is an actor from Spain he's in the film Skyfall.
- 4 Adele is a singer. Her album 21 is great.
- 5 Lang Lang is a musician from China. He plays the piano.
- 6 My cousin is a shop assistant in a supermarket.
- 7 My brother is a waiter in Franco's Pizza Restaurant.
- 8 He works in the hospital. He's a doctor.
- 9 My mum's a businesswoman and my dad's a businessman. They're in Tokyo this week, on business.

UNIT 1 RECORDING 7

- 1 What's your name?
- 2 Where are you from?
- 3 Are you here on business?
- 4 How old are you?
- 5 What's your telephone number?
- 6 Are you married?
- 7 What's your email address?
- 8 What's your job?

UNIT 1 RECORDING 8

I: Interviewer AB: Au Van Bien

- 1 I: What's your full name?
 - AB: My full name's Au Van Bien.
- 2 I: What's your job?
 - AB: I'm an engineer.
- 3 I: What's your email address?
 - AB: It's avb@tlctmail.org.
- 4 I: Where are you from?
 - AB: I'm from Vietnam.
- 5 I: How old are you?
 - AB: I'm 32.

UNIT 2 RECORDING 1

What have I got? Well, I've got a bag. And some coins — about five or six euros. And a credit card. They're in my wallet. And my glasses, of course. But not a dictionary. My dictionary's at home, not with me.

Err ... well, I haven't got a watch. The time's on my phone and my mobile's always with me. And a memory stick – eight gigabytes, I think. Oh, and something to drink: a bottle of water. And – oh, excuse me, I'm sorry, some tissues. And also ... I think ... my ... oh, my keys. My car keys and my keys to my flat. Oh ... I haven't got my keys! Oh where are they?

UNIT 2 RECORDING 4

- 1 Look at that car.
- 2 Are these your glasses?
- 3 How much are those tissues?
- 4 This is my new phone. It's great!
- 5 Who's that man?
- 6 I'm Jonny and this is my email address.
- 7 Who are those people over there?
- 8 Look. These are my holiday photos.

UNIT 2 RECORDING 5

- 1 Silvia's got a dog. His name's Rex.
- 2 She's got a car. It's an Audi.
- 3 She hasn't got a computer.
- 4 Martin and Inge haven't got a pet.
- 5 They've got two cars.
- 6 They've got a computer.

UNIT 2 RECORDING 6

- 1 A: Has Silvia got a dog?
 - B: Yes, she has.
- 2 A: Has she got a car?
 - B: Yes, she has.
- 3 A: Has she got a computer?
 - B: No, she hasn't.
- 4 A: Have Martin and Inge got a pet?
 - B: No, they haven't.
- 5 A: Have they got a car?
 - B: Yes, they have.
- 6 A: Have they got a computer?
- B: Yes, they have.

UNIT 2 RECORDING 9

- 1 What's your name?
- 2 Can you say that again, please?
- 3 How do you spell that?
- 4 What's your address?
- 5 What's your postcode?
- 6 Have you got a contact phone number?
- 7 How old are you?

UNIT 3 RECORDING 1

- 1 I get up early.
- 2 You live nearby.
- 3 They have a new phone number.
- 4 We work very hard.
- 5 I have a memory stick.
- 6 We live in a block of flats.
- 7 They study French at university.
- 8 We go to school by bus.
- 9 They have lunch in a café.
- 10 You go out in the evening.

UNIT 3 RECORDING 3

- 1 I don't work in an office. I work at home.
- 2 Bob and Jackie don't live in a city. They live in a small town.
- 3 We don't study economics. We study computer science.
- 4 My friends and I don't go to university by car. We go by bus.
- I don't go out on weekdays. I go out at the weekend.You don't have a small flat! You have a beautiful big flat!
- 7 I don't have a shower in the morning. I have a bath in the evening.
- 8 My cousins don't work in an office. They work in a shopping centre.

UNIT 3 RECORDING 4

- 1 A: Do you live in a big city?
 - B: Yes, I do. There are nine million people in Bangkok.
- 2 A: Do you and your friends like Chinese food?
 - B: Yes, we do. We go to Chinese restaurants every weekend.
- 3 A: Do you study economics?
- B: No, I don't. I'm not a student.
- A: Do I work hard?
 - B: Yes, you do. You're a very good student!
- 5 A: Do we live in a nice town?
 - B: Yes, we do. I think it's beautiful.
- 6 A: Have you got an email address?
 - B: Yes, I have. It's jhf@biggmail.com.

- 7 A: Do you get up early in the morning?
 - B: No, I don't. I work in the evening and I get up late.
- A: Do your cousins speak English?
 - B: Yes, they do. They speak English and Italian.

UNIT 4 RECORDING 1

- 1 She comes from Japan.
- 2 She works as a fashion designer.
- 3 She lives in San Francisco.
- 4 She speaks Japanese and English.
- 5 She likes cooking and playing.

UNIT 4 RECORDING 2

- 1 Maria doesn't like studying grammar.
- 2 It doesn't rain in summer.
- 3 My brother doesn't like getting up at seven o'clock.
- 4 The restaurant doesn't close on Sunday evening.
- 5 Martin doesn't come to class every week.
- 6 Tony doesn't buy all his food at the supermarket.
- 7 Carla doesn't drive to work.
- 8 My cousin doesn't visit me every month.

UNIT 4 RECORDING 4

- 1 A: Does your sister cycle?
 - B: No, she doesn't. She doesn't have a bike.
- 2 A: Does she play sports?
 - B: Yes, she does. She plays tennis and basketball.
- 3 A: Does your boyfriend like cooking?
- B: Yes, he does. He's a very good cook.
- 4 A: Does he often cook for you?
- B: No, he doesn't. I usually cook for him!
- 5 A: Has your father got a big car?
- B: Yes, he has. It's very big.
- 6 A: Does it go fast?
 - B: No, it doesn't. It's old and slow.

UNIT 4 RECORDING 5

- 1 A: Where does he live?
- B: He lives in Oslo.
- 2 A: What does he do?
 - B: He's an engineer.
- 3 A: Where does he work?
 - B: He works in the city centre.
- 4 A: How does he go to work?
 - B: He goes to work by bike.
- 5 A: What does Olaf's wife do?
 - B: She's a doctor.
- 6 A: How does he spend his weekends?
 - B: He spends his weekends with his family.

UNIT 4 RECORDING 7

- 1 A: Hi, Bea. This is Clara. She's my friend from university.
 - B: Hello, Clara. I'm Bea. Nice to meet you.
 - C: Nice to meet you, too.
- 2 A: Happy birthday! I know you like flowers, so these are for you.
 - B: Oh, what nice flowers! Thank you so much! They're lovely!
- 3 A: Would you like something to drink?
 - B: Yes, please. An orange juice, please.
 - A: And a drink for you, Henri?
 - C: No thanks, I'm fine.

UNIT 5 RECORDING 2

- 1 Thank you, sir. Here's your boarding pass. You have seat 17C.
- 2 Show your passport again when you go through security.
- 3 Please wait in Departures. Your flight is in one hour.
- 4 Look at the screen. There's our flight: KLM267 to Amsterdam, from gate 14. Let's go!

- 5 The plane is now ready. People with small children, please board the plane now.
- 6 Good morning, everyone, this is your pilot. Welcome on our flight to Amsterdam.
- 7 Hello again, everyone. This is your pilot. We are now at our destination. Welcome to Amsterdam!
- 8 Excuse me, I can't find my luggage one suitcase and a blue bag.

UNIT 5 RECORDING 3

- 1 A: It's 8:30 in the morning. Can I park here?
 - B: Yes, you can.
- 2 A: Can I park here on a Sunday?
 - B: Yes, you can.
- 3 A: Can I smoke here?
 - B: No, you can't.
- 4 A: Tom and Barbara are sixteen years old. Can they go in?
 - B: No, they can't.
- A: I'm nineteen years old. Can I go in?
- B: Yes, you can.
- 6 A: Can I cross the road now?
- B: Yes, you can.
- A: I've got a dog. Can it come in?
 - B. No it can't
- A: Excuse me, can we buy a phonecard here?
 - B. Vos vou can

UNIT 5 RECORDING 4

- 1 Caroline can speak French.
- 2 She can't play chess.
- 3 She can't drive a car.
- 4 She can play a musical instrument.
- 5 Fabrizio can speak French.
- 6 He can play chess.
- 7 He can't drive a car.
- 8 He can't play a musical instrument.

UNIT 5 RECORDING 5

- 1 A: Can Kristina speak French?
 - B: No, she can't.
- 2 A: Can she play chess?
 - B: No, she can't.
- 3 A: Can she drive a car?
 - B: Yes, she can.
- 4 A: Can she play a musical instrument?
 - B: Yes, she can.
- 5 A: Can Max speak French?
 - B: No, he can't.
- 6 A: Can he play chess?
 - B: Yes, he can.
- 7 A: Can he drive a car?
 - B: Yes, he can.
- 8 A: Can he play a musical instrument?
- B: No, he can't.

UNIT 5 RECORDING 7

- 1 A: What is the capital of Colombia?
 - B: It's Bogotá.
- 2 A: In India, do people drive on the left or on the right?
- B: They drive on the left.
- 3 A: Which languages do they speak in Canada?
- B: They speak English and French.
- 4 A: How many grams are there in a kilogram?
- B: One thousand.
- 5 A: Where is Haneda Airport?
- B: It's in Tokyo, Japan.
- 6 A: Who is Daniel Craig?
 - B: He's a British actor. He plays James Bond in Skyfall and other films.

Audio script

- 7 A: How far is it from the Earth to the Moon?
 - B: It's 380,000 kilometres.
- 8 A: How long does it take to boil an egg?
 - B: It takes about five minutes.
- 9 A: What are the four countries in the UK?
 - B: England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
- 10 A: What's the name of the big river in Budapest?
 - B: In English, it's the Danube.

UNIT 6 RECORDING 1

- 1 A: Is there a swimming pool?
 - B: Yes, there is.
- 2 A: Are there any places to eat and drink?
 - B: Yes, there are.
- 3 A: Is there a beach?
 - B: No, there isn't.
- 4 A: Is there a children's playground?
 - B: Yes, there is.
- 5 A: Are there any supermarkets?
 - B: No, there aren't.

UNIT 6 RECORDING 3

- 1 There's a good Chinese restaurant near my house.
- 2 There are some tomatoes on the table.
- 3 There's a bus stop near here.
- 4 There's some cheese in the fridge.
- 5 There are some good vegetarian cafés in my city.
- 6 Yes, there are.
- 7 There's a food programme on TV tonight.
- 8 There's a phone call for you.

UNIT 6 RECORDING 5

- 1 fish and chips
- 2 fruit and vegetables
- 3 herbs and spices
- 4 sweet and sour
- 5 knife and fork
- 6 tea and coffee7 food and drink
- 8 salt and pepper
- 9 bread and butter

UNIT 6 RECORDING 6

- 1 A: My son is three. He eats with a plastic knife and fork.
 - B: Really? My daughter just eats with her hands!
- 2 A: I want a sandwich. We've got some cheese, but is there any bread and butter?
 - B: No, there isn't. Have an apple!
- 3 A: Hi, it's me. I'm in the supermarket. Do we need any fruit and vegetables?
 - B: Yes, we do. Grapes and carrots, please.
- 4 A: I love cooking with herbs and spices. Garlic, pepper and turmeric are my favourites.
 - B: Really? Well, you can cook dinner tonight, then!
- 5 A: When you go to the mountains, take lots of food and drink with you. There aren't any shops in the mountains.
 - B: Yes, Mum!
- 6 A: What would you like to drink with your breakfast, sir? We've got fruit juice and tea and coffee, of course.
 - B: A black coffee, please.

UNIT 6 RECORDING 7

- 1 A: How much sugar is there?
 - B: There isn't much I think we need some more.
- 2 A: How much meat do you eat?
 - B: I have chicken, lamb or beef every day.

- 3 A: How many potatoes and carrots are there?
- B: There are a lot of potatoes, but there aren't any carrots.
- 4 A: How much fat is there in cheese?
 - B: Most cheese is about 40 percent fat.
- 5 A: How much salt can we eat?
 - B: Only about six grams a day.
- 6 A: How many eggs do I need?
 - B: Three.
- 7 A: How much coffee would you like?
 - B: One small cup, please.
- 8 A: How many Indian restaurants are there in the UK?
 - B: About 10,000. There are 1,000 in London.

UNIT 6 RECORDING 8

- 1 A: How many stars are there on the Australian flag?
 - B: There are six stars on the Australian flag.
- 2 A: How much skin does the average person have?
 - B: One and a half to two square metres.
- 3 A: How much food does an adult elephant eat each day?
 - B: 135 kilos.
- 4 A: How many people use Atlanta Airport, USA, every day?
 - B: 252,000.
- 5 A: How many brothers has Prince William got?
 - B: He's got one: Prince Harry.
- 6 A: How much water is there in the Sea of Crisis?
 - B: There isn't any the Sea of Crisis is on the moon.
- 7 A: How many people live in Japan?
 - B: The population of Japan is about 127 million.
- 8 A: How many cars are there in the world?
 - B: There are over one billion.
- 9 A: How much cheese does the average French person eat each year?
 - B: About 24 kilos of cheese.
- 10 A: How many stations are there on the Moscow Metro?
 - B: There are 186 stations.

UNIT 6 RECORDING 9

- 1 A: Can I have one of those, please?
 - B: One of these chocolate cakes? Yes, here you are.
- 2 A: I'd like one cheese sandwich, please.
 - B: Eat-in or takeaway?
 - A: Eat-in, please.
- 3 A: Hello, I'd like a coffee, please.
 - B: Sure. Cappuccino, filter coffee or espresso?
 - A: Espresso, please.
- 4 A: Can I have one banana muffin, please?
 - B: OK. That's £1.85, please.
- A: Can we have two pizzas, please?
- B: OK. Would you like anything else?
- A: No, thanks.
- A: Right, that's nine euros twenty cents.
- B: Nine euros twenty? Here's ten euros. Keep the change.
- A: Oh, thanks very much!

UNIT 7 RECORDING 1

- 1 In 2012, the Olympic Games were in London. True.
- 2 The Berlin Wall was in Russia. False. The Berlin Wall wasn't in Russia. It was in Germany.
- 3 The winner of the 2012 US election was Mitt Romney. False. The winner wasn't Mitt Romney. The winner was Barack Obama.
- 4 The Beatles were famous in the 1940s. False. The Beatles weren't famous in the 1940s. They were famous in the 1960s.
- 5 The world football champions in 2010 were Spain. True.
- 6 Steve Jobs was the boss of Microsoft. False. Steve Jobs wasn't the boss of Microsoft. He was the boss of Apple.
- 7 Nelson Mandela was the president of South Africa. True.
- 8 Daniel Radcliffe was in the James Bond films. False. Daniel Radcliffe wasn't in the James Bond films. He was in the Harry Potter films.

UNIT 7 RECORDING 2

- 1 A: Was Mark Twain a painter?
 - B: No, he wasn't.
- 2 A: Was he American?
 - B: Yes, he was,
- 3 A: Was Charlie Chaplin born in the USA?
 - B: No. he wasn't.
- 4 A: Was he an actor?
 - B: Yes, he was.
- 5 A: Were the Marx Brothers born in the USA?
 - B: No, they weren't.
- 6 A: Were they comedians?
 - B: Yes, they were.
- 7 A: Was Anna Pavlova Russian?
 - B: Yes, she was.
- 8 A: Was she a singer?
 - B: No, she wasn't.
- 9 A: Were Pelé and Jairzinho from Argentina?
 - B: No, they weren't.
- 10 A: Were they footballers?
 - B: Yes, they were.

UNIT 7 RECORDING 3

- A: Hi. Where were you yesterday?
- B: I was in the library.
- A: What? No, you weren't in the library!
- B: Yes, I was
- A: Well, I didn't see you. I was there all day from eight to five.
- B: No, that's not true. The library doesn't open at eight o'clock. It opens at nine o'clock every day.
- A: Oh yes, you're right. I was there from nine to five.
- B: Really? Well, I was there at one o'clock. And you weren't there!
- A: Oh yes, that's right, too. I wasn't in the library then. I was in town.
- B: Who were you in town with?
- A: I was with Roberto. We went for lunch. Then I was in the library again from two to five.
- B: Oh right. I wasn't there for long. I went home at about half past one.
- A: So, where are you now?
- B: In the library. Where are you?
- A: In bed!

UNIT 7 RECORDING 5

Seventy years ago, Amelia Earhart was America's favourite woman. In 1932, she flew across the Atlantic Ocean alone: the first woman to do this.

Her journey started in Newfoundland, Canada: fifteen hours later, her Lockheed Vega aeroplane arrived in Londonderry, Northern Ireland. People all over the world wanted to meet this incredible woman. She met King George V of England and became friends with the US President, Franklin D. Roosevelt. The American people loved her.

Five years later, Amelia tried to fly around the world. An American University gave her \$50,000 for a new Lockheed Electra aeroplane. On the morning of July 2nd 1937, Amelia and her co-pilot, Fred Noonan left Lae, in New Guinea, and began their journey to Howland Island in the Pacific Ocean.

On July 3rd 1937, the American ship Itasca received a radio message from Amelia: a few minutes later her plane disappeared. American ships spent nearly two weeks looking for the plane, but they found nothing.

UNIT 8 RECORDING 1

- 1 A: Did Shakespeare write Romeo and Juliet?
 - B: Yes, he did.
- 2 A: Did Alexander Graham Bell invent email?
 - B: No, he didn't.
- 3 A: Did Marilyn Monroe sing Candle in the Wind?
 - B: No, she didn't.
- A: Did Captain Cook discover America?
 - B: No, he didn't.

- 5 A: Did Leonardo da Vinci paint the Mona Lisa?
 - B: Yes, he did.
- 5 A: Did Madonna play Evita?
 - B: Yes, she did.
- 7 A: Did Beethoven write rock songs?
 - B: No, he didn't.
- 8 A: Did Laurel and Hardy make comedy films?
 - B: Yes, they did.
- 9 A: Did Yuri Gagarin travel to the moon?
 - B: No, he didn't.

UNIT 8 RECORDING 2

- A: Where did he go?
 - B: He went to Paris.
- A: How did he travel?
 - B: By train.
- A: Where did he have lunch?
 - B: At The Station Buffet Restaurant.
- 4 A: How much did it cost?
 - B: £15.95.
- 5 A: What did he buy at the station?
 - B: Some books.
- 6 A: How many books did he buy?
 - B: Two.
- 7 A: When did the train leave?
 - B: At 2:30 p.m.
- 8 A: How long did the journey take?
 - B: Two hours and sixteen minutes.

UNIT 8 RECORDING 5

Hi, everyone! It's my birthday on Thursday next week, so let's have an evening out to celebrate. I want to go to Pasta Express, so let's meet there. The meeting time is 7:30. See you there! Helen

UNIT 9 RECORDING 1

- 1 Brazil is bigger than Australia.
- 2 The River Mississippi is longer than the River Volga.
- 3 Blue whales are heavier than elephants.
- 4 The Pyramids in Egypt are older than the Parthenon in Greece.
- 5 The Burj Khalifa in Dubai is taller than the Eiffel Tower in Paris.
- 6 The Akashi-Kaikyo Bridge in Japan is longer than the Sydney Harbour Bridge in Australia.
- 7 Gold is more expensive than silver.
- 8 Esperanto is easier than English.

UNIT 9 RECORDING 3

A woman went into the most expensive butcher's in town and asked for the biggest chicken in the shop. The shopkeeper showed her a chicken and said 'This is the best chicken in the shop, madam.'

'It's very small,' she said. 'Have you got a larger one?'

'Just a moment,' said the shopkeeper. He took the chicken into another room. In fact it was the only chicken he had. So he put some sausages inside to make it look bigger.

'Here you are,' he said. 'This is our most delicious chicken. And you can see that it's bigger than the other. But I'm afraid it's also more expensive.'

'Hmm . . . but I'm not sure if it's better than the other. OK. Can I have both of them, please?'

UNIT 9 RECORDING 4

- 1 You can buy steak at a butcher's.
- 2 You can buy shirts, trousers and skirts at a clothes shop.
- 3 You can buy bread at a baker's.
- 4 You can buy stamps and send parcels at a post office.5 You can buy medicine at a pharmacy.
- 6 You can have a haircut at a hairdresser's.
- 7 You can buy a present at a gift shop.8 You can take your clothes for cleaning at a dry-cleaner's.

Audio script

UNIT 10 RECORDING 2

What am I wearing today? Oh well, I've got a brown skirt and a white shirt. It's cold, so I'm wearing a jumper to keep warm and a jacket. And it's very sunny today, so I'm wearing sunglasses, too. And I've got my baseball cap, so I'm ready to go out!

UNIT 10 RECORDING 3

- 1 The robot is cleaning the living room.
- 2 Veronica is looking out of the window.
- 3 She is talking to someone on her mobile phone.
- 4 The baby is sitting on the floor.
- 5 The baby is eating the flowers.
- 6 Ronald is having a cup of tea.
- 7 He is watching television.
- 8 The two older children are doing their homework.

UNIT 10 RECORDING 4

- 1 A: What are you doing?
 - B: My homework.
- 2 A: Where are you going?
 - B: To my English class.
- 3 A: Why are you smiling?
 - B: Because you look so funny!
- 4 A: Who are you talking to?
 - B: My brother.
- 5 A: What are you reading?
 - B: Oh, nothing, just a magazine.
- 6 A: What are you watching?
 - B: Sh! It's my favourite programme.

UNIT 10 RECORDING 5

- S: Sophie J: Jenny
- S: It's me, Sophie.
- J: Hi, Sophie. Where are you? What are you doing?
- S: I'm at my sister's wedding.
- J: Fantastic! Are you enjoying yourself?
- S: No, I'm not! I'm not having a good time. It's awful!
- J: Why? What's happening?
- S: Well, there's the music for a start. They're playing this awful 80s music ... and ... oh no, I don't believe it. My dad's playing with my mum's sister!
- J: How about your mum? Is she playing, too?
- S: No, she isn't. She isn't doing anything. She's looking at my dad.
- J: Oh dear!
- S: Just a minute ... there's a very good-looking young man over there. There's a girl talking to him but he isn't listening and ... oh!
- J: Sophie. What's he doing?
- S: He's coming over! Talk to you later! 'Bye!!

UNIT 10 RECORDING 9

- 1 A: I'd like a haircut, please.
 - B: OK. Do you have an appointment?
 - A: Yes, I do
 - A: How would you like your hair cut?
 - B: Not too long and not too short, please.
- 3 A: How much do I owe you?
 - B: That's a hundred euros, please. How would you like to pay?
 - A: By credit card, please.
- 4 A: I tried this on, but it's too small. Have you got this in a larger size?
 - B: Yes, here you are.
- A: Look at this! What do you think?
 - B: It's great. It suits you.
- A: I'll take this one, please.
 - B: OK. How would you like to pay?
 - A: By credit card, please.

UNIT 12 RECORDING 1

- 1 She's going to have a baby.
- 2 He's going to read a newspaper.
- 3 They're going to play tennis.
- 4 They're going to take a bus.
- 5 They're going to go back inside.
- 6 He's going to go to bed.
- 7 They're going to paint the ceiling.3 They're going to have lunch.

UNIT 12 RECORDING 2

- 1 She's going to buy a new bicycle.
- 2 What are you going to do tomorrow?
- 3 She isn't going to have a leaving party.
- 4 Are you going to have a shower?
- We're not going to go for a walk.
- 6 Bob and I are going to start a business.
- 7 They aren't going to come to the party.
- 8 Why aren't you going to move house?

UNIT 12 RECORDING 5

- 1 Stephen would like to be a footballer when he's older.
- 2 Would you like to join us?
- 3 We'd like to book a table, please.
- 4 Marc doesn't want to stay at home.
- 5 Which film would you like to see this evening?
- 6 I'd like to order a taxi, please.
- 7 We don't want to stay here.
- 8 Would you like to go for a walk in the park?

UNIT 12 RECORDING 6

- 1 A: Shall I cook something?
 - B: That sounds like a good idea. I'm hungry.
- 2 A: Let's go to a football match.
 - B: Yes, OK then. We all love sport.
- 3 A: Why don't we phone and book tickets?
- B: No, let's get the tickets online. We can save money.A: How about going to the music festival this weekend?
- B: OK. My favourite band is playing on Saturday.
- A: I'll ask Sarah to come.
 - B: Good idea. Have you got her phone number?
- 6 A: Why don't you make some coffee?
- B: No! I made it last time! Why don't you make it?

UNIT 12 RECORDING 7

- D: Dad A: Anna N: Nick
- D: Well, everybody, what shall we do today? Any ideas?
- A: I'm not sure it depends on the weather. Is it sunny outside?
- D: Just a minute ... No, not exactly. In fact, it's raining again!
- N: Why don't we stay here? We can play computer games.
- M: I know what we can do. Let's have a look at the guidebook. I'm sure we can find some ideas in there.
- D: That sounds like a good idea. Well, there's the Museum of Country Life how about that?
- N: Hmm . . . is there anything more exciting?
- D: Well, why don't we go to Aqua World?
- N: Yes, that sounds better. Shall we go there?
- A: All right. It'll be fun.
- M: Shall we book tickets online? It's probably cheaper.
- D: Good idea. So, everyone's happy!

UNIT 13 RECORDING 1

- 1 A: Does Bruce have to look after the passengers?
 - B: Yes, he does.
- 2 A: Does he have to use a computer?
 - B: No. he doesn't.
- 3 A: Does he have to look smart?
 - B: Yes, he does.
- 4 A: Does George have to fly the plane?
 - B: Yes, he does.
- 5 A: Does he have to serve food?
 - B: No, he doesn't.
- 6 A: Does he have to wear a uniform?
 - B: Yes, he does.
- 7 A: Do Alizia and Meera have to wear a uniform?
 - B: No, they don't.
- 8 A: Do they have to travel a lot?
 - B: No, they don't.

UNIT 13 RECORDING 4

- 1 We might go swimming this afternoon.
- 2 The plane might arrive late.
- 3 You might be rich one day if you work hard.
- 4 I might not be able to come to class next week.
- 5 I might not see Frank this weekend.
- 6 Philip might not stay until the end of the course.
- 7 The government might change soon.
- 8 The exam might not be as difficult as you think.

slept

UNIT 14 RECORDING 1

2	make	made
3	lose	lost
4	stand	stood
5	speak	spoken
6	take	taken
7	drive	driven
8	write	written
9	say	said
10	come	come
11	give	given
12	keep	kept
13	tell	told
14	become	become
15	see	seen

1 sleep

UNIT 14 RECORDING 2

- 1 A: Has Richard always lived in Hexham?
 - B: Yes, he has.
- 2 A: Has Elaine ever lived in another town?
 - B: Yes, she has.
- A: Have they always lived in the same house?
- B: No, they haven't.
- 4 A: Has Gordon always been a teacher?
- B: No, he hasn't.
- 5 A: Has he ever worked abroad?
 - B: Yes, he has.
- 6 A: Have Gordon and Sarah always lived in Leeds?
 - B: No, they haven't.
- 7 A: Has Sarah had her own business before?
 - B: No, she hasn't.
- 8 A: Has Rebecca left school?
 - B: Yes, she has.

UNIT 14 RECORDING 4

- 1 A: Mum, have I ever done anything really bad?
 - B: Yes, you have! When you were about two years old, you were very naughty!
- 2 A: Have you ever bought a painting from an artist?
 - B: No, I haven't. I'm not really very interested in art.
- 3 A: Has there ever been a female Prime Minister in the United Kingdom?
 - B: Yes, there has. Margaret Thatcher in the 1980s.
- 4 A: Have you ever met a famous person?
 - B: No, I haven't. I saw Robbie Williams in concert, but I didn't speak to him!
- 5 A: Has your computer ever had a virus?
 - B: No, it hasn't. I've got ant-virus software on it.
- 6 A: Have you ever visited Ireland?
 - B: Yes, I have. I went to Dublin last year and I had a great time.

UNIT 14 RECORDING 5

- 1 A: Have you ever been in love?
 - B: Yes, I have. It was when I was 16.
- 2 A: Have you ever lost your wallet?
 - B: No, I've never lost my wallet, but I have found some money on the street.
- 3 A: Have your mum and dad ever travelled by plane?
- B: Yes, they have. They've flown to the USA twice.
- 4 A: Has it ever snowed in Saudi Arabia?
 - B: No, it hasn't.

UNIT 1

2 am 3 is

4 am 5 are

6 are

7 are

8 am

9 is

10 are

11 are

2 В

1 are their names?

2 names are David and Sarah Jones.

3 are they from?

4 are/'re from Great Britain.

1 is/'s her name?

2 name's/name is Nicole Anderson.

3 is/'s she from?

4 is/'s from Australia.

D

1 is/'s his name?

2 name's/name is Kenzo Yamamoto.

3 is/'s he from?

4 is/'s from Japan.

C	A	U	S	Т	R	Α	L	ı	Α	$\left(\mathbf{z}\right)$	D	0
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- 2 Russian, Spanish
- 3 Japanese
- 4 Australian, American
- 5 Irish, Chinese, British
- 6 Brazilian, Spanish
- 7 Vietnamese
- 8 Polish

- 2 Anna Kournikova
- 3 Ichiro Suzuki
- 4 Nicole Kidman
- 5 Keanu Reeves 6 Ronaldinho
- 7 Mỹ Tâm
- 8 Kasia Struss

7

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Chinese	Brazilian	Polish	Japanese	Australian
		Irish	Vietnamese	American
		British		
		Spanish		
		Russian		

2 Donna Fiorelli

3 Béatrice Santini

4 Plankton

5 Luca Dos Santos

6 David Mills

7 Betty Booth

8 Luca Dos Santos

9 David Mills

10 Donna Fiorelli

11 Karol Bolewski

12 David Mills

2 aren't

3 're

4 're 5 's

6 aren't

7 aren't

8 're

9 isn't

10 'm not 11 aren't

12 're

2 I'm not from Ireland.

3 My mother and father aren't English.

4 Brazil isn't a small country.

5 My name isn't Lana.

6 My sister isn't married.

7 I'm not 15 years old.

8 Philip and Elizabeth aren't on holiday.

2 engineer

3 police officer

4 singer

5 shop assistant

6 musician

7 lawyer

8 footballer

9 waiter

10 businessman

12 a

3 3

4 3

5 4

6 2

3 b

5 a

13 a		2		
2	a footballer		2	b
3	an actor		3	b
4	a singer		4	a
5	a musician		5	b
6	a shop assistant		_	a
7	a waiter		7	
8	a doctor		8	a
9	a businesswoman, a businessman		9	b
			10	
14 a				
2	from	3		
3	business	_	2	those
4	you			that
	number			this
	married			these
7	address			those
	job		·	those
	,	4	а	
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2	he is			these
	it isn't			those
	we aren't			that
	she is			That
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	it is		f	3
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10	Site ising		C	
16 a			Ь	6
	What's your	_		
	What's your	5	-	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 2.
				Is that Michael's car?
	Where are you How old are			It's Tessa's birthday on Saturday.
	now old are			What's your mother's name?
ь	Van an andrasa			Where's Philip's desk?
	I'm an engineer.			My husband's name is Peter.
	It's avb@tlctmail.org			Jo is my sister's friend.
	I'm from Vietnam.		8	Carla's house is in the centre of Rome.
5	I'm 32.			
		6	_	
LIN	IT 2			possessive 's
~			4	
_			5	is
1 a				possessive 's
	ID card			possessive 's
	mobile phone		8	is
	packet of chewing gum			
	camera	7		
	credit card		3	those
	dictionary		4	this
8	memory stick		5	that
	wallet		6	this
	keys		7	those
	photos		8	these
	coins			
13	tissues	8	а	
	glasses		2	's got
	bag			hasn't got
	watch			haven't got
Ь	bag, coins, credit card, wallet, glasses, mobile phore, memory stick,		5	've got
	bottle of water, tissues			ve got
				985

9 a		13 a	
	Has she got a car?	2	that
	Yes, she has.	3	spell
3	Has she got a computer?		What
_	No, she hasn't.		your
4	Have Martin and Inge got a pet?	_	got
7		7	
-	No, they haven't.		
5	Have they got a car?	b	
_	Yes, they have.	ь	
6	Have they got a computer?	•	
	Yes, they have.		1
		e	
10 a		1	2
2	son	8	
3	mother	d	Students' own answers
4	father		
5	parents	14	Students' own answers
6	husband		
7	nephew		
8	niece	Ur	IIT 3
Ь	Sample answers	***********	
2	He's Joe and Brenda's son. He's Nora's grandson. He's Jane's brother.	7	
	He's Sam's nephew.	1	with my parents, in a flat
3	He's Nora's son. He's Brenda's brother. He's Jane and Jason's uncle.		economics, at university
4	She's Joe's wife. She's Nora's daughter. She's Jane and Jason's		in an office, for a small company
	mother. She's Sam's sister.		breakfast at home, lunch in a café, a bath in the evening
5	She's Joe and Brenda's daughter. She's Jason's sister. She's Nora's		to work by bus, to bed late, out a lot
	granddaughter. She's Colin's wife. She's Sam's niece.		early on weekdays, late at the weekend, at 6:30 a.m.
6	They're Joe and Brenda's children. They're Nora's grandchildren.	•	curty on weekaays, tate at the weekena, at o.50 ann.
•	They're sister and brother.	2	
	They be sisted and brother.		. up
11 b			to
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4			for
	T Chahali in Seriessale sinter		with
	F – Chabeli is Enrique's sister.		' in
	F – Julio Junior is Isabel's son.	8	
8			study
9		10) have
	F — Julio Junior is Sofia's uncle.		
11		3	
12	F – Enrique is Spanish. (His friend is Russian.)	Ž	? You live nearby.
c			They have a new phone number.
2	How many children has he got?	4	We work very hard.
3	Who is Alejandro?	5	6 I have a memory stick.
4	What are Isabel's children's names?	ϵ	We live in a block of flats.
5	What is Chabeli's job?	7	They study French at university.
6	Has Julio Junior got a wife?		We go to school by bus.
7	Is Enrique a singer?		They have lunch in a café.
8	Where is Enrique's home?		You go out in the evening.
d	•		J
	He's got eight children.	4 a	
3	The Carlot of th		? с
	Chabeli, Julio Junior and Enrique		3 f
5			ł e
6	:		5 a
	Yes, he is.		, a 5 d
8		,	, ,
12 a		5 8	
12 4	0.00		
2			2 don't live
_			3 don't study
3	_ 8		don't go
4			don't go out
Ь	Students' own answers		don't have
			don't have
			3 don't work

```
11 a
    2 live
                                                                                 2 e
    3 speak
                                                                                 3 a
    4 don't speak
    5 don't work
    6 go
    8 don't live
                                                                                 7 c
      speak
                                                                                 8 f
   10 don't work
                                                                                 Ь
   11 work
                                                                                 2 He has breakfast at twenty-five to seven.
   12 don't go
                                                                                 3 He goes to work at ten past eight.
    b Suggested answers
                                                                                 4 He starts work at nine o'clock.
    1 They drink mineral water.
                                                                                 5 He finishes work at quarter past five.
    2 They don't drink tea.
                                                                                 6 He leaves the swimming pool and goes home at quarter past six.
    3 They eat Swedish and Italian food.
                                                                                 7 He has dinner at half past eight.
    4 They don't drink coffee.
                                                                                 8 He goes to bed at quarter to eleven.
    5 They eat Chinese food.
    6 They don't eat Swedish food.
                                                                             12
                                                                                 2 on
                                                                                 3 at
    2 Yes, they do.
                                                                                 4 in
    3 No, they don't.
                                                                                 5 at
    4 No, they don't.
                                                                                 6 in
    5 Yes, they do.
                                                                                 7 at
    6 No, they don't.
                                                                                 8 in
   7 No, they don't.
   8 Yes, they do.
                                                                             13
   b Students' own answers
                                                                                 1 swimming pool
                                                                                 2 block of flats
8
                                                                                3 restaurant
   2 Do you and your friends like Chinese food?
                                                                                 4 supermarket
   3 Do you study economics?
                                                                                 5 cinema
    4 Do I work hard?
                                                                                 6 shopping centre
   5 Do we live in a nice town?
                                                                                   park
   6 Have you got an email address?
      Do you get up early in the morning?
                                                                             14 b
   8 Do your cousins speak English?
                                                                                 2 They start at seven o'clock.
                                                                                3 They have lunch at school.
   Ь
                                                                                 4 They finish at six o'clock.
   c 5
                                                                                 5 They go to the library.
   d 7
                                                                                6 They close at ten o'clock.
   e 6
                                                                                   They go home in a special minibus.
                                                                                8 They go to bed at one or two o'clock.
   g 2
   h 8
                                                                             UNIT 4
   2 b
   3 b
                                                                                2 watches
   4 a
                                                                                3 comes
   5 a
                                                                                   lives
   6 b
                                                                                5
                                                                                   goes
   7 b
                                                                                6 enjoys
   8
                                                                                7
                                                                                   says
                                                                                8 flies
10
                                                                                9
                                                                                   plays
   2 It's half past three.
   3 It's five to seven.
                                                                             2 a
   4 It's quarter past five.
                                                                                2 works
   5 It's twenty past ten.
                                                                                3 lives
   6 It's quarter to four.
                                                                                4 speaks
   7 It's twenty-five to twelve.
                                                                                5 likes
   8 It's five past nine.
   9 It's ten to one.
```

_					
3	-	Harmon from Frankrik Link	9	_	<u> </u>
		He comes from England/the UK.			in
		He lives in Seoul/South Korea.			on
	4	He speaks English, Italian and Korean.		4	
	5	He plays the guitar.		5	in
	7	She comes from Australia.		6	at
	8	She speaks Spanish, Catalan and English.		7	on
	9	She works in a bank.			
		She goes to the gym.	10		
		He comes from Poland.		2	sometimes
		He lives in Paris/France.			usually
		He teaches music.			never
	15	He plays computer games.			often
					always
4	a			7	never
		It doesn't rain in summer.		8	always
	3	My brother doesn't like getting up at seven o'clock.			
		The restaurant doesn't close on Sunday evening.	11		
		Martin doesn't come to class every week.		2	Caroline never eats fish.
		Tony doesn't buy all his food at the supermarket.		3	I don't often eat in a restaurant.
		Carla doesn't drive to work.			I usually get up late on a Sunday morning.
	0	My cousin doesn't visit me every month.			It's always very hot in August in my city.
_					The Brown family usually go to Italy on holiday.
5				7	The weather is always cold in January.
	2	leaves		8	The bus is often late.
	3	writes			
	4	lives	12		
	5	gets up		2	often go out
		has			is always good
	7				are never
		reads			
					usually
		buys			never
		sells			sometimes
		finishes		8	always
	12	says			
	13	doesn't work	14		
	14	works		2	In the south of France or in Tuscany, in the north of Italy.
					Paris.
6	Su	ggested answers		4	London.
		Irene hates housework.			In (a small house in) Gascony.
	_	Agnes loves housework.		6	
	2	Irene loves talking to the family.			
	3			_	Four.
		Agnes doesn't like talking to the family.		8	
	4	Irene likes the English course.		9	England.
		Agnes hates the English course.			
	5	Irene doesn't like babysitting.	15		
		Agnes likes babysitting.		2	Does she play sports?
					Does your boyfriend like cooking?
7					Does he often cook for you?
	2	walks		5	
		spending		6	
		cycling		Ь	
		, ,			
		exercising		Ь	
	-	reading		c	
	7	playing			4
	8	games		e	
	9	time		f	2
1	10	watching			
			16	a	
8				2	
	2	reading			he
		swimming			go
		watch			What
	_				
	5	spending		0	does
	6	goes			
	7				
	8	cooking			

17 a 3 / 7 4 Where does your brother live? 2 Yes, you can. 5 Does she get up late at the weekend? 3 No, you can't. 6 / 4 No, they can't. 5 Yes, you can. 18 b 6 Yes, you can. 2 a 7 No, it can't. 3 b 8 Yes, you can. 4 b 5 a 8 6 a 3 can't 4 can 19 a 5 can speak French 1 Nice to meet you 6 can play chess 2 these are for you, They're lovely 7 can't drive a car 3 Would you like, Yes, please, I'm fine 8 can't play a musical instrument 20 a In Chicago. b Students' own answers A: Can she play chess? B: No, she can't. 3 A: Can she drive a car? **UNIT 5** B: Yes, she can. 4 A: Can she play a musical instrument? B: Yes, she can. 1 2 motorbike A: Can Max speak French? B: No, he can't. 3 scooter 4 bicycle A: Can he play chess? B: Yes, he can. 5 plane 6 tram 7 A: Can he drive a car? 7 train B: Yes, he can. 8 underground train A: Can he play a musical instrument? 9 taxi B: No, he can't. 10 3 2 In Moscow. /kən/ /kæn/ /ka:nt/ 3 524. 4 The United States. 1, 4, 5, 7, 9, 12, 13 2,8 3, 6, 10, 11, 14 5 70,000,000. 6 Mexico City. 11 Grand Central Terminal station, New York. 2 the 8 Six hours. 3 a 4 a 5 the 6 а 3 Ь 7 a 4 e 8 a, the 5 c 6 f 12 7 g 2 Eight o'clock is a good time to phone Thomas: he's always at the home in the evening. 5 3 It's so cold in the city centre today that a lot of people can't go to 2 go through the work. 3 Departures 4 The train times are different on the Sundays. gate 5 What do you think of the public transport in the London? board You can use a railcard in most of the countries in the Europe. 6 flight I live in the Dubai in the United Arab Emirates. 7 destination Our plane arrives in Los Angeles at the two o'clock in the afternoon. 8 luggage 13 a 2 -, the, the 2 can 3 3 can't 4 a can't 5 _ 5 can't 6 6 can 7 the, the 7 can 8 an 8 can't 9 the 9 can't 10 the

Ь

1 It's Bogotá.

2 They drive on the left.

3 They speak English and French.

4 One thousand.

5 It's in Tokyo, Japan.

6 He's a British actor. He plays James Bond in Skyfall and other films.

7 It's 380,000 km.

8 It takes about five minutes.

9 England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

10 In English, it's the Danube.

14

2 My cousin Alfred lives in the United States.

3 I've got two brothers and a sister.

4 What do you like doing at the weekend?

5 My family and I usually watch TV in the evening.

6 I've got a scooter, but I go to my office in the morning by bus.

7 You can take a taxi or go by bus to the airport.

8 I love spending my time on the internet.

9 Jake is a professional musician and he lives in a flat in Milan.

10 I spend four hours a week on the London Underground. I hate it!

UNIT 6

1

W	Α	G	R	D	R	С	L	S	В	R	E
S	A	Ν	D	W	ı	C	H	М	0	Т	O
R	Р	0	G	R	C	Н	ı	С	K	E	[2]
B	Р	В	В	2	W	E	Α	F	Т	W	Ε
R	L	Т	0	Ι	Z	E	Т	R	U	Α	E
E	E	G	O	В	ı	S	С	J	ı	T	Р
Α	F	W	1	Α	С	E	E	1	Ι	E	U
D	Н	Α	L	7	Ε	В	Α	F	U	R	Z
U	T	0	М	Α	Т	0	Н	В	Α	Ν	Н
X	Р	K	L	7	Ε	J	Т	1	U	Z	U
0	S	G	R	A	Р	E	F	C	Н	Ε	Р
V	Р	Т	ı	D	K	E	Μ	Р	М	Α	L

Ь

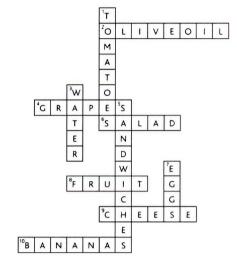
Drinks: water

Types of fruit: grape, apple, banana

Other things you can eat: sandwich, chicken, egg, biscuit, tomato, bread, cheese, fruit

2 a bread, olive oil, chicken, fruit, cheese, orange juice, salad, water

Ь



3

2 are there

3 There's

4 Are there

5 Is there

6 there aren't

7 There are 8 There isn't

4 a

2 Are, Yes, there are.

3 Is, No, there isn't.

4 Is, Yes, there is.

5 Are, No, there aren't.

5

2 aren't

3 some 4 Is

5 isn't

6 some

7 some

8 ls

9 isn't

10 some

6

2 some

3 some, any

4 any

5 some

6 any

7 any, some

8 any, some

7 :

2 there are

3 there's

4 there's

5 there are

6 there are

7 there's

8 there's

```
8
   Ь
                                                                            14 a
   2
      T
                                                                               2
                                                                                  I'd like
   3
      Т
                                                                               3
                                                                                 takeaway
                                                                                 That's
    5 F
                                                                                 change
    6
      F
                                                                               6
                                                                                  anything
    7
      T
                                                                               2
                                                                                 customer
   а
                                                                                 assistant
   3
                                                                                  assistant
    4
      sweet and sour
                                                                                  customer
   5
      1
                                                                               6
                                                                                  assistant
   6
   7
      food and drink
                                                                                  Eat-in or takeaway?
   8
                                                                                  Hello, I'd like a coffee please.
   9
      bread and butter
                                                                                  OK. That's £1.85 please.
                                                                                  OK. Would you like anything else?
10 a
                                                                               6 Nine euros twenty? Here's ten euros. Keep the change.
      bread and butter
   2
    3
      fruit and vegetables
                                                                            15 Student's own answers
      herbs and spices
      food and drink
                                                                            UNIT 7
   6 tea and coffee
11 a
   2
      How much meat do you eat?
                                                                               2 was, was
   3
      How many potatoes and carrots are there?
                                                                               3 were
      How much fat is there in cheese?
                                                                               4
                                                                                  were
      How much salt can we eat?
                                                                                  was, were
   6
      How many eggs do I need?
                                                                               6
                                                                                  Was
   7
      How much coffee would you like?
                                                                               7
                                                                                  was
   8
      How many Indian restaurants are there in the UK?
                                                                               8
                                                                                  was
   Ь
   Ь
                                                                           2
                                                                                 F – The winner of the 2012 US election wasn't Mitt Romney. The
    c
      2
                                                                               3
   d 8
                                                                                     winner was Barack Obama.
      1
    e
                                                                               4 F - The Beatles weren't famous in the 1940s. They were famous in
    f 3
   g
      6
                                                                               5 T
      7
   h
                                                                               6 F - Steve Jobs wasn't the boss of Microsoft. He was the boss of
                                                                                     Apple.
12 a
                                                                               7
   2 much
                                                                               8 F - Daniel Radcliffe wasn't in the James Bond films. He was in the
   3 much
                                                                                     Harry Potter films.
      many
   5
      many
                                                                           3
   6 much
                                                                                  Was, No, he wasn't.
   7
      many
                                                                                 Was, Yes, he was.
   8 many
                                                                               5 Were, No, they weren't.
   9
      much
                                                                               6 Were, Yes, they were.
  10 many
                                                                                  Was, Yes, she was.
   Ь
                                                                               8 Was, No, she wasn't.
   2
                                                                                  Were, No, they weren't.
   3
      Ь
                                                                              10 Were, Yes, they were.
   4
      b
   5
   6 b
                                                                                  was
   7
      a
                                                                               5
                                                                                 was
   8 a
                                                                               6
                                                                                  was
   9
      b
                                                                                  was
  10
                                                                               8 weren't
                                                                               9
                                                                                 wasn't
13 a
                                                                              10 was
   1 It's in the city centre, inside the shopping centre.
                                                                              11 were
   2 Chinese food
                                                                              12 was
   b Students' own answers
                                                                              13
                                                                                  was
                                                                              14
                                                                                 wasn't
```

6	Ь		12	
-	2	e		cost
	_	a		gave
	4	С		drank
	5	d	5	became
			6	earned/earnt
7			7	found
	2	b	8	fell
	3	e		came out
	4	c	10	went
		a		
		į	13 a	
	7			flew
		i		started
	9	g		arrived wanted
	11			met
				became
8				loved
	3	studied		tried
		graduated		gave
		got		left
	6	met	12	began
	7	got	13	received
	8	moved		disappeared
		had		spent
	10	started	16	found
9	_	and the same of th		
		enjoyed	14 a	
		travelled	3	1
		studied looked	4 5	2
		danced	6	1
		played	7	2
	8	believed	8	1
		arrived	9	1
•	10	tried	10	2
	11	received	11	1
•	12	stayed	12	1
10			15	
		started, ended		when
		died		this
		walked		ago
		helped studied		last
		tried	7	years Tuesday
		changed		was
		worked	Ü	was
		lived	16	
				from, to
11				ago
	2	left	4	in
		went		At
		made		on
		won		in
		became	8	in
		began		
		sang	LINI	IT 8
	9	sold	OIA	11 9

UNIT 8

2 comedy3 science fiction 4 historical 5 action

2

F	U	F	D	В	R	0	Υ	E	Α	ı	L
S	Е	R	1	0	U	S	H	Α	Ν	Р	R
L	Z	1	E	R	0	М	Α	Z	Т	ı	C
0	1	G	R	1	R	G	Р	1	Т	Ε	Р
W	G	Н	Т	Z	Т	D	Р	L	Υ	E	٧
Ε	F	Т	0	U	Υ	В	Y	Μ	Κ	X	Н
X	В	E	_	L	E	S	W	Т	U	С	J
Ε	E	Ν	J	0	Υ	Α	В	L	E	1	В
Ν	U	1	Υ	U	Z	D	L	0	R	Т	С
F	U	N	Z	(\mathbf{Y})	>	Н	Q	Z	Μ	1	W
Ν	Α	ပ	ı	D	X	S	ı	G	Υ	Ν	Α
0	F	Α	S	Т	Δ	0	٧	ı	Ν	(C)	L

3

- 2 didn't enjoy
- didn't visit
- didn't study
- didn't have
- didn't download
- didn't talk
- 8 didn't like

- 2 We didn't go for a drive yesterday.
- Ben didn't remember to buy a birthday card. 3
- I didn't hear the phone.
- 5 I didn't check my email yesterday.
- 6 I didn't eat in a restaurant last night.
- Amanda didn't know what to do.
- The letter didn't arrive this morning.

- 3 I went to their house, but they weren't at home.
- 4
- 5 I didn't finish my homework because I didn't have time.
- 1 7
- 8 We didn't go out last night.
- The film wasn't very good, so I didn't watch it all.
- 10 I didn't meet my grandmother in the city yesterday.
- I had a great weekend. On Friday, I cooked dinner for some friends. After dinner, we went to a musical. It was really funny. I came back at about 11 p.m. and watched a DVD at home. On Saturday, I got up late. It was a nice day, so I went for a walk. Then my friend phoned and said, 'Do you want to go to a party tonight?'

I said, 'Great! Let's go out for dinner first.' We had a great evening. On Sunday, I wanted to do something - maybe go to the theatre or perhaps go to the cinema. But I was very tired, so I didn't go out. I just stayed at home and read a book. Sometimes you need to rest!

7

- 2 Did Alexander Graham Bell invent email?
- Did Marilyn Monroe sing Candle in the Wind?
- Did Captain Cook discover America?
- 5 Did Leonardo da Vinci paint the Mona Lisa?
- 6 Did Madonna play Evita?
- Did Beethoven write pop songs? 7
- Did Laurel and Hardy make comedy films?
- 9 Did Yuri Gagarin travel to the moon?

- Ь No, he didn't.
- 3 No, she didn't.
- 4 No, he didn't.
- 5 Yes, he did.
- 6 Yes, she did.
- 7 No, he didn't.
- 8 Yes, they did.
- 9 No, he didn't.

- 2 How did he
- 3 Where did he
- 4 How much did it
- What did he buy
- 6 How many books did he
- 7 What time/When did the train
- 8 How long did the journey

- 2 'Did you see Alistair at the party?' 'Yes, I did.'
- 3 Did you buy a newspaper yesterday?
- Did you listen to the news last night?
- 5 'Did you like the concert?' 'No, I didn't.'
- 6 Did you live in Poland when you were 13?
- Did you use my computer this afternoon?
- 8 Did you listen to your parents when you were young?

11 b

- 2 What did Mustafa Kemal Atatürk do in 1915?
- When did he become the first president of the Republic of Turkey?
- When did he die?
- When did Florence Nightingale work in a hospital for wounded
- What did the soldiers call her?
- When did she begin a school of nursing in London?

12

- 1 busy
- 2 want, idea
- 3 How, Sounds
- 4 like, time

13 Students' own answers

14 a

- 2 It's
- 3 next
- evening
- 5 celebrate
- 6 let's
- 7 meeting
- 8 See
- c Students' own answers

UNIT 9

- 2 cheap
- 3 old
- uncomfortable
- 5 pretty
- fast
- economical
- 8 fashionable

2		
	2	economical
	3	stylish
		easy to use
		powerful
	6	unusual
3		
	2	easier
	3	bigger
		cheaper
	5	healthier
	6	newer
	7	happier
	8	slimmer
	9	quieter
	10	hotter
4		
		Tea is cheaper than coffee.
		My new car is more economical than my old car.
		Janina is more fashionable than Sara.
		Her jewellery is prettier than her dress.
	6	Castle Hotel is more expensive than Beach View Hotel.
	7	1
		home.
		The new software is easier to use than the old software.
		Tokyo in Japan is busier than Pisa in Italy.
	10	My sister is taller than me.
-	_	
5	a	The Mississiani Diversia langus than the Volga
		The Mississippi River is longer than the Volga. Blue whales are heavier than elephants.
		The Pyramids in Egypt are older than the Parthenon in Greece.
	5	The Burj Khalifa in Dubai is taller than the Eiffel Tower in Paris.
	6	The Akashi-Kaikyo Bridge in Japan is longer than the Sydney
	U	Harbour Bridge in Australia.
	7	Gold is more expensive than silver.
		Esperanto is easier than English.
	•	Esperanto is casier than English
6		
	3	A sports car is more powerful than a scooter.
		✓
	5	Ben's clothes are more stylish than Harry's clothes.
		Pasta Express is more expensive than The Thai Place.
	7	✓ ·
	8	My new bed is more uncomfortable than my old bed.
8		
		Karina Green is the youngest.
	3	Karina Green has got the longest hair.
	4	Jim Bowen has got the shortest hair.
		Jim Bowen is the tallest.
		Roy Seagrove is the heaviest.
		Jake Kay is the smallest.
	8	Roy Seagrove is the most successful.
_	y	
9	a	
		smallest
		the biggest
		the hottest
	-	furthest
		the placest
		the coldect
	74	the conest

	Ь	
	2	Mercury
		Jupiter
		Venus
	5	Neptune
	6	Saturn
	7	Venus
	8	Uranus
10	a	
		the biggest
	_	the best
		larger
		bigger
		most delicious
		bigger
		more expensive
	9	better
11	а	
• •		clothes shop
		baker's
		post office
		pharmacy
		hairdresser's
		gift shop
		dry-cleaner's
12		
	2	pharmacy
		dry-cleaner's
		baker's
		post office
		hairdresser's
		butcher's
	8	optician's
13	h	
13	_	The Ultimate Power Control System.
		The FZ Smart Fridge.
		The Smoothline D838 Robot Vacuum Cleaner.
	5	
	6	The Smoothline D838 Robot Vacuum Cleaner.
	-	I I simile boso mood recould electricit

UNIT 10

a	
2	tie
3	skirt
4	baseball cap
5	trousers
6	trainers
7	shirt
8	sunglasses
9	jacket
10	jumper
11	dress
ь	
3	c
4	a
5	c
6	d
7	Ь
8	a
9	b
10	Ь
11	b, c

2 2 Marie 3 Paul 4 Paul 5 Bob 6 Paul 7 Paul 8 Bob 9 Bob 3 b skirt, shirt, jumper, jacket, sunglasses, baseball cap studying 3 washing 4 leaving 5 coming 6 stopping 7 looking 8 playing 9 staying 10 giving 11 planning 12 writing 5 а 2 is looking 3 is talking 4 is sitting 5 is eating 6 is having 7 is watching 8 are doing **a** 2 Where 3 Why 4 Who 5 What 6 What Ь b 4 c 5 d 2 e 6 f 1 7 2 it isn't 3 they are 4 we are 5 I'm not 6 he is she isn't a 2 Are you enjoying 3 I'm not 4 'm not having 5 's happening 6 're playing 's exercising 7 8 Is she exercising 9 she isn't 10 isn't doing 11 's looking 12 isn't listening

13 's he doing14 's coming over

9	2 3 4 5 6 7	She talks about her jeans, jumper, jacket, bag and shoes. She's from Barcelona, Spain. She's a designer. She talks about her dress, jacket, sunglasses and bag. She's from the United States. She talks about her shirt, trousers, shoes and jacket. She bought her clothes in Milan and New York.
1	0	
•		do you come
		Do you speak
		It's raining
		I'm watching
		drive
	-	are you doing, I'm waiting
		Are you reading
		We're having
,	1 a	To assess from
		is carrying
		works
		is doing are choosing
		has
	-	is holding
		are looking
		is putting
		works
		comes
		is studying
		is buying
12	,	
12		are
		are
		Do
		do
	7	

13

7 is

8 does

,	-										
	C	С	F	Т	S	Q	E	F	K	S	F
	0	D	H	Т	Н	D	0	R	1	0	Т
	N	E	Α	S	Y	G	0	ı	Ν	G)	Е
	F	Т	R	0	D	Α	R	E	D	0	0
	1	Ε	D	С	М	D	G	N	F	С	D
	D	R	W	1	F	G	Α	D	Т	S	W
	E	М	0	Α	S	M	7	L	Ε	S	Ν
	Ν	ı	R	В	F	0	1	Y	Н	L	S
	T	N	K	L	В	0	S	S	Y	Υ	G
	F	E	1	E	Ε	D	Ε	0	L	Р	L
	Т	D	Ν	G	R	Y	D	S	Υ	Z	Υ
	E	G	G	C	Н	Ε	E	R	F	U	L

14 a

- 2 cheerful
- 3 easy-going
- 4 organised
- 5 bossy
- 6 friendly
- 7 confident

15 a

- 1 have
- 2 like, please
- 3 owe, That's
- 4 too, size
- 5 What, suits
- 6 this, How

16 Students' own answers

17 a

- 2 thirties
- 3 dark
- 4 casual
- 5 shirt
- 6 jacket
- The text describes the man in the back row, at the end on the left.
- c Students' own answers

UNIT 11

				¹ D	0	N	K	E	Υ	S		
			² D	0	G	S						
³ C	Α	М	Е	L	S							
	⁴ E	L	E	Р	Н	Α	N	Т	S			
			5 W	н	Α	L	Ε	S				
		⁶ C	Н	1	М	Р	Α	Ν	Z	Ε	Ε	S
			⁷ S	Ν	Α	K	Ε	S				
	⁸ H	0	R	S	E	S						

b dolphins

- - 2 lake
 - 3 beach 4 desert
 - 5 ocean
 - 6 forest
 - 7 river 8 sea

 - Ь b 4
 - c 2
 - d 6
 - e 7 f 1
 - g 3

- 2 Up to six metres.
 - 3 Six centimetres.
 - 4 About three kilograms.
 - 5 More than 2.5 metres.
 - 6 20 to 50 times a second.
 - More than 50.
 - 8 13 million.
 - 9 A few hundred.
 - 10 About 500,000.

- 2 5,600
- 3 3,000
- 4 305
- 5 9.6
- 6 253,000
- 7 62,000,000
- 8 247
- 9 2,000,000,000
- 10 963
- 2 six hundred and seventy-five
- three million
- eight point five
- three hundred and forty-eight
- 6 two billion
- five thousand six hundred
- one hundred and five
- 9 three hundred and fifty thousand
- 10 eighty million
- - 2 505
 - 3 700
 - 4 230
 - 5 400,000
 - 6 11,000,000

 - 2 20,000
 - 3 12,000,000
 - 4 200,000
 - 5 1,000,000,000
 - 6 976
 - 7 4,000
 - 8 4.5

- 2 What kind
- 3 When
- 4 Which
- 5 How long
- 6 How many
- How old
- 8 What
- 9 How
- 10 How much

- 2 How many films did he make?
- 3 How long does a football match last?
- 4 Where was the boxer Mohammed Ali born?
- 5 How far is your home from here? 6 What kind of music do you like?
- 7 How fast can a cheetah run?
- 8 What is the biggest ocean in the world?

```
11
                                                                            UNIT 12
    2 did
    3 do
    4 is
                                                                               2 religious holiday
    5 were
                                                                               3 wedding party
      can
                                                                               4 leaving party
    7
      did
                                                                               5 graduation party
    8 was
                                                                               6 birthday party
12
                                                                            2
    2 When do camels stop working?
                                                                               2 He's going to read a newspaper.
    3 How fast can camels run?
                                                                                  They're going to play tennis.
    4 How many humps does a dromedary have?
                                                                               4 They're going to take a bus.
      How many camels are there in the world?
                                                                               5 They're going to go back inside.
      How tall is an adult camel?
                                                                               6 He's going to go to bed.
      How much does an adult camel weigh?
                                                                               7 They're going to paint the ceiling.
   8 How far can camels walk without drinking?
      How often do camels need to drink water?
                                                                               8 They're going to have lunch.
   10 How much water can they drink?
                                                                            3
                                                                               2 What are you going to do tomorrow?
13
                                                                               3 She isn't going to have a leaving party.
   2 How many
                                                                               4 Are you going to have a shower?
   3
      Which
   4 How much
                                                                               5 We're not going to go for a walk.
                                                                               6 Bob and I are going to start a business.
      Which
                                                                               7 They aren't going to come to the party.
   6
      How much
                                                                               8 Why aren't you going to move house?
      How many
   8 How much
   9
      What
                                                                               2 'm going to fly
  10 Which
                                                                               3 're going to get
  11 How many
                                                                               4 'm not going to be, 'm going to be
  12 How much
                                                                                 aren't going to eat
                                                                               6 're going to see
14
                                                                               7 aren't going to go
   2 a lot of
                                                                               8 'm going to stay
   3 much
   4 a few
   5 a few
                                                                               2 It's sunny.
   6 a lot of
                                                                               3 It's hot.
   7 any
                                                                               4 It's foggy.
   8 a lot of
                                                                               5 It's warm.
   9 a little
                                                                               6 It's cloudy.
  10 much
                                                                               7 It's snowing.
  11 a lot of
                                                                               8 It's cold.
                                                                               9 It's windy.
15
   3
                                                                              а
   4 I only have a little time at the weekend.
                                                                               2 foggy
                                                                               3 snowing
                                                                               4 cold
   7 Maria's house has got a lot of bedrooms.
     We don't watch many programmes on TV.
                                                                               5 winter
   8
                                                                               6 spring
   9 /
                                                                               7
                                                                                 raining
  10 There weren't many people at the station this morning.
                                                                               8
                                                                                 icy
                                                                               9
                                                                                 windy
16 Suggested answers
                                                                              10 cloudy
   2 any time
                                                                              Ь
   3 a lot of friends
                                                                               а
                                                                                 3
   4 any food
                                                                               Ь
                                                                                 2
   5 a lot of girls
                                                                               c 8
   6 much coffee
                                                                               d 7
                                                                                 10
                                                                               e
                                                                               f 9
                                                                              g
                                                                                 1
                                                                              h
                                                                                 4
```

i 6 j 5

8 b

	What was the weather like?	Extra information
Chicago	snow, windy	
San Francisco	heavy rain	
Queensland	heavy rain	475 mm of rain in five days
Jerez de la Frontera	hot, sunny	30 degrees – warmest so far this year
The Balkans	heavy snow	
North-east Italy	heavy snow	on Monday and Tuesday
Irkutsk	above zero	first time since last November

9

- 2 don't want to
- 3 wants to
- 4 Does anybody want to
- 5 Do your friends want to
- 6 wants to
- 7 doesn't want to
- 8 do you want to

10 a

- 2 Would you like to join us?
- 3 We'd like to book a table, please.
- 4 Marc doesn't want to stay at home.
- 5 Which film would you like to see this evening?
- 6 I'd like to order a taxi, please.
- 7 We don't want to stay here.
- 8 Would you like to go for a walk in the park?

11

- 2 Lisa's very shy. She doesn't want to go to the party.
- 3 Where do you want to go?
- 4 Would you like to go out for lunch?
- 5 Chris isn't enjoying his holiday he wants to go home.
- 6 What does he want to do after university?
- 7 What would you like to do tomorrow?
- 8 I would like to find another job.

12 a

- 2 tonight
- 3 tomorrow morning
- 4 tomorrow evening
- 5 this weekend
- 6 next week
- 7 next month 8 next year
- 0 II
- 2 tomorrow evening
- 3 next week
- 4 this weekend
- 5 next month
- 6 next year
- 7 this evening/tonight
- 13 Students' own answers

14 a

- 2 Let's
- 3 don't 4 about
- 5 '11
- 2
- 6 Why
- Ь
- 1 b 2 a
- 2 4
- 3 e 4 c
- 5 f
- 6 d
- 15 a
 - 2 Why
 - 3 Let's
 - 4 sounds
 - 5 about
 - 6 don't
 - 7 Shall
 - 8 we
- 16 Students' own answers

UNIT 13

1

- 2 engineering
- 3 geography
- 4 business studies
- 5 science
- 6 medicine
- 7 languages
- 8 performing arts
- 9 history
- 10 information technology
- 11 law
- 12 leisure and tourism
- 13 literature
- 14 economics
- 15 maths
- 16 media studies

2

- 2 doesn't have to
- 3 has to
- 4 has to
- 5 doesn't have to
- 6 has to
- 7 don't have to
- 8 don't have to

3

- 2 Does he have to use a computer? No, he doesn't.
- 3 Does he have to look smart? Yes, he does.
- 4 Does George have to fly the plane? Yes, he does.
- 5 Does he have to serve food? No. he doesn't.
- 6 Does he have to wear a uniform? Yes. he does.
- 7 Do Alizia and Meera have to wear a uniform? No, they don't.
- 8 Do they have to travel a lot? No, they don't.

```
2
       don't have to
    3 has to
       don't have to
       have to
       don't have to
       doesn't have to
       Men have to/don't have to join the army.
    1
       Women have to/don't have to join the army.
       A new driver has to/doesn't have to take a driving test.
       People have to/don't have to go to school when they are 17.
       Schoolchildren have to/don't have to study English.
       You have to/don't have to have a passport to leave the country.
       There has to/doesn't have to be an election every year.
6
    2 c
    3
    4
      e
    6
      f
      h
   8
      g
    9
      i
   10 b
7
   2 for
   3 be
    4 choosing
    5
      in
   6 exams
      get
   8
      earn
8
   2 into
   3
      do
   4 a
   5 'm
   6 interview
      applied
   7
   8 in
   9 earn
  10 degree
   b
   В
      5
   C 1
   D 4
   E 2
10 a
   2 The plane might arrive late.
   3
      You might be rich one day if you work hard.
     I might not be able to come to class next week.
      I might not see Frank this weekend.
   6 Philip might not stay until the end of the course.
      The government might change soon.
     The exam might not be as difficult as you think.
   2 will you do
   3
      We won't be
```

will he finish

Will there be

Will I need

8 she won't pass

6 I'll get

7

12

- 2 There won't be time to stop for lunch.
- 3 We'll see you again next week.
- 4 You won't need your umbrella.
- 5 Sorry, but I won't be at work tomorrow.
- 6 There will be an election soon.
- 7 I might do a course in IT.
- 8 They might not be here at the weekend.

13 Suggested answers

- 2 Tom might go to Italy (for his holiday).
- Sampath won't have time for a holiday.
- Meg will probably go to university next year.
- Tom might not go to university.
- Sampath might get a job abroad instead.
- Meg won't become a doctor.
- 8 Tom will probably work for his father's company.
- Sampath might become an actor.

UNIT 14

2	status
3	attachment
4	smartphone
5	connection
6	a tablet computer
7	chat
8	a voice message

2 a

L	E	Р	Т			
	² M	Α	D	E		
³ L	0	S	Т		-	
	⁴ S	Т	0	0	D	
		Р	0	K	E	Z
	⁶ T	Α	K	E	N	
	7 D	R	I	٧	E	Z
R	l	Т	Т	E	Ν	
⁹ S	Α	1	D			
		¹⁰ C	0	М	Ε	
	¹¹ G	1	٧	Ε	Ν	
¹² K	E	Р	Т			
¹³ T	0	L	D			
	¹⁴ B	Е	С	0	Μ	E
		¹⁵ S	Ε	Ε	Z	
	R 9 S	² M ³ L O ⁴ S ⁵ S ⁶ T ⁷ D R I ⁹ S A	² M A ³ L O S ⁴ S T ⁵ S P ⁶ T A ⁷ D R R I T ⁹ S A I ¹⁰ C ¹¹ G I ¹² K E P ¹³ T O L ¹⁴ B E	² M A D ³ L O S T ⁴ S T O ⁵ S P O ⁶ T A K ⁷ D R I R I T T ⁹ S A I D ¹⁰ C O ¹¹ G I V ¹² K E P T ¹³ T O L D ¹⁴ B E C	² M A D E ³ L O S T ⁴ S T O O ⁵ S P O K ⁶ T A K E ⁷ D R I V R I T T E ⁹ S A I D ¹⁰ C O M ¹¹ G I V E ¹² K E P T ¹³ T O L D ¹⁴ B E C O	² M A D E ³ L O S T ⁴ S T O O D ⁵ S P O K E ⁶ T A K E N ⁷ D R I V E R I T T E N ⁹ S A I D ¹⁰ C O M E ¹¹ G I V E N ¹² K E P T ¹³ T O L D

b past participles

2 have seen

3 've left

4 has written

5 has lost

6 haven't read

've forgotten

8 've checked

4	
	2 has won
	3 haven't had
	4 has played
	5 has been 6 have been
	6 have been 7 have played
	8 haven't won
	9 has scored
5	a
	2 Has, Yes, she has.
	3 Have, No, they haven't.4 Has, No, he hasn't.
	5 Has, Yes, he has.
	6 Have, No, they haven't.
	7 Has, No, she hasn't.
	8 Has, Yes, she has.
_	
6	1 upload
	2 internet access
	3 user
	4 Wi-Fi hotspot
	5 anti-virus software
	6 downloaded
	7 password 8 hacker
	9 virus
	5 11103
7	
	2 Wi-Fi hotspot
	3 hacker
	4 virus 5 anti-virus software
	6 internet user
	7 downloaded
	8 password
	9 access
9	2 5
	2 Scott 3 Gerry
	4 Delvin
	5 Scott
	6 Delvin
10	a
	2 bought 3 been
	3 been 4 met
	5 had
	6 visited
	b
	Ь <u>1</u>
	c 5
	d 3 e 6
	e 6 f 4

```
2 A: Have you ever lost your wallet?
      B: No, I've never lost my wallet, but I have found some money on
   3 A: Have your mum and dad ever travelled by plane?
      B: Yes, they have. They've flown to the USA twice.
   4 A: Has it ever snowed in Saudi Arabia?
      B: No, it hasn't.
   2 Has he ever acted, he hasn't.
   3 Have they ever visited, they have.
   4 Have they ever lived, they haven't.
   5 Has she ever sung, she has.
   6 Has she ever made, she hasn't.
   7 Has he ever been, he has.
   8 Has he ever played, he hasn't.
13
   2 weak
   3 strong
   4 weak
   5 strong
   6 strong
   7 strong
   8 weak
14 a
   2 Can
   3 soon
   4 that
   5 about
   6 wrong
```

15 Students' own answers

7 speaking 8 who's

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